The Fresno Weekly Republican.

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IN THE ICE.

Vessels, With Their Crews, Lost in the Arctic.

THE COGGIN COURT-MARTIAL.

The Blythe Case—Annual Inspection of Company D at Modesto—A Brakeman Shot.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—News from Ounalaska by the steamer Bertha confirms the recent reports of the loss of the three whaling schooners, James A. Hamilton, Otto and Annie. No trace of them has been seen in the Arctic, and it is generally believed that they are lost. The vessels carried about sixty officers and men.

A Fire at the Capital.

SACRAMENTO, July 24.—At 4:30 o'clock this morning a fire broke out near the middle of the block of the Chinese rookeries bordering on China slough. The fire department were hampered in their work by the fact that a number of box cars, loaded with wood, were on the street track. In laying the hose it was necessary to drive between the burning buildings and cars, and so intense was the heat that the fire horse attached to the hose-cart was badly burned. Two lines of hose were almost useless, owing to lack of water. The fire spread so rapidly through the wooden buildings that water was of little use, except in preventing the spread of the flames to Third-street bridge and the cars and buildings on the opposite side of the street. Many Mongolians had narrow escapes, but it was stated that there was no loss of life. Thirty or forty Chinese establishments were burned out. The fire started beneath the Chinese theater, but it is not known how it originated. All the buildings belonged to W. S. Mesick and Charles Smith. Their loss is about $10,000. No insurance. One Chinese merchant had his stock insured for $500. The Chinamen saved nothing from the flames. The white population is glad that this portion of the Chinese quarter has been wiped out, as property-owners will not be allowed to construct any more wooden buildings.

Fierce Grain Fires.

MERCED, July 24.—To-day about 12 o'clock a fire broke out in the Crocker-Huffman Land and Water Company's wheat field, two miles west of town. The ringing of the fire bell soon sent crowds of men in every available vehicle to the scene of the fire to fight the flames. Great clouds of dense smoke rose from the burning grain and the town was soon enveloped in a yellow haze and the air was full of flying cinders. The fire started from some unknown cause near the Malteze Villa and consumed about 500 acres. About 300 acres had just been cut and the sacks of grain were lying all over the field. Six combined harvesters were harvesting the grain and were only saved by running them into the county road, which runs along the railroad track.

Annual Inspection of Company D.

MODESTO, July 24.—The annual muster and inspection of Company D, Sixth Infantry, N. G. C., took place this evening at Armory Hall, and Captain R. E. Murray of Stockton, Adjutant of the regiment, acted as mustering officer. The attendance was larger than expected at this season, 64 per cent answering to their names. Captain Murray congratulated the members of the company for their splendid appearance and for the manner in which the arms and equipments were kept. After the inspection the ladies of Modesto entertained the soldier boys at lunch.

The Seal Catch.

VICTORIA, B.C., July 24.—The schooner Wanderer arrived here from Sand Point this morning with the catches of several British sealing schooners, consisting in all of 1320 skins. A syndicate of four sent the Wanderer to Sand Point for the purpose of securing the catch before entering Behring sea. One catch of twenty-one British and American schooners at Sand Point amounted to 3812 skins.

An Unwelcome Gather.

SANTA CRUZ, July 24.—Some Italians yesterday caught an immense shark of the man-eating species at this point. The fellow weighed six tons, the liver alone weighing 1400 pounds and yielded 120 gallons of oil. The capturing of the monster has caused some of the fair bathers to shiver.

A Libel Suit

SANTA FE, July 24.—A libel suit was filed here to-day against the New Mexican Printing Company by H. P. McKevitt. The suit grows out of an article defaming the character of the latter, which appeared in the New Mexican on June 10th. Damages are claimed in the sum of $20,000.

An Indian Killed.

YUMA, Ariz., July 24.—Captain Jim, a prominent official among the Yuma Indians, fell from a train, near Maricopa Station, Monday, and the wheels passed over his body. The deceased was en route to participate in the annual harvest feast of the Maricopa tribe.

Shot by Tramps.

RED BLUFF, July 24.—Brakeman Jacobson was shot by tramps whom he had put off the Oregon Express, near Vina, to-day. The ball struck the forehead, inflicting a scalp wound. He fell on top of the baggage-car and his face was terribly bruised.

Baseballist Released.

SACRAMENTO, July 24.—Manager Lang to-day released Krehmeyer, first baseman and change catcher of the local nine. The manager said Krehmeyer was too slow behind the bat, and the club could not afford to carry more than ten men on its rolls.

Railroad Superintendent Beaten.

SISSON, July 24.—A. F. George, Superintendent of the Shasta Division of the Southern Pacific railroad, was knocked down at Dunsmuir last Saturday night and terribly beaten by a brakeman named "Baldy" White.

Fruit Shipped East.

SACRAMENTO, July 24.—The California Fruit Union this evening shipped ten carloads of fruit to Eastern points.

Killed by Lightning.

BUTTE CITY, Mont., July 24.—John Moriarity, a section boss on the Montana Central Railroad, was struck by light ning about noon to-day and instantly killed. He was standing near his men, all of whom felt the shock, and two of them fell violently to the ground. Moriarity was struck near the heart, and the electricity followed down his left leg and tore his shoes and stockings into shreds, his watch-chain was burned in two and the cases of his watch were melted.

Dishonorably Discharged.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—The court-martial in the case of Isaac C. Coggin, a member of the Second Regiment band, N. G. C., who has been on trial for disobeying orders in refusing to report for duty on July 4th, has been concluded and the sentence in the case is that Coggin pay a fine of $50 and be dishonorably discharged from the service.

In concluding the verdict the following language was used: "Nothing so serious and startling has ever occurred in the history of the National Guard of our state, as that of a member of the National Guard, which is composed of the organized and uniformed militia of the state, and who are so specially organized and uniformed to assist in maintaining the integrity of its constitution and laws, and are subject to be called into immediate service in the suppression of opposition to law and to put down disorder, should at the behest of any private society (referring to the Musical Union) set those laws at defiance; and it is an offense meriting the severest punishment, and that any man should feel that his present livelihood and ability to follow his profession in the community in which he lives depends upon his obeying the orders of a private society (which in effect required him to violate his duty as a citizen and his oath as a soldier), while it may excite a momentary feeling of sympathy, when discipline is administered it is unworthy of consideration, for the law must be maintained. The safety of persons and security of property in the community depends upon it."

The Blythe Will Contest.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—After a prolonged argument by the attorneys in the Blythe will case, as to the admissibility in evidence of letters written by Blythe to James Perry, grandfather of Florence Blythe, wherein there was a hint at adoption, and the statement that Florence had been provided for in his (Blyth's) will, Judge Coffey overruled the objections and admitted the letters as evidence.

In admitting the letter, however, Judge Coffey said: "It is understood I express no opinion in the matter. I simply allow the paper in evidence." Mrs. Ashcroft was recalled and identified a number of the letters as some that had been written by Thomas Blythe.

Lightning Proof.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—William Sharp, Superintendent of the Oakland Light and Motor Company, while adjusting a wire in the motor circuit to-day claims to have received the full force of 600 volts of electricity, or an amount sufficient to light two thirty-light machines. He was knocked insensible and momentarily paralyzed and his hands were also burned, but he soon recovered. He says he is willing to accept Edison's offer of $100 to any man who can withstand the shock of 100 volts and for $1000 will again experience the delivery of 600 volts.

Compulsory Education for Idaho.

BOISE CITY, July 24.—The Convention to-day decided that compulsory education may be enforced to a certain limit. The Legislature is authorized to regulate the charges of railroad and express companies. The section prohibiting railroads from pooling was stricken out. The proposition against granting free passes to state officials was voted down.

Destructive Forest Fires.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Edward Evans, a commercial traveler, who has just returned from the Yosemite valley, said to-night that the fires which began east of Wawona two weeks ago had destroyed thousands of trees, and that for a time two large hotels in the valley were threatened, but the fire was now under control.

Drowned in the Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—The captain of a tug, which was passing Goat Island in the bay to-day, saw a young man fall out of a rowboat, in which were two other men, and he failed to come up. The captain hailed them and learned that the party had been fishing and that the drowned man's name was Matt Smith.

A Generous Offer Accepted.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—The Regents of the State University have accepted the offer of Colonel C. F. Crocker to bear the expenses of an expedition to Cayonne, South America, to observe the total eclipse of the sun next December. Messrs. Burnham and Schieberle will be sent there for that purpose.

No Prohibition for Washington.

OLYMPIA, W. T., July 24.—In the constitutional convention to-day a report opposing the prohibitory clause in the constitution was adopted.

Bad Weather for Grapes.

PETALUMA, July 24.—There has been more foggy weather here lately than for many years past, causing much mildew among grapes.

The Jury Disagreed.

LOS ANGELES, July 24.—The jury in the case of Charles Scott, charged with the murder of Annie Lebrun, were discharged this afternoon, being unable to agree.

John Smith Dead.

TEHACHAPI, Cal., July 24.—John Smith was thrown from his horse and instantly killed to-night.

A Practical Propaganda.

A nice clean blue barrel with a bright tin cup, standing on the northwest corner of Mariposa and K streets, bears the letters "W. C. T. U." (Women's Christian Temperance Union). The barrel is kept filled with ice water, and was placed in position by the Women's Christian Temperance Union, for the benefit of thirsty passers-by, and to take away, if possible, from the average thirsty man the temptation of going into saloons. The City Council has also agreed to contribute to a portion of the expense.

This is a step in the right direction. The more ice barrels the better.

Three Barefooted Boys.

C. K. Renfro, while coming into this city yesterday, saw three little barefooted boys on the road about six miles from town on the way to the San Joaquin. The eldest of the boys was not more than 11 years of age. Mr. Renfro, suspecting that they were runaways, kindly offered them a ride in his wagon back to town, but they refused to accept the offer. If any families have lost three little boys this item may put them on the right track.

WHO DID IT?

Mysterious Murder of Three Men in Indiana.

CHINESE WHO MAY LAND.

The Floods in Kansas—A Treasury Sensation—Triennial Conclave at Washington.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 24.—It is reported that the bodies of three unknown men, one colored and two white, were found near Whiting Station, Lake county, this morning. The most plausible theory is that they were stockmen passing through with a load of live stock and that tramps on the train murdered them.

A Treasury Sensation.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Star this evening says: The officers of the Treasury have made a startling discovery, showing that a conspiracy has been in operation among those who print Government securities, by which a large amount of fraudulent Government money has been printed and issued. The investigation, it is alleged, disclosed the fact that employes of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing printed the Government notes from plates and dies in the bureau, and have put the counterfeit money in circulation. From the nature of the case the bad money cannot be distinguished from the genuine and authorized issues. It is impossible to state how much has been put in circulation, but it runs up to quite a large amount. Treasury Department officials have no knowledge of the matter, and they discredit the story as altogether sensational.

His Game Wouldn't Work.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Herzog, the so-called vineyard owner from California, who tried the old confidence game at the Grand Pacific Hotel, was a prisoner in his room last night. After his scheme had been discovered, along with a satchel full of bricks, Herzog fled, but returned at 1 o'clock in the morning and attempted to sneak to his room by the back way. A detective espied him and locked him in his room. This morning Herzog, accompanied by the detective, went to a State-street store, where $25 was secured from a friend, and with it he paid his bill, took up his decoy baggage and left.

Floods in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, July 24.—The rains of the last few days in Kansas were heaviest in the small grain sections of the state, where much of the wheat and oats has not been stacked. The damage will be considerable. At Topeka, Kas., a part of the city was flooded by the overflowing of Shunganunga creek. Families were compelled to abandon the lower stories of their houses. At Manchester, Kas., the waters of Mud creek are confined by a dam. The water overflowed the dam and flooded that portion of town. If the dam should break and the water be released the damage would be severe.

Chinese Who May Land.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Solicitor Hepburn has expressed the opinion that there is nothing in the Chinese Exclusion Act to prohibit the landing in the United States of Chinese servants employed on the United States naval vessels at Samoa, and whose terms of service will terminate upon the arrival of the vessels at San Francisco. The solicitor considers that as these men form a part of the working outfit of the vessels, they are exempted from the operations of the Exclusion Act.

A Telephone Suit Decided.

CHICAGO, July 24.—A final decision was rendered to-day by Judge Blodgett in the litigation between the Bell and Cushman telephone companies, the former having sued the latter for an infringement of a patent. A fine of $1 and costs was assessed against the Cushman Company, and it was ordered to turn over all its telephones to the Bell Company.

Papers Before the President.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Among the papers President Harrison has before him, and upon which he may take action while at Deer Park, is a statement from Secretary Blaine, reporting the noted Weil & Labras clause, upon which the government has paid several hundred thousand dollars under a judgment by the Claims Commission, but further payments of which were stopped during Cleveland's administration.

Railroad Officials Arrested.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—A special agent for the state of Mississippi arrived this morning from Baton Rouge with an order from Governor Nichols for the arrest of J. R. Carroll and Edward L. Tyler, railroad officials, and the delivery of the parties to the authorities of Mississippi for arraignment on a charge of aiding and abetting the recent prize-fight.

Burke's Extradition.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, July 24.—This morning Burke's attorney made application to Judge Killam for a writ of certiorari, asking that all the evidence in the case be produced. The writ was issued at once. Counsel also gave notice that to-morrow a rule nisi for a writ of habeas corpus will be asked for. This case will be argued Thursday.

No Decision Arrived At.

CHICAGO July 24.—The proposition of the Southern Pacific Railroad to guarantee the Canadian Pacific six per cent of the Pacific Coast traffic and to abolish its differentials was considered to-day by the Executive Committee of the Transcontinental Association, but no settlement was effected.

A Tour of Inspection.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Lieutenant Wm. A. Clanford of the Signal Service Corps has been ordered to Los Angeles, San Diego and other places along the Pacific slope, on an inspection tour.

Another Trust.

CHICAGO, July 24.—The straw-board makers of the country have formed a trust, under the name of the American Strawboard Company. Twenty-six mills are embraced in the combination.

Triennial Conclave.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The preparations for the Triennial Conclave of the Knights Templar in October are proceeding on a grand scale, and already quarters have been secured for over 20,000 Sir Knights. During the past week commanderies from New York City, Binghampton, Alleghany City, Hampton, Va., Reading, Pa., Marysville, Ky., Evansville, Ind., and Pottstown, Pa., have secured quarters, and in all will bring about 1200 Sir Knights. The question of a competitive drill has not been decided, but will be soon.

Disastrous Runaway.

CHICO, July 24.—The horses attached to the combined harvester of N. B. Scott, near this place, ran away and struck a barbed-wire fence. Four of them were so badly injured as to necessitate their being killed. The horses were valuable stock.

Jackson Gets a Match.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Peter Jackson, the colored Australian champion, has been matched with Jack Ashton of Providence, for a six-round glove contest in the New York circus on the evening of August 8th.

A Concession Made.

CHICAGO, July 24.—The passenger depot of the Transcontinental Association adopted a resolution to-day making a rate of one fare for the round trip for veterans attending the Grand Army encampment at Milwaukee.

A Californian Honored.

KEY EAST, N. J., July 24.—The eighth anniversary of the American School of Christian Philosophy was celebrated here to-day. Among the Vice-Presidents elected is Rev. F. M. Dimmick of California.

Death of the Oldest Priest.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Rev. Father Curley, Director of the Georgetown University, died to-day. He was the oldest living priest in the United States, and so far as known, the oldest in the world.

Arrested for Bribery.

BERLIN, July 24.—A number of naval officials at Berlin and Kiel have been arrested on a charge of wholesale bribery. One of them committed suicide.

Muldoon Rewarded.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Sullivan to-day presented Muldoon, his trainer in his recent fight with Kilrain, with $2500 in recognition of his services.

The Militia Encampment.

Company G had its regular drill last night. Captain Muller urged upon the company the necessity of turning out and drilling regularly, as the members in that regard had been very deficient during the month. Each company must take at least forty-three men into camp at the Santa Cruz encampment on August 10th, or they will not be allowed to go. The members going to the camp will have their necessary expenses paid.

Friends of the members can get return trip tickets, good for eight or ten days, for $8 50. They will leave here at 3 o'clock on the morning of August 10th.

Accident to a Carpenter.

Charles Burdett, a carpenter, while at work on the new passenger depot yesterday, fell a distance of six feet, striking his back on a hard clump of earth. His injuries were so serious that he could not walk, and he had to be carried to his room on I street. Physicians were summoned, and after examination, found the patient's spine to have been injured. Morphine was injected in order to relieve the sufferer of pain.

The New Schoolhouses.

Will the new schoolhouses be ready for occupancy by the time the fall term commences? This inquiry has been repeated many times by interested citizens during the past week, and it is one that the City Board of Education should give their attention to. The two new buildings must be finished and furnished before the children can be provided with proper accommodations.

The New Swimming Baths.

All the brick-work for the new swimming baths on the corner of Mariposa and N streets has been completed, and a force of men are now at work cementing the sides and the floor. Work on the building will be commenced as soon as the lumber is hauled down from the mountains, which is expected in a few weeks.

A Watermelon Tea.

A "Watermelon Tea" was the occasion of the assembling of a few friends of Dr. and Mrs. E. Freeman at the family residence on Elm avenue. The melons, which were of unusual size and luciousness, were the product of the Doctor's ranch. The evening was much enjoyed by those present.

Give Them as They Come.

Why did the Evening Obstructionist omit its sought-for and granted interviews with Judge Sayle, Judge Wolcott and a dozen other good citizens, whose opinions were obtained but suppressed? It probably held them over a day or two in order to so alter them as to make them favorable to its cause.

The New Belmont School.

The new public school-house in the Belmont School District is nearing completion. The roof is on, and yesterday the carpenters were at work putting up the bell steeple. This morning the lathers will commence work on the interior walls of the building. The contractors expect to have all their work completed by August 20th.

Divorced.

Dixon L. Phillips came over from Hanford yesterday and had Judge Campbell enter a decree of divorce for Sarah E. Henderson against Hiram B. Henderson. The decree was granted on the grounds of failure to provide. The parties formerly resided in Centerville, and were married at Milleton in 1871.

To Foreclose a Mortgage.

C. L. Walter has filed a suit against Carl Lulz, W. L. Malcolmson, Mrs. W. L. Malcolmson, M. J. Donahoo, T. E. Hughes, C. Aug. Weihe, Ives Brandenstein and the Los Angeles Evening Express Company, a corporation, to foreclose a $12,640 mortgage on block 73 in this city.

Fiske is Sued This Time.

T. G. Yancey filed with the County Clerk yesterday a suit against J. D. Fiske to foreclose a mechanic's lien for material furnished in the construction of the building on lot 11, block 61, on I street. The plaintiff asks judgment for $550.27 and costs of suit.

RAISIN GROWING.

What it Costs to Maintain a Vineyard.

THE PROFITS AND EXPENSES.

An Interesting Interview With A. D. Barling, the Well-Known Vine-Grower.

Much has been said and written by real estate agents and others as to the cost and profit of vineyards in this county, where the raisin grape can be grown with the greatest success, but a good deal of what has been said is exaggerated and misleading.

Many people believe from these statements that it requires but very little to start and take care of a vineyard until it comes into full bearing, and for the purpose of disabusing their minds of this error a REPUBLICAN reporter yesterday interviewed A. D. Barling, a well-known vine-grower of this county.

A PRACTICAL TEST.

Said Mr. Barling: "I have planted 330 acres of vines for myself and others, and I kept a close account of planting and maintaining a vineyard for three years.

"We will take, for example, 160 acres in the Malaga tract, because a very accurate account has been kept of the expenses. In January, 1887, I began to improve this 160 acres. The land was in stubble and had not been settled with water, and it was fairly level and could be classed as choice land for irrigating. It was in good shape to take water generally. I did not level or grade any of it.

"I plowed in the stubble and harrowed it, and then planted the vines and watered it. The better way to have done, however, would be to 'settle' or wet the land, plant the vines and wet the land again. I planted the vines ten feet apart each way with avenues every 200 feet sixteen feet wide, and I put plenty of ditches throughout the vineyard so as to use an abundance of water.

"I have found that where I use the most water I have the thriftiest vines, as they need a good deal of water in this hot and dry climate.

"I have prepared a statement of the cost per year for the first, second and third years. This cost includes all expenses except the cost of the land and interest. This cost is made up of headgates, ditches, irrigations, plowings, second plowings and cross plowings twice each year, cultivating twice each year, and harrowing and cross-harrowing, together with two harrowings the first year. Pruning in the second year is in addition to this, and pruning, digging around the vines, clearing off brush and sulphuring in addition to the work enumerated in the first year for the third year.

THE COST.

"The cost for the first year is $360.35; for the second year, $315.16; for the third year $320.20.

The cost for the third year is almost equal to that of the first, for the reason that the cost of burning and clearing brush and sulphuring more carefully and harrowing is added.

"The total for the three years is $10,-121.71, or an average of $63.25 an acre for maintaining the vineyard for three years. There is no charge for superintendence or overseeing figuring in the estimate given above."

"How much would the overseeing cost?" was asked.

OVERSEEING AND PROFITS.

"It would cost a person who did not choose to oversee all the work at least $1800 for the three years, making the cost $71.50 an acre.

"It takes money to plant and care for a raisin vineyard, and although it is a good thing, it is best to tell the truth to people about to invest, so that they may know what capital is necessary to carry on the successful production of raisins.

"This 160 acres is now in bearing. The receipts this year will pay for the labor of gathering and for the trays, sweat-boxes and so forth, and a little more. In the fifth year you can reasonably expect a net profit of $100 an acre with raisins at the present prices, or $16,000 for the 160 acres."

HER FLESH ROASTED.

Miss Tucker of Oakdale Fatally Burned by Exploding Kerosene.

The bright and pretty little 10-year-old daughter of George Tucker was burned to death at Oakdale last evening at 5:40 o'clock, says the Stockton Mail.

Her mother had left the house to visit a neighbor, and had ordered the girl to prepare supper. It is supposed that in laying the fire she put the kindling on live coals, thinking that it would start. Then, seeing that the fuel had not caught, she picked up a five-gallon can of coal oil and poured the kerosene directly from the can into the stove. An explosion followed, the flame having run up into the can, and her clothing was ablaze with burning oil in an instant.

The only other person in the house at the time was Miss Davis, a lady of 18 years, who was the aunt of the unfortunate girl. She started to the aid of her niece, but, appalled at the sight, sank to the floor in a swoon.

The blaze in the kitchen of the house was seen at once, and a man ran to ring the alarm bell. George Tucker (father of the child), who is a freight clerk at the Southern Pacific depot, stopped out of his office on hearing the alarm and asked the man where the fire was. On being told that it was his own house he ran to the scene and saw his daughter in the yard, whither she had run from the burning kitchen. He smothered the flames and took her into the front part of the house, knowing that the flames in the kitchen would soon be extinguished.

The girl cried repeatedly for water to drink. Dr. Endicott, who was called to attend her, said this indicated that she had inhaled flame and could not live. But the certainty of death was concealed from the sufferer, as her dread of death seemed to outweigh even her intense pain. She asked again and again if she must die, and was cheered by the doctor assuring her that she would recover.

Her condition was pitiable. The flesh all over the body had been actually roasted. When pressed with the hand it fell from the bones.

The little one was kept under the influence of morphine until 10 o'clock last night, when she died.

For $20,000 Damages.

A suit for $20,000 damages was filed against F. E. Knowles, Abel Hasmer and H. W. Blanchard, a company owning the granite quarry near Raymond, yesterday by C. C. Lyons. Lyons was employed as a work hand at Raymond by the company last year, and on the 1st of December, while he was engaged in loading six tons of granite from the ground on to the cars, one of the hooks fastened to the block and tackle broke, letting the granite fall on his foot, injuring it so badly that amputation was found to be necessary. Immediately following the accident, Lyons was brought to this city and was confined in his room for many weeks at the Southern Pacific hotel.

WHITE LABOR.

How It is Treated by Farmers in the Eastern States.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: I noticed a communication in your valuable paper of the 22d inst. (signed "A Friend to White Labor") relative to the white labor question, and in it he endeavors to show what vineyardists require of white men who work for them. In his article occurs the following:

"Now, if white men propose to do our work they must show a willingness to do so by coming and offering their services. * * * The greatest inconvenience that vineyardists have in hiring white men is the board and sleeping of the men employed."

In the first instance, if an Eastern farm hand should offer his services, it would be with the expectation of doing good work, but the writer gets to the point very quickly in the latter paragraph. Right there is the difficulty, for men can be had from the East, each of whom could do the work of three Chinamen.

But in the East the farm hand is treated as a white man; for instance, he is provided with a good, clean bed in a very comfortable room. He is allowed to eat of the good things of the land and of the same quality as the landlord and his family, good butter, milk, potatoes, coffee, meat, etc. From what I have observed and heard in California the first "pointer" the white man gets when going to "offer his services" is, "Have you your blankets?" Then follows: "You can sleep anywhere on this 160."

Here is the first round and "willingness" comes up "groggy" for the next round. Then comes the meal which is cooked by a dirty heathen, and here is the bill of fare at some places: Molasses, poverty potatoes, (butter none, only for family), mutton (extrayed from the ark), coffee (chicory), milk (sour). Actually I know of a place where the Chinaman was ordered to put sour milk on the table for the men's coffee. Beef ("bully"), and about every meal the same bull and rain would come up after being mangled by a Chinaman, and each time "alice samo stew;" bread stale and unfit to eat. Facts these in the case of many places where white men must come "with a willingness to do."

There have been men from the East at the vineyards in this state that could have worked six months in the vineyards and have mastered the details and have a splendid knowledge of vine culture, and have been able to understand their employers and converse intelligently upon vine culture. You cannot keep them in barns with horses as you can the off-scourings of Europe and China.

Don't jump out of your collar now and say, "Do you expect us to take our white labor into our parlors, to commingle with our families?" Though in many instances such is the case in the East, and "John," the white man, goes to church in the family carriage, yet I do not say such is expected of you, but the far superior hand to your present ones is a white man, and he only wants to be treated as one of God's intelligent beings—as a laborer worthy of his hire.

EASTERN FARM HAND.

HE WAS DAR.

How a Darkey Made His Presence Felt by Miss Neeley.

Charlee Heath, a colored man in the employ of the bath house, sat in Justice Wolcott's Court yesterday waiting for the arrival of the Court to fix the amount of bail necessary for his appearance to stand trial for battering Eva Neeley, a colored woman. He was sent to jail in default of $200 bonds.

Heath is said to be a steady, hard-working darkey, but he has one weakness, and that is for the ladies.

"Yo' see; Eva she took attached to me and I took attached to her. Das de way it was. I works hard and I gib her money whenever she ask it, but when I comes dere de udder night she picks up a plank and hits me wid it ober de han'. Den I gwino away an' I cum agin las' night an' she hit me wid a broomstick ober de head an' arms. Den I showed her dat I was dar, an' I hit her, shuah, boss. Yes; I did hit her."

"They say that her face was all black where you hit her," remarked a bystander.

"Huh! Huh! Her face was born black. Huh! Huh! She couldn't be white nohow." The idea amused the darkey immensely.

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE.

The New and Tasteful Residence of City Engineer Shepard.

In addition to the many handsome residences that adorn the eastern part of the city, there is now going up on Q street, between Mariposa and Tulare streets, a residence owned by City Engineer Shepard, that when finished will compare favorably with the elegant residences on that street. The house will be two stories high. The main foundation, including the front and rear porches, is fifty feet long by thirty-eight feet wide. There will be five rooms, including a library and sitting-room 15x17 feet, a parlor 15x16 feet, a dining-room 14x18 feet, and a large kitchen, besides closets, pantries, etc.

A hall six feet in width will extend through the entire length of the house. In the front corner of the library and sitting-room will extend a large bay window reaching up through the second story to the roof.

The building will be modeled throughout after the latest style of architecture and will be supplied with many of the conveniences that make a home comfortable. The residence when completed will cost $5000. Kiggins & Rehorn are the contractors.

The Tulare Presbytery.

The Tulare Presbytery stands adjourned to meet with the Kaweah Church, on Friday, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., next preceding the first Sunday in September, 1889. Preachers and sessions will please take notice of the time and place. A full representation is much desired. Let every church and Sunday school send a representative without fail, and every preacher be sure to come. The settled pastorate, as against the shifting supply system, will probably come up for discussion.

L. R. BOND, S. C. and T.

VINDICATED.

Major Cummings Proven to Be an Honest Man.

"A MALICIOUS PROSECUTION."

J. D. Fiske Must Pay the Costs—He Is Rebuked by the Jury.

"That was a splendid verdict that the jury gave Fire Marshal Cummings in his trial last evening," said a prominent citizen to a REPUBLICAN reporter.

"Yes," was the response, "it was just such a verdict as should be rendered every time when an honest and faithful official has performed his duty. I am heartily glad of it. It was a verdict of reward of merit."

A CAPSELESS ARREST.

The trial alluded to was that of Fire Marshal Cummings, who was arrested on complaint of J. D. Fiske, who charged him with petit larceny in having, it was alleged, taken without Fiske's consent a lot of boards and blocks of wood from the alley at the rear of Fiske's building known as the bowling alley, situated on I street.

WHAT FISKE DID NOT KNOW.

Fiske on taking the stand became very red in the face. He said that he did not know that Cummings was Fire Marshal, notwithstanding that he had lived in Fresno continuously for two years past.

He thought that he might have some time been an officer, as he had a faint remembrance of his once sending in his resignation from an office, but what it was he could not tell.

He was asked numerous other questions concerning the Fire Marshal, but his ignorance of them was as dense as his answer to the first question.

A MATTER OF DUTY.

Henry, Fiske's colored porter, said that he had hauled the lumber away himself, and that negro Haines hauled off the rubbish under instructions from Cummings, who is also Street Superintendent.

G. A. Wallov, a carpenter employed by Fiske, testified that he had not noticed any lumber at all in the alley, although he had worked on the building.

Further questions put to the colored men, Henry and Haines, elicited the fact that Cummings was not present when the lumber or rubbish was hauled away.

IN THREE MINUTES.

The jury were out about three minutes and they returned with the following verdict:

"We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty. We recommend that the costs be assessed to the complainant, J. D. Fiske, and we also state that the complaint was made through malice and without provocation.

Signed, W. J. DICKEY, Foreman."

A VICTIM OF MORPHINE.

Mrs. F. H. Pray Attempts Suicide in the Hospital.

Mrs. F. H. Pray, variously known as Mrs. Bancroft, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Wainwright, etc., but whose true name is as first stated, was again arrested by Officer Atkinson last night for drunkenness. Mrs. Pray, whose relatives are very well known people of San Jose, was arrested a day or two ago by Officer Benjamin and booked for medical treatment.

She is a confirmed user of morphine, and last night in the Receiving Hospital suffered great tortures because she could get none. So intense became her sufferings that she rose and turned out the gas and then turned it on again, with the evident intention of suffocating herself. The smell of the escaping gas, however, attracted the notice of the attendants and her life was saved. Later she took a sheet from the cot on which she was lying and wrapped it all around her neck and head, in order to choke herself.

This action was also discovered in time. During the night she was begging for morphine. Mrs. Pray says that several years ago she went to New York to be surgically treated for a stiff-knee joint. The physician at that time gave her morphine, and since that time she has been in the habit of using it regularly. Her friends sent word that they would call for her and take her to her home in San Jose.—S. F. Bulletin.

Mrs. Pray and her husband formerly lived in Fresno. Her husband was at one time Chief Clerk at the Hughes hotel.

A SHORT BATTLE.

A Colored Star Made to Twinkle in Very Short Notice.

A prize fight to a finish was arranged by Charley Kimball, of the Club House, Santa Monica, Saturday evening. The pugilists were George Abbott, a youth of 18 years, and a negro named Star. The fighters stripped at about 120 pounds. Shortly after the 5 o'clock train pulled into Santa Monica, a number of sporting men, together with a few politicians and society people, assembled in a rear room of the Club House. Charley Kimball was chosen referee. Abbott seconded by Donovan, and the Ethiopian by a sport named Wray. Al. Berry was selected as time keeper.

The pugs entered the ring stripped to the waist. Abbott, after a little sparring, caught the negro in the short ribs, which sent him to the floor. This was disastrous for it took all the "starch" out of the African. A little skirmishing followed and Kimball called time. Star wanted to throw up the sponge before time was called for the second round. He was persuaded to get the center after the expiration of sixty seconds. Abbott was on the spot to meet the negro, when the former let go with his left and caught Star on the left eye. This sent the colored lad to grass and the fight was given to Abbott. The "contest" was with skin gloves.—Los Angeles Express.

ABOUT COTTONWOODS.

A Variety That Is Equal to Redwood for Lumber.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN—Dear Sir: A recent editorial in your paper in favor of planting cottonwoods for lumber needs these additional statements:

The cottonwood of the San Joaquin Valley—populus fremonti—is of no commercial value except for fuel.

The cottonwood, whose lumber is being found so valuable in the East, is an entirely different specifies—populus monilifera—made up of several varities, two of which are being grown here under the name of "Carolina Poplar." In my catalogue, published in THE REPUBLICAN office eight years ago, I said of the best variety of this tree: "According to Professor Sargeant's report on botany for the census of 1880, this tree grows to a height of 100 feet, with eight feet diameter of trunk. My neighbor, Richard Ray, Esq., a gentleman well acquainted with the value of this timber in its perfection in the forests of the Southern States, says of it: 'It more nearly fills the place of redwood in yield and quality of lumber than any other tree of that part of our country.'"

Ten years ago I imported a lot of cuttings from the finest forest of trees in the United States, on Taylor Creek, N. C., and at that time the gentleman who got the cuttings wrote me that a Yankee company had gobbled up the best of the timber and had started six big sawmills to working up the forests into lumber. Some varieties of this species are not valuable, but the best variety has a form like a pine, running up in a tall, straight trunk, and here on my place sometimes growing twelve feet in a single year.

W. A. SANDERS.

Sanders Postoffice, Cal.

THE TWO SIDES.

That Taken by the Expositor and That by The Republican.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: As a citizen of Fresno and the head of a family I have not been a disinterested spectator of the fight waged on the part of THE REPUBLICAN against lewd women and hoodlums, a fight that has been resisted on all occasions by the Expositor.

For more than a year on divers and sundry occasions I have seen with mingled feelings of admiration and astonishment THE REPUBLICAN battling in behalf of law, order and morality and the Expositor, at the same time, doing everything possible to thwart its efforts and defend the criminal element of this city.

It is strange indeed that a public journal like the Expositor should pursue such a course.

Can it be denied that the Expositor has defended and upheld in every way possible, without jeopardizing its own existence, the vicious element of Fresno?

Let the facts speak.

When THE REPUBLICAN began its fight against the dancehouse in Chinatown, where did the Expositor stand? It was either silent as the grave or throwing cold water on the efforts of THE REPUBLICAN by sneering innuendoes or open disapproval.

But the nasty nest was broken up, and THE REPUBLICAN was justly entitled to its share of the credit for doing so. It is hardly necessary to allude to the Expositor's action in the matter of the Democratic primaries last summer. That is fresh in the minds of all.

Without undertaking to enumerate all the instances wherein THE REPUBLICAN has espoused the right and the Expositor the wrong, I will come down to recent events.

THE REPUBLICAN drove May Ellis out of a respectable neighborhood. The Expositor did nothing but object or find fault with THE REPUBLICAN'S methods.

I have neither time nor the patience now to give my views of the sentiments expressed by some citizens as published in the Expositor, but I will invite them to peruse the "Conspiracy" article in last evening's issue, and to ask them if they don't think that they lay themselves liable to be looked upon by the vicious element as their defenders.

Fresno, July 25. TAX-PAYER.

ABOUT PRUDERY.

What a Lady Has to Say on the Republican's Methods.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: Having noticed the unjust criticisms in the Expositor, alleged to have been uttered by "Indignant Citizens," we offer the following thoughts upon the subject. While we very much respect and esteem the gentlemen mentioned, we must say we do not agree with them in condemning you. To say that exposing a crime is advertising it is a very erroneous idea, for supposing that your paper never mentioned it, would it not still be known? People would naturally wonder who occupied rooms in such a public place as the Phillips building. Some innocent party might go there for rooms, and it is nothing but justice to the public to warn them, and it is not right to shut our eyes and accept the situation, for the minds of our young children are not poisoned by knowing that such things do exist, but in not knowing how and where to avoid them.

Suppose that right in the center of the town should exist a deep pit covered with beautiful flowers, would it be dealing fairly with the children should we give them no warning of their danger, and let them perish from willful neglect?

No mother ever fails to warn her children of bodily danger, then why not warn them against moral and social evil which are much more to be dreaded?

It is all very well to talk about young men and women being so innocent in regard to such matters, but in reality, there are but a very few that do not know that there is something wrong with the positions in society which those people who live in Chinatown occupy.

Why not do away with this false modesty? Let the fathers talk to their boys against such evils by explaining and exposing the dangers that exist in such places.

Mothers, teach your daughters to shun all gentlemen associates who are known to leave those dens of vice and walk into your parlors with an unblushing assumption of innocence.

If there was an epidemic disease in our town how grateful we would feel to the paper or any other parties that should warn us against exposing ourselves to the disease.

Still more thankful should we be for the warning given to the children whose parents are too timid and reserved to give it to them. If parents would do their duty more thoroughly in training their own children against all kinds of vice there would be less occasion for so much warning to be given by our champion newspaper. We may be severe, but nevertheless we are thoroughly in earnest. M. M. W.

Fresno, July

The Fresno Republican

PUBLISHED EVERY

FRIDAY AFTERNOON

—BY—

Short & Shanklin.

TERMS:

For Annum in Advance..... $2.5
Six Months, " $1.5
Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.

WHAT has become of Homer? Is he dead?

IF you don't get THE REPUBLICAN you don't get the news.

THE REPUBLICAN tells the truth and shames the Devil and the Expositor.

THE Democrats are unhappy because Blaine will neither get sick nor resign.

HOW MANY more fires will be necessary to start the machinery of the law?

ONE wooden building may be the means of destroying a block of brick ones.

THE Oklahoma settlers seem to be living very quietly, notwithstanding the Examiner specials.

H. B. SLATIN, the great contractor, says the Panama canal is to be completed by a new company.

THE time has come when this question must be decided: "Shall the people or the toughs run the town?"

SAN FRANCISCO authorities have placed electric lights all through Chinatown. Each light is worth two policemen.

THE highest price received for fruit in the Chicago market this week was for that from California and Georgia.

WILL the police run the disreputables out of town, or will the citizens be again forced to rise and defend themselves?

MERCURY is the labled god of thieves. Wonder if that has had anything to do with Ed. Vincent's proprietorship of the Madera Mercury?

THOSE officials who now want to arrest the prize-fighters, but did not do so when they had the sloggers within their grasp, do not evince sincerity.

A TELEGRAPH cable from San Francisco to the Sandwich Islands is a necessity great enough, it would seem, to attract the favorable attention of Congress.

WITH wine selling at 15 cents per gallon at the wineries and 10 cents per glass in restaurants and cafes, the vignerons can hardly expect to successfully and thoroughly introduce their wines.

PARNELL has concluded that it is useless to fight against a newspaper, and has withdrawn his suit against the Times. "Me too" Borack has withdrawn his suit against the Bee.

THE Stockton Mail is greatly in error when it states that bituminous rock pavement and asphaltum are synonymous. The pavements and the methods used in making them widely differ.

IS THERE anything now wanting to convince the police authorities that most of the recent fires are the work of hoodlums and vagrants revenging themselves for having been driven away a year ago?

WHAT has become of that railroad between Stockton and Fresno upon which grading was to have been commenced within thirty, sixty, or ninety days? It must have got lost somewhere about Fourth and Townsend streets.

GENERAL WOLFLEY of Arizona, has discovered that on account of Governor Zulick's Democratic administration, a deficiency of several hundred thousand dollars exists. Cleveland was to say the least unfortunate in his selection of territorial officers.

TWENTY women unmercifully whipped a wife-beater in Wyoming. Now if some one will smash the baggage-smasher and whip John L. Sullivan, justice may once more be appropriately represented with sword at rest and tin balance perfectly poised.

WE learn from our various exchanges that the recent fires in Fresno were the result of defective flues, wooden buildings, wooden sidewalks; matches, cigar stubs, carelessness; spontaneous combustion, lack of water, hose and engines; fire bugs, smouldering ashes, and rats.

THE Supreme Court, in deciding that the Sharon heirs are entitled to a new trial, states that the findings were not warranted by the evidence. This will probably bring the case to an end, as time has made the procuring of better evidence impossible.

THE American Grocer says that the demand in New York for California fruit in glass jars far exceeds the supply. As long as fruit is brought from New York to California, so long will the proper packing of fruit be profitable here. There is always room in the markets for the best.

DR. HARKNESS, of the Academy of Sciences, who was sent to investigate the mysterious vine disease of southern California, reports that it is not the result of fungi. He offers no Suggestions as to the nature of the disease, and is apparently as much in the dark in regard to it as the rest of the "experts."

A NEW Minnesota law provides that murderers shall be hanged between 1 and 4 o'clock A. M., and that newspapers shall publish only a bare announcement of executions. A murderer was hung in Little Falls Friday, however, and the newspapers contained full details. It is impossible to muzzle the press in free America.

EDITOR GREEN of Colusa may yet live to see irrigation adopted in the land of silurians and large wheat fields. The Colusa district last week voted in favor of issuing bonds to the amount of $600,000. Think of it! Green induces Colusa to irrigate! It is as great an achievement as Nasby scored when he got his postoffice.

A LAW has been passed in New York compelling railroad companies to equip all their cars with automatic couplers. This is a very just law, and should be adopted by every state in the Union. Thousands of railroad employes are inexcusably maimed or murdered as a result of the use of the old-fashioned link and pin car-coupler.

THE Southern Pacific Company refuses to pay taxes upon their lieu lands, and we believe they will be upheld by the law. The company, however, exacts rents from those who occupy the land, and as long as this is done, the company should be compelled to pay the tax. The holding of these lieu lands without applying for patents is probably a trick to defraud the government.

DID THEY ALL SUBSCRIBE?

THE REPUBLICAN has it, upon what we consider very good authority, that one of Fresno's truly "good" citizens went about the streets a day or two ago soliciting sums of money for the benefit of "Miss Ellis." And the same authority also informs us that one of the Expositor's "indignant citizens" contributed $3 to the fund. If any of the other "indignant citizens" wish to be noticed for similar charity THE REPUBLICAN will give proper mention to those leaving their names at the business office.

THE orange land along the streams in the eastern part of Fresno county can now be had for a very reasonable price. There are orange groves there which are now seventeen years old, and which every year produce large crops. They are nearly all seedlings, and the crop is worth from $500 to $1200 per acre. L. C. Waite, of Riverside, reports that his budded trees yield the third year in orchard, $1.50 per tree; the fourth year, $4 to $5 per tree, or from $300 to $375 per acre; eight year old buds, $10 per tree, or $1125 per acre. James Howitson, of Riverside, has a six-acre orchard of seedling orange trees that netted him $1000 an acre last year and $1200 an acre this year. His trees are sixteen years old. A. P. Johnson, also of Riverside, has twenty acres of orange trees that have netted him $800 an acre for three years. His trees were planted eight years ago. We might multiply instances almost indefinitely, but this is enough to show that orange-growing is exceedingly profitable. Much of the orange land in the Fresno foothills is under canals, and can be had for from $25 to $100 per acre. It will within five years probably be worth $500 per acre.

FRESNO CITY, with a population of 12,000, and many substantially constructed brick buildings, has but two fires engines. When a fire occurs in the suburbs, both engines are sent to cope with it. This is in itself correct, as wooden buildings burn very rapidly, and with two engines difficulty is often experienced in preventing the fire from spreading over a large territory. The business portion of the city, however, should not be left unprotected. Two more engines should be provided, and one of them should be a Babcock, or other chemical engine. The principal thing in case of fire is promptness. Chemical engines cannot be relied upon to furnish a great amount of fire-extinguishing fluid, but they are always ready for action, and the time spent in unreeling hose for the ordinary engines may be profitably employed in extinguishing a blaze which, if allowed to gain headway, could not be controlled by three or four engines. This matter is respectfully submitted to the attention of the City Trustees.

THE Sacramento authorities are alarmed because Redding proposes to empty its sewage into the Sacramento river, water from which is used by the citizens of Sacramento. The residents of the capitol city seem to make a distinction between different degrees of nastiness. The sewage of several cities have been drained into the Sacramento river for years, and the citizens of Sacramento, "like the unfeathered fledgelings of the nest, when the old bird comes home with bugs and flies, have opened wide their mouths and shut their eyes, and simply murmured, 'Drop her down.'" If they have concluded to cease consuming sewage and slime, they are to be congratulated. The real situation, however, seems to be that they decided to draw a line somewhere, and concluded to draw it at Redding. Stockton empties its sewage into a back-water slough, where it works, and bubbles, and breeds disease. Part of it is washed away when the tide goes out, but the citizens of Antioch catch it, pump it into tanks, and drink it for water. And they will violently resent the intimation that the water isn't pure. Nothing but the glorious climate of California prevents the introduction of cholera.

CANADA does not possess a clime so inhospitable as most people suppose. It contains more fresh water than the United States, and the temperature of Hudson's Bay averages three or four degrees higher than the water on the southwestern shores of Lake Superior. Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota are as far north as portions of Canada, and are very prosperous states. Wheat-growing is rapidly being abandoned in the United States for more profitable crops and fruits that can only be grown in a semi-tropical climate. Canada, on the other hand, has more good wheat-growing land than the United States, but the climate is not suitable for the growth of semi-tropical fruits. That these two English speaking people will eventually be joined under one government, seems not only possible, but probable. It would be a league against which no other power in the world could take a stand.

THE San Bernardino Times-Index suggests that as the Senatorial Committee on irrigation is being so generously aided in its endeavor to secure statistics as to the practical working and results of irrigation, the fact that the matter is of national interest and importance is now established. It therefore suggests to the people of the western half of the United States that a National Arid Land Convention be called to meet in Los Angeles during the month of February next to consider the question of government aid to reclaiming arid lands. The suggestion is worthy of adoption. The Committee could gain more practical knowledge at Fresno, however, than elsewhere, as the members could find more illustrations of what has been and what may be accomplished by means of irrigation. And that is the end sought.

THE profits of growing and packing raisin grapes has attracted the attention of capitalists everywhere throughout the state, and within the next few years no doubt some very large vineyards will be planted. A company has recently been formed with a paid-up capital of $66,500, for the purpose of purchasing 320 acres of land near Porterville, which will be planted with the raisin grape.

SUIT has been brought against the City of San Francisco by a man who claims that his health was damaged by being imprisoned in the City Prison, the atmosphere in which was foul and calculated to endanger health. A grand jury recently visited the prison and reported that the ventilation and sewerage were very imperfect. This has strengthened the claimant's case, and that he will obtain a sum of money in recompense seems assured. This is eminently proper. A condemned man does not lose his right to humane treatment nor forfeit his right to breathe pure air.

TELL it in every state in the Union—California needs a competing transcontinental railroad. And there are millions in it.

ENGLISHMEN the world over will hear with regret that Queen Victoria is to abdicate the throne, and will be still less pleased to hear that the duties of the office are to be assumed by the Prince of Wales.

BROOM corn, like nearly all other plants, grows more luxuriously in Fresno's rich irrigated soil than in any other known portion of the world. Yet brooms are imported. Fresno should have a broom factory.

IT is a well-established fact that the insects which have destroyed so much fruit in the coast counties do not thrive in the interior. Mildew, so common in counties subjected to the influence of fogs, is entirely absent in the San Joaquin valley.

J. M. STEWART, of Downey, reports that he has had fig trees in bearing for the past eight years, and that he has never received for the crop less than $380 per acre. Seven-year-old fig trees in the rich soil of Fresno county ought to yield fruit to the value of $425 per acre if but $50 per ton is received for the fruit.

MUCH of the Lugonia Citrograph stock is owned by parties who own the great Bear Valley dam. Hence the Citrograph denounced THE REPUBLICAN for stating that the dam was insecure. The Los Angeles Tribune of a late date says: "A new dam, to secure the safety of the old one, is being put in lower down the creek by the Bear Valley Company.

THE editor of the San Bernardino Courier was to have read an essay at the last meeting of the Southern California Press Association, upon "The Amenities of Journalism." The editor did not attend the meeting, but had a quarrel with the business manager, and was when last heard from, hunting for him with a shotgun.

THE Interstate Commerce law should be enforced or repealed. It is a well known fact that the Southern Pacific Company pays no attention whatever to the law. The citizens of every town on the road should be entitled to freight rates based on the distance, and not upon its inability to avoid paying such rates as the company may see fit to impose.

WE are surprised to find the Alta arguing that the low price of wheat is due to the fact that the present administration is Republican. It would be equally as sensible to hold the Republican party responsible for the low price of wine. The conditions which regulate the price of wheat are, however, so well understood by the public that the Alta's sophistry is harmless.

THE Register complains of the devastation of fruit in Tulare county by mocking birds, and states that they are shot by the score, in spite of the law. The mocking bird is very seldom present in numbers sufficiently great to be of material damage to orchards. It is one of the best native songsters found in the United States, and should by all means be protected. They command from $5 to $50 each in the bird stores.

THE worth of storage reservoirs is demonstrated by the fact that the greatest flow of water in streams occurs in January, diminishing gradually until September, when it increases until January. The need for irrigation is least in January, and increases gradually until September, when it diminishes again until January. Surplus water thus exists when there is no immediate use for it, and should it be reserved until such time as it is needed.

THE forming of trusts in the United States by English capitalists has become so general as to attract attention. The beer, twine and sugar trusts have reached tremendous proportions. The latest article to be included in the list is salt. London journals state that English capitalists, attracted by the prosperity of protected American industries, recently combined for the purpose of making profitable investments in America.

A MEMBER of the Grand Army of the Republic, it is said, first suggested that the United States flags hould be kept floating over schoolhouses. The suggestion was well received in the East, and the United American Mechanics of San Francisco have asked that it be adopted in San Francisco. There's a touch of patriotism in it that pleases, and grows with familiarity. Let the glorious stars and stripes float o'er the Courthouse and every school building in Fresno.

FIGURES recently published by the Bureau of Statistics at Washington show that the consumption of distilled liquors is only about one-half as much per capita as it was fifty years ago. Nearly twelve times as much malt liquor, however, is now consumed. The reports show that the amount of liquor consumed per capita in the United States, including wine, malt, and distilled liquors, is very nearly twelve gallons per annum.

MRS. A. P. ARNOLD, who resides on Fig Avenue, three miles west of the city, suggests that the farmers and fruit-growers should hold meetings at least bi-monthly, with a view of exchanging views as to methods and markets. This is a matter worthy of the attention of all farmers, whether they raise wheat, make raisins, or dry fruit. There is much to be gained by co-operation, and much to be learned by listening to the detailed experience of others, who have dealt, perhaps, with different soils, surrounded by unlike circumstances.

AN irrigation company was formed in Stockton several years ago for the purpose of procuring water rights, building dams and irrigating canals, and selling water. Several members became timid and refused to pay for the stock for which they had subscribed, and the courts were appealed to to settle the matter. The Supreme Court has recently decided that the signers were bound by the agreement, and must contribute the amounts agreed upon. The citizens of San Joaquin county, forced by law to irrigate, will recognize, within a few years, the great importance of irrigation.

WANTS TO RETURN.

May Ellis and one of her women, both of whom were injured in escaping from a house of ill-fame in Chinatown on the morning of the 12th, wish to return to their former abode on south M street. Friends of the injured women have endeavored to obtain permission of THE REPUBLICAN for their return, during the past few days. THE REPUBLICAN could not grant such permission, though it might be ever so willing. The county provides quarters for unfortunates who are unable to care for themselves.

The new hospital buildings are among the best to be found in the state. A good physician is paid to look after patients, and is provided with an ample number of assistants, both male and female. "Miss" Ellis seems to have many friends in the community, some of whom we know to be leaders of what is termed our best society. If any of these friends choose to invite Miss Ellis and the other woman to their home until such time as they feel disposed to go upon the town again, THE REPUBLICAN will withhold any comment. The leading lady (pardon the present use of the word) has friends and relatives in Valparaiso, Ind., who would no doubt render her valuable assistance did she but let them know her present embarrassment.

THE REPUBLICAN is unwilling to undo its good work of a few weeks ago, however.

THE County Treasurers have all paid into the State Treasury the taxes for the fortieth fiscal year. The rate of taxation was 10 and 25 cents less on the $100 than it was the previous year. Thirty-one of the counties paid in less during the past year than they did in the previous year. The deficit in some instances was remarkably large. San Francisco, for instance, shows a reduction of $109,321, and the deficit in other cases range between $24,480 and $2802. Of the counties that increased payments, San Diego leads, Fresno being second, with a gain of $42,355.86, and Tulare third, with an increase of $17,736.95. These figures prove conclusively which portions of the state have shown an increase in taxable property.

FOR the improvement of rivers and harbors in Central California this year the sum of $525,500 has been appropriated, as follows: Improvement of San Joaquin river, Stockton and Mormon slough, $115,000; Sacramento and Feather rivers, $48,000, Petaluma creek, $28,000; Humboldt harbor and bay to finish training wall, $337,500. The improvement of rivers and harbors aids navigation and develops trade. By cheapening transportation it increases taxable property. It is just as proper for the government to make surveys for the location of storage reservoirs, with a view of aiding in the establishment of irrigation systems.

THE fact that the Southern Pacific Company has recently announced its intention of at once building a branch road from Oakdale to Sanger, and from Newman to Bakersfield, possesses little interest for our people, though both roads will pass through the county of Fresno. The residents east and west of the present road will have additional railroad facilities, by paying enough for them, but it will merely be a change from one oppression to another. The San Joaquin valley needs competing roads. None other will give relief.

THE Wright law is one of the most important ever passed in the state. Agriculture, horticulture and viticulture are the most important industries in the state, and their importance depends in a very great measure upon irrigation. Irrigation systems have never been more economically or satisfactorily managed than they may be under the Wright law. The issuing of bonds, payable in twenty years, gives the farmer ample opportunity to pay for the cost of irrigation with the increased profits which will result from irrigation.

PAPERS published in non-irrigated sections are fond of telling of the miasmatic influences which are supposed to be present in all irrigated countries. Fresno county is peculiarly fortunate in that there is a hardpan within twenty feet of the surface, and water percolates through the soil for miles on both sides of canals. Thus thousands of acres are furnished moisture without the use of small ditches, and there is no stagnant water. There are very few vineyards or orchards irrigated in Fresno county after the first or second year.

ANY work henceforth performed by the government tending to aid in the establishment of irrigation systems will be an improvement upon the apathy hitherto manifested in regard to that most important factor if interior development. However, the work should have been mapped out on a still broader scale, and the rivers of Central and Southern California should have been surveyed, as well as those of Nevada and Northern California.

THE damage resulting to the orange groves of Southern California from the ravages of the cottony cushion scale may be realized when it is stated that J. de Barth Shorb has an orchard which formerly yielded $12,000 worth of fruit per annum, and that last year the income was reduced to $256. The Australian lady-bugs have, however, destroyed nearly all the scale, and the trees are assuming their old-time vigor.

HOD-CARRIERS in Manchester, New Hampshire, receive but $10.50 per week. In Concord, in the same state, they are striking for $12 per week. Hod-carriers seldom receive less than $2.50 per day in California, and frequently receive $3. They were paid $4 per day during the boom period in San Diego, received $3 per day last summer in Fresno, and in several portions of the state are now demanding $3.50 per day.

IT is with pleasure that THE REPUBLICAN refers to the sermon of Rev. H. G. DeWitt, D. D., delivered in the First Baptist Church of this city to a very large congregation last Sunday morning. We commend it to a careful reading by all of the "indignant citizens," who are howling at THE REPUBLICAN instead of directing their abuse where it properly belongs—to the Police Department.

WHEN the new depot is completed a room should be set aside for the permanent exhibit of Fresno county products.

"Who killed Cronin?" is a greater question than "Who struck Billy Patterson?"

JOHNSTOWN sufferers are abroad in the land, and promise to be as plentiful as survivors of the battle of Shiloh.

ALL prisons and reform schools should have farms attached, where the prisoners could obtain exercise and be subject to the ennobling influence of agricultural pursuits.

THE economical propulsion of vessels by the ejection of jets of water below the water line seems to have been well established. This is an important invention, and will add much to the wealth of the world.

MISS C. W. BRUCE, of New York, it is said, has given the sum of $50,000 toward the establishment of a telescope in Southern California. She has probably been in Los Angeles, and desires to aid the citizen in searching for a better world.

LABOR never gains friends by stepping aside from the paths of justice. The man who burned the saw mill at Prosser Creek because the proprietor employed a Chinese cook, committed a heinous crime, without bettering their condition, or establishing the truth of their arguments.

THE California Fruit Union sent sixteen carloads of fruit East yesterday. This looks like a market was being established. California fruit has become so popular in Chicago that two firms have gone to law in order to ascertain who had the prior right to purchase it from the Fruit Union.

THE Indianapolis News sees divinity represented in the prize-fighter, and indulges in the hope that representatives of the "manly" art will by example be enabled to establish the habit of using fists in the settlement of quarrels. This reminds one strongly of the Expositor's method of how not to bring about reforms.

THE Alabama man, who was hanged and subsequently resuscitated is still under sentence. The law decreed that he should be "hanged by the neck until dead." The sentence was, therefore, never completed. There are no "fine points of law" whatever involved, notwithstanding the attempts of the Associated Press agents to weave about the circumstance a web of romance.

THE white vegetable gardeners of Los Angeles claim that their business is about ruined by the Chinese. That even the wealthiest people give the Chinese preference for a paltry 10 per cent. The Chinese do not expend more than 25 per cent of their earnings here, sending the balance to China for rice, shoes, hats, clothing and dried meats. The white man expends his money in America. It is an old, old story.

THE honest man fears no censure, and views with serenity the condemnation of the guilty. Disreputable people feel that there is a time when they must aid each other, and they huddle together in the haunts of sin, comforting each other as the blind leads the blind. The newspaper that is fearless for the right can afford to exult over the denunciation of men and women whose offenses against society have made them subjects for criticism and condemnation. The truth is mighty and will prevail.

SITTING BULL undoubtedly committed many murders, and was responsible for many more. That he was brought back to the United States and allowed to live, at the expense of the Government, proves conclusively that the outbreak was instigated by lawless whites. This is the almost universal history of Indian outbreaks. The Apaches would not now be in Florida if it were not for the indisputable fact that many of their deeds was the result of dishonesty upon the part of white border ruffians.

THE Kern County Gazette, in commenting upon an article from THE REPUBLICAN upon the unjustness of the methods pursued by insurance companies, reminds us that an attempt to regulate insurance matters was made during the last session of the Legislature and was promptly defeated. The Gazette adds that "The Legislature is the last place in the world to hunt up honesty." The editor of the Gazette, who was a member of the last Legislature, exhibits a surprising acquaintance with the methods pursued by the boodlers.

POSTMASTER GENERAL WANAMAKER has informed the public that the Government has been paying the telegraph companies 10 cents a word for messages, while many private corporations have paid but 1 mill. This is a matter of great importance, and the public will be surprised to learn that the Government pays ten times as much as wealthy corporations, and the people ten times as much as the Government, or 100 times as much as the members of wealthy companies. Mr. Wanamaker has greatly benefitted the public by the mere mention of the fact, as that is one move toward reform. Ten cents a word for the poor man, and 1 mill for the rich! The telegraph companies should now by law be forced to reduce their rates to 1 mill per word. This would insure such an increase of business that the companies would receive a greater net income, while the public would be benefitted in a like ratio.

FRESNO is to-day the most important city in the great inland empire of the San Joaquin valley. It will undoubtedly be the third or fourth city in the state. It is exactly in the center of the state, the surveyor's stake being within the city limits. Less than thirty years ago it was unsafe for a man to vote the Republican ticket within the county, but time has brought about wonderful changes, and with the introduction of railroads, telegraph lines and intelligent newspapers, the Democratic majority has been constantly decreasing. Within a few years the county will be overwhelmingly Republican. The importance of the city and county, and the good work done therein for the Republican party demands attention. The next Republican State Convention should be held in this, the great future Republican and commercial city of the plains. The suggestion is respectfully submitted to the tender consideration of the State Central committee.

C. B. HARTON'S AFFIDAVIT.

C. B. Harton, of the Expositor, has been traveling around with a racy affidavit in his pocket sworn to by one of his female associates, which is causing great amusement to his friends. It is said to be very spicy. He told several people of his own kind that he intended to publish it in the Expositor. It has not been published yet. Another affidavit lies perdu, so to speak, in a certain safe in this city with reference to the criminal record of a certain newspaper man in Colusa county and in Oakland, together with certain depositions in re blackmail, etc., in which a prominent newspaper man of this city is the principal.

Mr. Harton should publish his affidavit if only upon typewriter or from a Sacramento job office. It would sell a good many copies of the Expositor.

AT LARGE AGAIN.

The "bad-man-with-a-club" from Tennessee is at large again in the editorial arena of Fresno. He killed the Morning Democrat with his "club-with-blood-on-it" policy, and has kindly consented to perform a like service for the Evening Obstructionist. But, then, it ought to be killed, however, for being a stumbling block in the path of the city's progress.

A CORRECTION.

"I do not consider THE REPUBLICAN fit for my house, and do not allow it to go there."—Senator Goucher, in the Evening Obstructionist.

The Senator is in error. The publishers do not allow THE REPUBLICAN to go there, and if the Senator will consult the date of his last subscription receipt he will probably remember why the paper was stopped.

BAD NEWS.

Miss Alma of the Phillips building said to a visitor the other day that she was determined to hold the fort, and that there would be five or six divorce suits in Fresno before THE REPUBLICAN could force her to leave the respectable neighborhood of North J street.

This will probably be bad news for several of our "indignant citizens."

A SUGGESTION.

"I don't read THE REPUBLICAN at all, sir."—R. G. Glenn, in the Evening Obstructionist.

Mr. Glenn should get some one to read the paper for him. If he doesn't get THE REPUBLICAN he doesn't get the news.

THERE is attached to the feat of making a desert habitable an interest scarcely less than that which would accompany the discovery of a land hitherto unknown. In the East, where the rainfall is more than is needed, there is an aversion to the investment of money by the Government in aid of irrigation, notwithstanding the incalculable increase of taxable property which would take place as an immediate result. As the public domain contracts and the population increases, the subject acquires a growing importance. There can be no doubt whatever that millions of persons could earn comfortable support in irrigated regions from soil that is now practically valueless. The successful irrigation of such tracts, however, would involve the outlay of such vast sums of money that private capital is not likely to be invested. Hence if it is to be accomplished in any other way than by the very slow progress of successive generations, it must be undertaken by the Government. Individuals will avoid such sections while other lands may be had, and thus the development of what are by virtue of exemption from rainfall the choicest portions of the Union, will be indefinitely delayed. By the inauguration of irrigation systems under the patronage of the Government, however, valuable property will be developed, the people may acquire wealth rapidly, and the Government will be financially embettered.

THE New York Tribune says that the man who carries his umbrella horizontally under his arm, outrages the proprities and endangers the optics of his fellow man; hence he ought to be shot. Californians, upon the other hand, think that a man who is compelled to live in a country where it is not safe to venture out doors without protection from the weather, is entitled to the tendrest consideration.

WHEN the curtain of sleep has fallen over California, the brilliant eye of the iron horse is flashing out across the deserts of Arizona or Nevada.—El Verano Whistle.

At a thousand dollars a flash.

F. E. Callisch returned from a business trip to San Francisco yesterday.

County Auditor Bramlet returned yesterday from a visit to his family at Pacific Grove.

A. M. Drew went to Pacific Grove yesterday, where he will remain for a couple of weeks.

I. N. Pattison and E. Shamp went to San Francisco yesterday. Mr. Pattison will be absent several weeks.

J. T. Goodman offers his raisin crop for sale. Packers will do well to look at his advertisement.

Attention is called to the advertisement in to-day's issue of Mrs. Brown's lodging-house on I street, over the City Bakery.

The annual camp-meeting of the Christian Church will commence in Aubery valley on September 6th, lasting about ten days.

Ex-Mayor W. C. White, of the Stockton planing mills, one of the most enterprising merchants of the city of windmills, is spending a few days in this city on business.

Jesse Morrow has resumed control of the well-known Morrow house in this city, for awhile known as the Southern Pacific hotel. Mr. Morrow is too well known as a successful hotel-keeper to need any introduction to Fresno people.

Mrs. Cora L. Hall was yesterday paid $5000, in full of the amount of the insurance on the life of her late husband, E. Hall, whose death occurred in Georgia nearly a year ago. The insurance was made through Burks & Clark, local agents of the Home Benefit Insurance Company.

Frank H. Ball leaves on this morning's overland train for San Francisco, having spent the past week here looking after his extensive vineyard. Mr. Ball expects a big raisin crop this season, and he will doubtless realize his highest expectations if proper care and cultivation of his vineyard count for anything. He will return about August 15th.

Came In to See Us.

W. T. Lyon, of the Selma Irrigator, was up to the county seat yesterday, and called to pay his respects to THE REPUBLICAN. Come oftener, brother Lyon.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Dan R. Miller Goes Upon the Bonds of Marshal Barker.

The City Council met at the usual hour, Clark, Tombs, Cole, Albin and Clerk Dennett being present. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

A petition was presented by Mrs. H. W. Snow and Mrs. E. R. Colwell, representing the Women's Christian Temperance Union, asking that an appropriation be made by the city to aid in paying for the maintenance of a barrel of ice water on the corner of Mariposa and K streets, for public use. The sum of $15 per month was appropriated by the Board for that purpose.

FIREMEN'S BADGES.

The members of Hose Company, No. 2, petitioned the Board to appropriate money for the purchase of firemen's badges and belts. The Chief Engineer was instructed to purchase the articles named.

A telegram from Judge Budd of Stockton was read, stating that J. H. Bartlett, formerly Marshal of Fresno, had been judicially declared insane. The office was thereupon declared vacant.

John A. Barker asked that he be appointed Marshal, and his request was granted.

The following named gentlemen qualified upon the bonds of J. A. Barker in the sums following their respective names: G. H. Bernhard, $2000; Richard Heddinger, $2000; J. W. Collman, $2000; Edward Faure, $2000; A. C. Williams, $3000; N. Tunzi, $1000; T. L. Rued, $3000; T. A. Bell, $1000; D. R. Miller, a saloon-keeper, over whose place one of the faro games runs; Martin Denicke, another saloon-keeper, $2500.

The resignation of F. M. Smith, as Sewer Commissioner, was read and accepted. S. B. Tombs was appointed to fill the vacancy.

A POWDER MAGAZINE.

A communication from the Fire Marshal was read, calling attention to the existence near the corner of H and Tuolumne streets of a powder magazine. He recommended that it be removed, but stated that he was powerless to act in the premises, and that an ordinance should be passed covering such cases. Attention was also called to the existence of many wooden buildings within the fire limits, and rubbish in the alleys and upon sidewalks.

He presented an ordinance amending an ordinance, regulating the matter.

The City Attorney said that such houses could not be removed by law, except by having them condemned by law. The Street Superintendent said that that was just what he wanted to see done.

The ordinance was referred to the City Attorney for examination.

MORE CRIMINAL CARELESSNESS.

The Street Superintendent also stated that he had found between 300 and 400 pounds of powder stored contiguous to a board partition, on the other side of which was several hundred tons of hay. The parties who owned the powder had promised to build a magazine, but the Superintendent thought there should be no delay in the matter.

Action upon the proposals for paving J street, from Fresno to Tulare, and for the paving of Mariposa street, from Front to K, was deferred for one week.

The report of the City Recorder for the month of June was read, stating that he had collected for fines the sum of $92.50. The report was accepted.

An ordinance regulating water companies and the supply of water was read and laid on the table for one week.

The ordinance presented at the last meeting regulating the construction of buildings within the fire limits was read. After considerable discussion as to its provisions, it was amended in minor detail and passed.

SEWER COMMISSIONER TOMBS.

The City Attorney instructed the Trustees that the Sewer Commissioner should have been appointed by the President of the Board, and the act indorsed by the other members of the Board. Mr. Tombs was then appointed accordingly.

An ordinance relating to the construction of buildings within the fire limits was amended so as to exclude the use of adobe as a building material.

The salary of the Sewer Commissioner, it was agreed, should be $1 per day when the Commissioner was in actual service. The City Attorney was instructed to draw an ordinance with provisions regulating the matter.

Fresno Engine Company No. 2 asked for badges, and the Chief Engineer was instructed to purchase them.

The petition of Mr. Kohler, for a liquor license, was read and the request granted.

Acting President Clark reported that Mr. Robinson had agreed to make the work upon the City Pound satisfactory to the Trustees.

The Street Superintendent reported that he had notified the street railway companies in regard to the fixing of tracks, and the companies had not yet responded. He asked what course he should pursue in order to compel the companies to construct proper crossings. The City Attorney was inclined to think that the company could be forced to comply with the ordinance.

Trustee Tombs asked the Marshal whether the Palace Swimming Baths were in possession of a license. He replied that they were not. The City Attorney was instructed to look into the matter.

Trustee Cole reported that he had rented a house adjoining the City Hall for the use of firemen. The report was accepted. Adjourned.

Thanks From the Firemen.

At a meeting of the Board of Delegates of the Fresno Volunteer Fire Department, held July 22, 1889, a vote of thanks in behalf of said department was unanimously tendered the First National Bank for their contribution of $200; the Fresno National Bank for $100; the Fresno Loan and Savings Bank for $200; and Thos. E. Hughes for $50; also Kutner, Goldstein & Co. for ten cots, with mattresses, blankets, pillows, etc., donated for the benefit of the department during the past week.

J. E. WILLIAMS, Chairman.
LEO F. WINCHELL, Sec'y.

Into the Ditch.

Mr. Maxey, the real estate man, has a horse that he has driven to nearly all the fires recently, and the intelligent animal has got so that he goes at a very brisk gait when headed toward a big blaze. Last Sunday evening Mr. Maxey was out driving with his wife and child when the fire occurred in the western part of the city. At the railroad crossing the electric light shone full in the face of the driver and also blinded the horse, for that animal trotted gamely into a ditch full of water, thereby giving the occupants of the buggy a thorough soaking.

Lester Cross Dead.

Lester Cross, the father of Drs. L. E. and S. N. Cross, died at his home in this city on Saturday last in his 87th year. He was a native of New York and was by profession a lawyer. He had been an active member of the Masonic fraternity for sixty-five years.—Stockton Mail.

An Irrigated Crop.

Frank Fanning has a 30-acre water melon patch in the Bank of California tract. The crop is a good one, and he seems now in a fair way to realize a handsome profit on his crop, having made arrangements to dispose of his melons at $1.50 per dozen delivered on the cars at the Fresno depot.

WHITE LABOR.

What Vineyardists Require of Men Who Work for Them.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: I have read with interest in the column of your valuable paper a great deal in regard to the labor question of Fresno county, and encouraging the hire of white labor. Now, if white men propose to do our work they must show a willingness to do so by coming and offering their services, and after being employed, show a desire that they wish to do their work thoroughly, neatly and tastily.

The greatest inconvenience that vineyardist have in hiring white men is the board and sleeping of the men employed. To obviate all this I would suggest to the young men of the country who are depending upon daily labor for their existence, for six, eight or ten to go together, prepare their camping outfit, pitch their tents, and go to work.

When we hire Chinamen we have to furnish them a place to pitch their tents, and also the brush from our orchard for fuel. We go to the nearest railroad station and haul their blankets and cooking utensils to the ranch, and when we are done with their services we haul them back again and pay them from $1.35 to $1.40 per day for their labor.

We can afford and are willing to pay a white man $1.50 per day, and do all the above favors that we do for Chinamen besides, provided that we can get white men that will do an honest, good day's work, and will be careful in picking and laying the grapes upon the tray. We want good judgment in picking such bunches that are ripe, and we want men that will pick off all inferior berries that may be on the bunch. When we can get white men that will do this, and when it becomes an established fact that we can depend upon white men to do our work, every vineyardist will build a small cook-house and equip it with cooking utensils and furnish it to such men as will do our work.

A FRIEND TO WHITE LABOR.

FRESNO, July 22, 1889.

Malignancy.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: In its squirming to get out of the hole in which THE REPUBLICAN has placed it, in regard to the recent controversy about the evident lawlessness of the city, the Expositor descends this evening to the lowest of all low arguments to bolster up its ready position. Without a scintilla of justice on its side, and smarting under the shadow of defeat, it attacks the animus and personal character of THE REPUBLICAN. Any fair-minded man can see it at a glance. The reported interviews with "loading citizens," "business men," "ranchers," etc., to my mind are carefully prepared dialogues between the attaches of the Expositor themselves. At all events, the sentiments of the community are with the law-and-order people, the progress of the city, and THE REPUBLICAN as the champion and exponent of both. A Biblical quotation that attracted a good deal comment in New York City, the first year of the war, was:

"Fear not, Abraham, for I will be thy strength and thy exceeding great reward."

Why not, in this instance, paraphrase it, REPUBLICAN? You have put your hand to the plowshare. Falter not, and stay not your hand. Right-minded men and their's are with you, and the coming years of Fresno county will call you "blessed." ANOTHER SUBSCRIBER.

In the Courts.

George Mansfield, known all over the state as "Old Mansfield," was up before Justice Hogue yesterday to answer to a charge of drunkenness, and of creating a disturbance in Chinatown last Sunday night. He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to ninety days in jail on the charge of vagrancy and a like number of days in the same institution for disturbing the peace.

Wm. McFarland and John Jones, the young men who were arrested last week in Chinatown on a charge of having no visible means of support, will be tried before Justice Wolcott next Thursday at 2 P. M. and 10 A. M. respectively.

Neils L. Hojer, a native of Denmark, was naturalized by Judge Campbell yesterday.

Justice Wolcott sentenced Jack Ross yesterday to forty days in jail on a charge of vagrancy. Ross has heretofore been living in houses of ill-fame in Chinatown.

The trial of George Friedell and J. J. Welch, hangers-on in Chinatown, was held before Justice Hogue yesterday and the case was taken under advisement until this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The man have a lot of new pocket knives, the possession of which they failed to give a favorable account.

J. McSweegan, arrested for disturbing the peace in Chinatown last Saturday, was yesterday fined $7.50 by Recorder Prince.

The case of Amy Potter against Dr. Gardner, the dentist, for damages sustained by alleged improper drilling into the plaintiff's front tooth, was set for trial by Justice Hogue yesterday for to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Constable Frazer started for Toll House last evening, to arrest a man named J. L. Brouiner, who is charged with stealing gold and silver watches from William Beck of this city last Sunday. The stealing is alleged to have taken place during the absence of Mr. Beck and his family from his house.

William Betteridge has begun a suit in the Superior Court against S. N. Griffith and R. B. Johnson, to recover $3657 and the costs of the suit, for extra labor and material furnished in the construction of the Temple Bar block.

The attorneys in the Willet Gates perjury case closed their testimony for the prosecution at noon yesterday. As the defense have many witnesses to be examined it will take several days yet before the case is given to the jury.

Reuben Goin, colored, charged with entering the residence of Mrs. Nancy Cranes last week with intent to commit burglary, was discharged by Justice Hogue yesterday for want of evidence.

C. G. Anderson, a resident of Central Colony, was brought up before Justice Hogue yesterday on a charge of having caused the four runaways that occurred on Mariposa street last Monday afternoon. He pleaded not guilty and gave $50 bonds for his appearance for trial, which is set for July 25th at 10 A. M. The case will be tried by a jury.

Attracts Attention.

Fres

FOUR FIRE BUGS.

Anonymous Letters Received Yesterday.

Declared by the Toughs.

Threaten to Burn the Town in Revenge.

Witnesses Against Walter Belding Being Quietly Spirited Away.

From the Daily of Saturday.

Since the recent fires several persons have received anonymous letters warning them that another attempt will be made to burn the city. One received by Cummings & Higgins, the grocers, a few days ago, has been already published in THE REPUBLICAN.

TWO MORE LETTERS RECEIVED.

Justice of the Peace Hogue and THE DAILY REPUBLICAN office each received a letter yesterday morning, making additional threats of the same purport. Both letters are written with lead pencil, and at first sight appear to be in the same handwriting, but a closer inspection shows that they are the work of two different persons.

The letter to Judge Hogue is printed on the letter head of Harvey & Wiener, land and insurance agents in the Grand Central Hotel building. It is enclosed in one of the Grand Central Hotel envelopes, and is postmarked "July 17, 4 P. M."

It will be observed that while the note is dated "July, Tuesday 15th," Tuesday was the 16th of the month. The following is a copy of the communication:

A WARNING NOTE.

"Fresno, Cal., July, Tues. 15, 1889.
Judge Hogue.
Dear Sir,
I give you warning. To night we will go to do our work. There is Four of us we was Fired out of town a year ago. me and my Partner have made it up in our minds to get Even with the town To night we do our work North of Mariposa st we was treated like dogs a year ago they attempted to kill us In a few days we are going to give you a mother round We Intend to burn the town down this is my bussness I live on the Other side of the track and I dont Intend to be taken Alive if I shud hapend to be caught I write this to show to town that have all been set and me and my Partner did it all and when we are Fired out of town this time it will be for some thing and not for n nothing as I was before Revenge we wand that we will have we wud not harm The Grand Centrel Hotel but Every body els may watch out we will give you a nother round in a few days lookout I am to smooth to be caught so good bye.
"I will be at the Grand Centrel at a Certan hour to-morrow don't think any thing about this Papper and anvelop.
"I was in your Court Room to be tried
I am P Deat a gainst you.
"I sign no name. — — — —"

FROM THE FIRE-MAKER.

The letter addressed to THE REPUBLICAN is written on a half sheet of plain note paper, and dated "July 18, 1878." It is enclosed in a plain white envelope, bearing the postmark "July 19, 2 A. M.," and the address, "REPUBLICAN office, Fresno City."

The following is a copy:

"FRESNO, July 18, 1878.

"REPUBLICAN:

"Will you Please Notify the merchants in and near Fresno opera house to look out for fire we warn Russ House but they did not take Heed also fire will occur among Residents on K and L street if we are watch to close we will be compell to use a fire boom men that were arrested are innocents of all crime we left after the fire and return to day on 11.50 train.

"Respt

"FIRE MAKER.

"P S will take place about the 22 or 23."

If the writers of these letters are not incendiarists it is difficult to fathom their motives. It certainly is not gain, and it is a little too serious to be a joke, for in that event the perpetrator, if caught, would be very liable to be given an opportunity at the end of a rope to explain the point of his alleged humor.

NO MOOD FOR TRIFLING.

The people of Fresno are in no mood for burnt cork antics. But there would be no fun for the jokers even if they could not be detected. The only inference that can be made as to the identity of the writers is that they are incendiarists or cranks.

Judge Hogue says that he will give $100 to the writer of the letter sent to him if he will give his name.

The business part of the city is now well patrolled by private watchmen, and it will be very difficult for the firebugs to go on with their hellish work so far as that part of the city is concerned. Watch-dogs and shotguns will be good guards in the residence portion.

THE VAGS MUST GO.

The public pulse is beating more quickly every day.

The demand made by THE REPUBLICAN the other day upon the Police Department to drive out the pimps and other vagrants has not yet been heeded. It is true that some of the Constables have arrested several vagrants, who are mostly all strangers. For this the Constables are deserving of praise, but the Chinatown and other pimps and hard characters remain.

It cannot be that they are all being utilized by the detective force of this city as stool pigeons. If so they have proved themselves to be very unprofitable, and the protecting arm of the department should be taken from around their necks and they should be made to emigrate.

But they remain. The lethargy of the Police Department is inexplicable. Such inefficiency or criminal unwillingness to arrest violators of law and menacers of the peace and property of the community are the cause of riots and Vigilance Committees. These outbreaks occur only when the people lose confidence in the authorities to protect them.

Out of the ashes of the next incendiary fire that takes place in Fresno will spring the people, armed and determined to take the law into their own hands and to rid the town of the gang that threatens it.

A BIG REWARD.

The insurance compact offer a reward of $500 for information that will insure the arrest and conviction of each and every person guilty of setting a house on fire.

THE REPUBLICAN offers a reward of $100 for information that will disclose the identity of and lead to the arrest of the author of the anonymous letter signed "Blaker," published above.

The insurance firm of Tadlock & Shepherd yesterday cancelled all their risks on Chinatown property and on the houses of ill-fame inhabited by white women.

A well-known real estate agent of this city says that while on a visit to Chinatown a few days ago on insurance business he made his way into a room in a bagnio in which he found a white woman and four white men smoking opium.

A DANGEROUS DELAY.

Among the first of the incendiary fires that have disgraced this city within the past four weeks was that which occurred in a building near Chinatown, occupied as the saloon of Walter L. Belding, an ex-convict.

It will be remembered that Belding purchased a stock of liquor on credit, from a San Francisco firm. On the day before the house burned down Belding insured his stock of liquor for $800, with the agency of Tadlock & Shepherd in this city. This circumstance, coupled with others of a still more damaging character, led to Belding's arrest and to his being held to answer before the Superior Court, for arson.

MARTIN BATES.

Belding had associated with him a woman who purported to be his wife, and a worthless jack-of-all-trades named Martin Bates. Shortly after the fire Bates left on the north-bound train, and displayed several $20 pieces before he left.

MARTIN BATES WANTED.

It was reported a few evening ago that a man who was arrested for disturbing the peace, had told one of the police officers that Bates received $220 for setting the place on fire. As Belding and his alleged wife were the only persons interested in the insurance, this statement, if verified, would not help him any. But there is great danger that Belding may escape punishment after all. Three weeks have gone by since he was held to answer, and during that period Belding's friends have been hard at work suppressing evidence. It may be many weeks yet before his case will be called for trial, and by that time witnesses may have left the state and all important evidence may have been removed.

Belding has influential relatives. His father is a wealthy ex-Mayor of Stockton.

Justice demands that Belding should be brought to trial without the least delay. Should he escape his just deserts the people will once more lose confidence in the cumbersome machinery of the law, which seems to work to the advantage only of criminals and of their attorneys.

SHE WENT FOR HIM.

A Jealous Lover Receives a Beating at the Hands of His Girl.

Edward O'Neill, an employe at the paper mills, who lodges in room 15 of the Western hotel, saw his girl out walking with another man last night. His eyes turned green. Later he called on the girl and her mother opening the door he began;

"Is Mamie in?"

"No, sir."

"Where is she?"

"I don't know."

"Well, I'll find out!"

He started off in search of the young lady and chanced to meet her on Center street. Her companion had gone in another direction, their evening walk having ended. O'Neill, it is said, called her vile names, made indecent remarks and slapped her on the mouth. She picked up a stick of wood from a pile of the sidewalk close and went for him. He fled. She stood guard at the entrance to his hotel. He tried repeatedly to slip in, but she was too vigilant for him. Besides, seven or eight young men gathered to help her watch and to see the fun. Finally she caught O'Neill and dealt him several hard blows with the stick. In the encounter she lost her breast-pin and had her basque torn.

It is proper to remark that the young lady's hair is red.—Stockton Mail.

HOODLUMISM.

A Member of the Gentle Sex Exposes an Evil.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: There are quite a large number of young men in this city who spend most of their evenings in driving about the city in their buggies. During the warm weather I, in common with most ladies, seek the front door yard during the evening to get a fresh breath of air. I am sure I would not stay out of the house any longer than I believed proper if the present circumstances did not warrant it. But what I wish to say is that several times during the past two weeks these gentlemen make it very unpleasant and embarrassing by staring, laughing and commenting on those whom they chance to meet. If these persons would only take into consideration that they have mothers and probably sisters who would dislike being subjected to comment, I think they would refrain from continuing as they are now doing. E.

Fresno, July 19, 1889.

Almost Drowned.

The little 4-year-old daughter of Mrs. Elmer Stewart, who resides on Fourteenth street, near the Presbyterian Church, startled her mother, about 5 o'clock last evening, by running into the house and in an excited manner exclaiming, "Baby was dead." Mrs. Stewart hastened to the little girl, aged 16 months, and found that she was lying on the ground in a comatose state, her clothing being wet through. Mrs. Stewart administered remedies and summoned Dr. A. J. Hart. By the time the physician arrived the little girl commenced breathing, and in a short time was fully restored.

The little girl who rescued the baby says the little child was playing with a cup and small bottle at the half barrel, partially filled with water, and losing her balance fell into the water, the head being entirely submerged, while the feet were in the air. The little girl, with presence of mind far beyond her age, grabbed her sister by the feet and pulled her out of the water before giving the alarm. To-day the little ones are in their usual spirits.—Modesto News.

He Kissed the Bride.

Recorder Prince yesterday united in marriage Jacob S. Hughes and Miss Annie Davis, both of Fresno. After having pronounced the fateful words that riveted two hearts until death or divorce should part them, and after having pocketed the golden fee the Recorder called to the departing couple:

"Hold on! you've forgotten something. You ought to salute the bride."

Mr. Hughes blushed like an angel as he delicately bestowed a husband's kiss upon the lips of his fair bride. Someone remarked that the Recorder should also "do the grand." The Recorder's turn came to blush, but he mustered courage and saluted the bride with that grace and precision, which have made him so popular with a good many young ladies of this city.

Danger in Wine.

The danger of venturing into large wine tanks or hogsheads immediately after must or wine is drawn from them was shown by the fatal accident at Santa Rosa. Two experienced wine-maker, near that town met their death from gases in a fermenting tank. One is supposed to have been overcome when the other lost his life in trying to save his companion. Nearly every season witnesses one or more of these accidents, which could easily be prevented by the exercise of proper care.—San Francisco Chronicle.

DR. BROOKS.

His Lecture at Armory Hall Last Night.

OPPOSED TO HIGH LICENSE.

He Declared That Cold Water and Religion Are Needed to Knock Out Whisky.

From the Daily of Saturday.

A large crowd assembled in Armory Hall last night to hear Dr. John A. Brooks of Kansas City, Mo., lecture on Prohibition. Dr. Brooks was the late Vice-Presidential candidate of the National Prohibition party.

The only drawback to the meeting was the poor ventilation of the hall, which caused so much discomfort that a good many people left the place before the end of the lecture.

Dr. Brooks is a ready and graphic speaker. He drew a parallel between the anti-slavery movement and the anti-liquor movement, and predicted the success for Prohibition. He believed that the only way for Prohibition to succeed was by mixing politics with religion, and he charged that the political parties and the press had been subsidized by whisky and the Devil. He believed that religion mixed with cold water were the only cures.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

He opened by saying that he had a personal explanation to make. He had been accused of all sorts of dreadful things by the press of both the old parties, and before he got through the campaign began to believe that he had been guilty of all the mean things ever done by any of the Brooks family. He had done a good many mean things in his life, but he had never done so mean a thing as to eat either a Republican or a Democrat, because he had never allowed any unclean thing to enter his mouth.

He announced to his audience that he had never been in the rebel army, but was preaching the gospel all during the war. A little later on he said that at the beginning of the war he was the owner of slaves, and of course sympathized with the people of his own section of country.

DEMOCRATS AND THE DEVIL.

However, the speaker had forgiven everybody for all the hard things they had ever said about him, and the only fault he had to find with the old parties was that they were absolutely controlled by the liquor traffic. He had never expected anything good from a Democrat and therefore a Democrat could not disappoint him. If he (the Democrat) was for the devil, you could depend upon it he would stand up for the devil—you always know where to find him. But in Pennsylvania the Republicans—while professing to be temperance people—had defeated Prohibition.

He was opposed to any non-partisan movement as a means of carrying on the war in favor of Prohibition. The people could in that way, perhaps, elect Legislatures who would pass an amendment and submit it to the people, and then all the machinery of both the old parties, aided by the money of the liquor traffic, would be set to work to defeat it.

The history of the past year showed that the old parties had been forced to acknowledge the existence of the Prohibition party, and the war must be carried on. No good ever came out of a non-partisan party.

OLD KENTUCKY.

He illustrated this idea by referring to the position of Kentucky during the war. The Kentuckians thought they would stand between the Northern and the Southern armies, and by declaring that their soil was non-partisan, kept back the invading hosts from either side. But it didn't work. The louder the Kentuckians proclaimed their non-partisanship, the nearer came the blue on the one side and the gray on the other, until old Kentucky's soil ran red with blood, and all the non-partisanship of the people oozed from their fingers' ends.

HIGH LICENSE.

Mr. Brooks asked: What shall we do with the liquor traffic? We must have either free liquor, high license or prohibition, and which shall it be? Between free liquor and high license he was for free liquor—first, last and all the time. He said that when no licenses were issued for liquor selling and everybody that wanted to could sell it, the people of the country drank annually but four gallons of whisky per capita; but now, under the license system, they drink twelve gallons for every man, woman and child. "Let's go back," he said, "to free whisky." Then there were no saloons, and the liquor traffic was not concentrated as it is to-day for political purposes and was not such a power in the land. Now a few liquor men control the business, and by forming a trust manage to control the retailers, and through them the elections that place men in office.

NO RESTRICTION.

The speaker, reverting to high license, said it did not restrict the liquor traffic. In high-license states no man was ever refused a license from lack of money to pay for it. If it became a question between the closing of "respectable" saloons and the dives, he wanted to see the former closed and the dives kept open. He claimed that the latter attracted only the dregs of society, and the sooner they ran the course the better. "You can't stop the old topers, anyhow," he said.

Pleaded Guilty.

L. D. Hunter, the young book-keeper who was arrested last Thursday for pilfering sums of money from A. Weilheimer's safe, was brought up before Justice Hogue yesterday and pleaded guilty to the charge. He will be sentenced at 10 o'clock this morning. Hunter confessed to having stolen different sums of money, amounting in the aggregate to $65. He had been in the habit of depositing the money in the First National Bank, but lately had loaned $100, all the money he had, to a friend, and as soon as it was returned, he intended to make good the amount he had stolen.

The Perjury Case.

The following jury was sworn yesterday, before Judge Campbell, to try Willet Gates, who is charged with having given false testimony during the trial some months ago wherein he was defendant and J. M. Corrick was plaintiff: W. H. Derrick, C. C. Burnett, A. C. Cotthard, John Dennis, A. G. Crowder, E. D. Smith, B. F. Lawson, H. B. Bissell, E. Hudson, T. M. Elam, A. Jackson and J. G. Dusenberry.

Among the attorneys for the people are F. H. Short, and for the defendant G. G. Goucher.

A Reception.

Dr. J. A. Brooks was given a reception upon his arrival in this city last evening, by the local Prohibition Club, at Nichols Hall. Rev. J. W. Webb, on behalf of the club, delivered an address of welcome, and was followed by the following persons, who made short speeches regarding the temperance cause and its outlook: Mrs. J. Colwell, D. S. Ewing, Judge Banham, N. C. Coldwell, Rev. Compton of Kingsburg, Rev. J. H. Logan and J. E. Nichols.

Death of A. S. Goldstein.

A. S. Goldstein, father of Alex Goldstein of this city, died at his home in San Francisco yesterday, after a lingering illness. Mr. Goldstein resided in this city for many years during its early history, and was at one time the proprietor of the pioneer tin and hardware store on Mariposa street, between I and H streets. He leaves a wife and several children, most of whom are grown. He was 65 years old.

Nothing New.

In the article about the Beesley runaways, which appeared in yesterday's paper, it was stated that the people had been married at the Russ House. As that house burned to the ground some twenty-four hours before the ceremony took place it was evidently an error. The item should have read, "parlors of the Ogle House.—Expositor.

THE REPUBLICAN had the item all correct.

Rats Stole the Pigs.

J. D. Smith of Sunnyside a few days ago had one of the finest lots of Poland China pigs in the community, but every night one or two of the little porkers would disappear. Mr. Smith decided to watch for the thief and discovered a large rat come up through the floor and quietly grab one of the little pigs and carry it away. Mr. Smith procured a rifle and succeeded in killing seventeen of the thieves.—Flemington Democrat.

Valuable Mares Poisoned.

Two valuable Mambrino Wilkes' mares, a work horse and a mule, owned by Alex Gordon, took sick yesterday and died. The animals are believed to have been poisoned, as an examination of their stomach by Dr. Yancey developed the presence of strong traces of mercury. Mr. Gordon valued the mares at $1200.

One of the Pimps Arrested.

Henry Spiers, a young man, who, for some months past has made his home among the denizens of the female population of Chinatown, was arrested yesterday on a charge of vagrancy. He was lodged in jail, pending his trial, which is set for 3 o'clock this afternoon before Justice Wolcott.

The Value of Fresno Land.

Mrs. P. H. Davis sold her twenty-acre vineyard and ranch in Central Colony yesterday to T. J. Crighton of Visalia for $6000.

Attention, Farmers!

If you have any Chickens, Ducks, Eggs, or Produce of any kind to sell, take them to Cummings & Higgins, Grocers, corner of K and Fresno streets, who pay the Best Prices for such things. They will sell you all kinds of Staple and Fancy Groceries at prices lower than you have ever bought them in Fresno.

jo7wtf

W. H. Millard came up from Visalia yesterday, riding the entire distance on his bicycle. He will remain over until to-morrow on a business trip.

John Robinson of Kingsburg and P. M. Narboe and E. G. Patton of Visalia, all well-known civil engineers, are in the city. The gentlemen are about to begin an important survey of land in this county.

Alex Goldstein went to San Francisco yesterday to attend the funeral of his father, A. S. Goldstein, which will take place in that city to-day. He will be accompanied by Daniel Newman, a nephew of the deceased. All the firm's stores will be closed to-day.

Superior Judge Marks of Merced is in the city.

Judge T. W. Taliaferro of San Francisco is a guest at the Eisen vineyard.

Summons.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE County of Fresno, State of California.

Henry L. Musick, plaintiff, vs. James C. Bailey, defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County.

The People of the State of California, send greeting to JAMES C. BAILEY, defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the day of service on you of this Summons, if served within this county, or if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court, that the south half of section 16, in township 16 south, range 16 east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, is cultivable, and that plaintiff is an actual settler thereon. That the application and affidavit of defendant to purchase said land are false. That the avertments of plaintiff's application and affidavit to purchase said land are true, and that plaintiff is entitled to purchase the same as agricultural land, and that defendant has no right to purchase the said land in any manner whatever, and also for judgment for costs of this suit.

For further particulars you are referred to the complaint on file herein, a copy of which is served herewith.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, this 10th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

(SEAL.) A. C. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Holmes & Farley and G. A. Nourse, Attorneys for plaintiff. a18w10

LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, STOCKTON, CAL., May 28, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Clara H. Alexander of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement, No. 724, for the purchase of the NE¼ of Section No. 15, in township No. 10 south, range 24 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Stockton, Cal., on Friday, the 23d day of August, 1889, at 9 A. M.

She names as witnesses: Charles A. Bowlby, W. H. Crighton, S. Griffith, J. H. Griffith, all of Fresno, Fresno county, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of August, 1889.

GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

my31w10

LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, STOCKTON, Cal., April 27, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," CHARLES G. PEASE, of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 686, for the purchase of the SW¼ of section No. 25, in township No. 10 south, range No. 25 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Stockton, Cal., on Tuesday, the 23d day of July, 1889, at 9 A. M.

He names as witnesses: Geo. W. Barnes of Toll House, Fresno county; George Lavor of Fresno, Fresno county; Hattie Adams of Fresno, Fresno county, A. M. Swanson of Toll House, Fresno county.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of July, 1889. GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

my10w10

Election Notice.

SCHOOL TAX-NOTICE IS HEREBY given to the qualified electors of Washington Colony School District, County of Fresno, State of California, that an election will be held on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1889, at which time the question of voting a tax for the purpose of building a schoolhouse, it will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $4000.

The polls will be open at the schoolhouse from sunrise till 5 o'clock P. M.

The Judges appointed to conduct the election are: C. C. Smith, M. R. Kirby and J. D. Hays.

GEO. H. ROWELL, CHAS. ERICKSON, District School Trustees.

May 15, 1889. je28w4t

DR. J. C. COOPER, DENTIST.

Office in Bradley block, opposite Postoffice. I guarantee as good work as the profession affords. 25-tf

Grand Central Market.

J St., opp. Expositor Office, FRESNO,

BAIRD BROS., - - PROPRIETORS.

The Public will always find at this Market the Choicest

Beef, Pork and Mutton

—AND—

Domestic and Imported Sausages, Ham, Bacon, Lard and Spiced Meats,

And Everything usually kept in a First-Class Market.

☞ We solicit a share of the public patronage and shall endeavor to merit the same by a strict attention to business. le10

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

Good real estate, paying two per cent per month, and mining property, near Leadville, Colorado, will be exchanged for California property. The mines consist of a patented placer of nineteen acres in Summit county, one in Chaffee county and the other in Lake county. For further information apply to

FRESNO INVESTMENT COMPANY,

jy12wtf Corner I and Mariposa St., Fresno.

—THE—

CALIFORNIA RABBIT EXTERMINATOR.

Every year thousands of dollars are expended to protect the orchards and vineyards of this county against the ravages of the rabbits, and each year they appear more numerous and destructive. Fences have been built, but to no purpose. At last a remedy is at hand.

Messrs. Webster Bros, the well-known Druggists of this city, are now prepared to guarantee to the vine and fruit-growers protection against this destructive pest. They have secured the exclusive right to manufacture and sell a compound from a formula by a vine-grower of this county, who has been for some years past experimenting with a compound for their destruction.

☞ Read what those who have used it say:

You let me have one can last year and it was just what you recommended it to be

J. NEWMAN, Fresno.

I have used the California Rabbit Exterminator and find it entirely satisfactory. It is all it is recommended to be

G. T. WRIGHT, American Colony.

Other testimonials furnished on application by WEBSTER BROS., manufacturers of the California Rabbit Exterminator. They carry a full line of Pure Drugs, and are reliable druggists. Call and see them

A NEW AND SHORT STAGE ROUTE

TO

Fish Camp, Pine City, Mt. Raymond, Mariposa Big Trees and Wowana.

STAGE WILL LEAVE RAYMOND EVERY Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Leave Fish Camp Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, connecting with the train same day. Parties desiring to visit above points will find this a short and easy route. Conveyance or saddle-horses will be furnished at Fish Camp to go to the above points.

a15tf A. PHILP.

PACKARD BROTHERS,

DRAYMEN.

All Orders Attended to Promptly

Headquarters, at Donahoe's Lumber Yard.

mch19-tf

PULLMAN

Tourist Car

EXCURSIONS.

SELECT EXCURSIONS, VIA ATLANTIC & Pacific Railroad (Santa Fe Route), under management of salaried railroad employes,

LEAVE FRESNO

Every Thursday

TO ALL EASTERN POINTS.

Berths furnished through to Chicago. Rates same as from San Francisco. Baggage checked through to destination.

L. E. WALKER, Agent,

No. 112 South J St., opp. Grand Central Hotel. a25wtf

J. C. Herrington,

(Diesse & Garibaldi Building)

MARIPOSA ST., - - FRESNO, CAL.

HARNESS MAKER.

Saddles, Harness, Robes and Whips,

And all kinds of Saddlery Hardware.

I have the best Carriage Trimmer in the county and am also agent for the celebrated Sweeney Collars. je16-tf

J. M. MARTIN,

DEALER IN

Real Estate.

Special Bargains in Fruit and Farming Lands.

Office with Wharton & Shaw, Postoffice Building 11-2tf

N. N. SMITH,

Sign and Ornamental Painting

Graining, Wall Tinting, Decorative Paper Hanging, Etc.

Fresno Street, Bet. I and J Streets. je6tf

ELMER E. SHEPARD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

Selma, Cal.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State.

COLLECTIONS ATTENDED TO. m28tf

J. F. WHARTON. F. H. SHORT.

WHARTON & SHORT,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of Record in the State.

OFFICE—Over Postoffice.

DR. JORDAN'S

Museum of Anatomy,

751 MARKET Street, San Francisco, California.

Go and learn how to avoid disease and how wonderfully you are made. Consultation and treatment personally or by letter on weaknesses and all diseases of men. Send for Book. Private office 211 Geary street, San Francisco. jel-w

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE County of Fresno, State of California.

Calvin Nance, plaintiff, vs. Sarah Nance, defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County.

The people of the State of California send greeting to Sarah Nance, defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff, in the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, and to answer the complaint filed therein within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the day of service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now and heretofore existing between you and this plaintiff, on the grounds of desertion.

For further particulars you are referred to the complaint on file herein, a copy of which is served herewith.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, this first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine. A. C. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

[SEAL.] By W. C. GRAHU, Deputy Clerk.

LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, STOCKTON, Cal., May 11, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," KENNETH McLEOD of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 701, for the purchase of the SW¼ of section No. 1, in township No. 10 south, range No. 23 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Stockton, Cal., on Monday, the 25th day of July, 1889, at 9 A. M.

He names as witnesses: Shadrach Griffith, John R. Griffith, W. D. Crichton, A. M. Clark, all of Fresno, Fresno county.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of July, 1889. GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

my17w10

Summons.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE County of Fresno, State of California.

B. F. Musick, plaintiff, vs. James C. Bailey, defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County.

The People of the State of California send greeting to JAMES C. BAILEY, defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the day of service on you of this Summons, if served within this County, or if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court that the north half of section 36, in township 16 south, range 16 east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, is cultivable, and that plaintiff is an actual settler thereon. That the application and affidavits of defendant to purchase said land are false. That the avertments of plaintiff's application and affidavit to purchase said land are true, and that plaintiff is entitled to purchase the same as agricultural land, and that defendant has no right to purchase the said land in any manner whatever, and also judgment for costs of this suit.

For further particulars you are referred to the complaint on file herein, a copy of which is served herewith.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court, in and for the County of Fresno, State of California, this 10th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

(SEAL.) A. C. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Endorsed: A. C. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Holmes & Farley and G. A. Nourse, Attorneys for plaintiff. a13w10

LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, STOCKTON, Cal., May 1, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington territory," ROBERT C. THOM, of Kings River, county of Fresno, state of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 690, for the purchase of the S ½ of NW ¼, SW ¼ of NE ¼ and NW ¼ of SE ¼ of section No. 29, in township No. 9 south, range No. 25 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Stockton, Cal., on Thursday, the 14th day of July, 1889, at 9 a. m.

He names as witnesses: John A. Bacon of Big Dry Creek, Fresno county; James W. Thompson of Toll House, Fresno county; John M. Stephenson of Toll House, Fresno county; Wm. T. Davis of Sanger, Fresno county.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 14th day of July, 1889. GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

my3w10

Delinquent Notice.

I-STREET IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, location of principal place of business, Fresno City, Fresno County, State of California.

NOTICE—There is delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of an assessment levied on the 4th day of April, 1889, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Name.	Certificate.	No. Shares.	Amounts.
J. L. Tait	18	10	$1,000 00
D. E. Dix	8	1	100 00
A. W. Kenny	27	1	100 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of directors, made on the 4th day of April 1889, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of the corporation, situated on the southwest corner of Mariposa and I streets, City and County of Fresno, State of California, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, to pay delinquent assessments thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. W. CONGER, Secretary.

Office corner of I and Mariposa streets, Fresno City, Cal.

Dated June 10, 1889. je14td

LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, STOCKTON, CAL., April 19, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "Act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington territory," John G. Butler of Toll House, county of Fresno, state of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 668, for the purchase of the W ½ of SE¼ Section No. 26, in township No. 9 south, Range No. 24 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Stockton, Cal., on Tuesday, the 9th day of July, 1889, at 9 A. M.

He names as witnesses: William Stephenson, R. L. Lewis, John Bacon and Eldon Merryman, all of Kings River, Fresno county.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 9th day of July, 1889. GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

a5w10

LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, STOCKTON, CAL., May 25, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Charles B. Wood of Toll House, county of Fresno, state of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 720, for the purchase of the SE¼ of SW¼ of Sec. 11—N½ of NW¼—SW¼ of NW¼ of Sec. No. 14, in Township No. 10 south, range No. 25 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at this office at Stockton, Cal., on Monday the 19th day of August, 1889.

He names as witnesses: P. Loucks, Thomas Downey, John Waite, Paul Nelson, all of Toll House, Fresno county, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 19th day of August, 1889. GEO. A. McKENZIE, Register.

my31w10

ELECTION NOTICE.

SCHOOL TAX.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE qualified electors of Belmont School District, County of Fresno, State of California, that an election will be held on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1889, at which will be submitted the question of voting a tax to employ additional teacher, purchase furniture, school apparatus, build windmill and tank, fence and improve grounds, etc., etc. It will be necessary to raise for this purpose the sum of $2000.

The polls will be open at Public School Grounds from sunrise until 5 o'clock P. M.

The Judges appointed to conduct the election are: Geo. A. Harvey, D. H. Frederick, M. S. Briscoe, Judges. W. R. BIBBY, JASPER TAYLOR, District School Trustees.

je7wtd

DR. W. J. PRATHER,

DENTIST.

Member of the California State Dental Association. Over twenty years' practice. Teeth set on gold plate when desired. Price as low as Good Work can be done for. Office over Dell's Drug Store, opposite Grand Central Hotel

Money and Labor Saved

By Using the New Buckeye Combined

Riding and Walking Cultivator!

The Best in the World for the Vineyard or Farm!

ALSO, THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE DAY, THE LUBIN PULVERIZER and CLOD CRUSHER. Every farmer should have one. Before buying any farm machinery call and see these farming tools at Agricultural Implement Warehouse of

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Cor. Tulare and M Sts., Fronting Courthouse Square. f22tf

FOWLER FRUIT AND RAISIN

Packing Company,

FOWLER, FRESNO COUNTY, CAL.,

....WILL DO A....

General Raisin Packing Business

THIS SEASON.

Highest Cash Price paid for Raisins in the Sweat Box.

C. H. NORRIS, Pres. | C. M. EDMONDS, Sec. jy12wtf

Fresno Milling Co.'s Warehouse

NOW OPEN AND READY FOR THE

Free Storage of all Good Milling Wheat.

GRAIN STORED WITH US CAN BE INSURED AND MONEY SECURED on our warehouse receipts and a market guaranteed for all wheat stored with us.

Farmers Will Do Well to Bear These Facts in Mind.

Extra Superfine Flour, Pearled Corn Meal, Graham Flour and Grists of all kinds manufactured and for sale. Ours is the only Mill in the State manufacturing Meals by the Roller Process. GRISTWORK attended to promptly.

FRESNO MILLING COMPANY.

je28tf

JUST RECEIVED BY THE

Fresno Agricultural Works

A Carload of the

WALTER A. WOODS MOWERS,

The Best in the World for Alfalfa.

We have handled this mower for six years, and sold a car load last year without effort on the record of the machine. As the car is shipped direct from the factory to Fresno, our prices will compare with any other first-class mower. As we always stay with the one machine, our line of extras will be found complete.

We also keep in stock the

WOODS :-: SELF-DUMP :-: RAKE.

Improved Holingsworth Pole or Shafts, and the

Locke Horse Rake.

Corner Tulare and L streets.

BARGAINS.—One second-hand Thresher, one second-hand Bar

The Fresno Republican

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AFTERNOON

—BY—

Short & Shanklin.

TERMS:

Per Annum, in Advance.....$2.5
Six Months, " " $1.5
Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.

M. J. Donahoo arrived in this city last evening from San Francisco.

Misses Lillie and Tillie Eggers have gone on a pleasure trip to Alaska.

Another lot of canvas shoes for ladies and children just in at Bedford Bros.

A. J. Wiener leaves on this morning's train for San Francisco, on a short business trip.

Mrs. Ella Barker, after a vacation of several weeks in San Francisco, returned last evening.

George H. Eggers of San Francisco is looking after the interest of his vineyard east of the city.

Ed. Austin, accompanied by his mother, who has been rusticating in the mountains east of Fresno, returned yesterday.

Frank Fiester, who has been sojourning at his former home in Santa Cruz for several weeks, returned to this city yesterday.

Dr. J. C. Cooper has returned from Santa Cruz, and will be pleased to meet his patrons at his old quarters in the Bradley block.

W. C. Maze, Fred. Barcroft, C. Save and J. H. Stoutenborough, all prominent business men of Madera, arrived in this city yesterday.

Mrs. R. A. Rose, accompanied by her children, who has been visiting her parents in Sacramento for the past month, returned to Fresno yesterday.

George Pickford came down from Oakland yesterday to look after interests for a few days. Mr. Pickford has located his family in Oakland for the summer.

Mr. W. P. Haber has been appointed agent for the sale of the Ætna Mineral Water for Fresno, Tulare and Kern counties. The Ætna Mineral Water is highly recommended by medical men, and has wrought many cures in cases of liver, kidney and stomach troubles. Many might save themselves the expense of going to the springs by the use of this water.

R. J. Harrison returned last Friday evening from a visit to his former home in Nova Scotia. He returned by the famous Red River country, and says that the wheat there is just beginning to head out, and that many of the inhabitants are at present engaged in collecting and shipping cattle bones, which are to be ground up and used as fertilizers.

The Messing Lawn Party.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Messing entertained their friends at their charming home at 1636 J street last Friday evening in honor of Mrs. Messing's twenty-fifth birthday. The guests were met at the front entrance of the house by Mrs. Messing and were escorted to the rear, where, under the shade of large umbrella trees in the beautiful lawn, ample provisions had been made for the enjoyment of those present.

The evening was pleasantly passed away in games on the lawn and vocal and instrumental music in the parlors of the house. An elegant supper with cooling refreshments was served at midnight. Those present were: Misses Isabella and Mary Tennant of San Jose, Dr. H. St. George Hopkins, wife and daughter Miss Emma; Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Short, Professor Baume and wife, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Kirk, W. J. Hall, Misses Emma and Alice Williams and D. R. Prince.

Church Notices.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. E. G. Chaddock, pastor. Subject for the morning sermon, "Compassion for the Multitude." Subject for the evening, "The Conditions Needful for the Conversion of the Soul." Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL. — Southeast corner of K and Merced streets. Rev. W. H. Robinson will preach, in the absence of Rev. M. Judy.

M. E. CHURCH SOUTH. —Preaching by the pastor, Rev. C. O. Steele, at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:45.

ST. JAMES EPISCOPAL.—The usual services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 9:45. Rev. D. O. Kelley, rector.

FIRST BAPTIST.—H. G. DeWitt, D. D., pastor. Sermon at 11 A. M. Subject of morning sermon, "Floods and Flames, or the Lessons of the Hour." Baptism after sermon at night. Young People's Meeting at 7 P. M.

Personating an Officer.

Fred Cass, who was recently released from the County Jail after serving sixty days, on a charge of vagrancy, was arrested yesterday for attempting to personate an officer. Previous to his arrest he had been drinking with several men of his own kind in a saloon on Front street. Upon emerging from the saloon Cass put his hand upon the shoulder of one of his comrades and said: "My friend, I place you under arrest." The two men had proceeded down the street but a short distance when Policeman Smith, who had been observing Cass, put him under arrest. He will be examined before Recorder Prince next Tuesday.

Accident to a Wagon.

A teamster employed by George Owens, an extensive wheat grower on Big Dry Creek, was driving eight horses attached to a wagon heavily loaded with wheat on Mariposa street yesterday afternoon. When opposite the Fresno Loan and Savings Bank, he started to cross the street car track when one of the front wheels of the wagon caught against the iron railing, wrenching the axle and breaking the wheel. The accident caused considerable delay to the street car travel, and for a time the street was almost blocked.

Risen From His Ashes.

Major Denicke is the first burnt-out man in the business part of town who has risen from his ashes. He has constructed on the site of his former place of business a wooden hou-e of one room venvered on the outside with solid unplastered bricks. He has placed a counter in it and a large ice chest and tables and chairs, and opened up for business last Friday. He has named his place "The Dutch Corners of Shirt-tail Alley," and his beer is as cold as ever.

The Perjury Case.

The trial of Willett Gates, charged with perjury, was in progress before Judge Campbell until 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when the court adjourned until to-morrow morning, in order that the attorneys might settle the matter of presenting certain portions of Mollie Carrick's affidavit, which had been admitted by Judge Campbell yesterday morning.

Another Pimp Bagged.

Deputy Constable Doolittle yesterday arrested Jack Ross, another hanger-on in Chinatown, on a charge of vagrancy. He was taken before Justice Wolcott and convicted as charged. Sentence will be passed to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Given Away!

A splendid 7-tooth spring cultivator to any person who buys $25 worth of groceries at one time, or will sell the cultivator for $3, worth $10. BECKWITH,
ja21tf The Cash Grocer.

ALMA'S BIRD-CAGE.

Gilded Nests of Soiled Doves Among Coffins.

North J Street and Its Bagnio.

The Palace of Sin Over the Abode of Death.

Sirens Who Have Been Allowed to Lure the Unwary in a Decent Neighborhood.

From the Daily of Sunday.

After THE REPUBLICAN had completed its fight some three weeks ago against May Ellis' bagnio on South M street, the announcement was briefly made in the editorial columns of this paper that the next fight would be begun shortly against a bagnio known as "The Bird-cage," situated in a respectable neighborhood in the business quarter of the city.

This warning was thus publicly given in the hope that the inmates might be induced to remove voluntarily, or that upon their failing to do so the Police Department would compel them to vacate the premises, by the utterance of that little sentence.

"THE BIRD-CAGE MUST GO."

That sentence was not uttered although the Police Department was and is fully aware of the character of the house and of its inmates.

That sentence was not spoken even after THE REPUBLICAN had called attention to the character of the May Ellis house on South M street, and THE REPUBLICAN was forced to make the battle unaided.

It remains to be seen whether THE REPUBLICAN will be obliged to demolish the Bird-cage without the assistance of the police.

SOME REASONS.

THE REPUBLICAN has preserved silence for some weeks concerning the J street dive, and it was silent for the following reasons.

THE REPUBLICAN did not desire to expose the owner and the lessee of the building if that harsh step could be avoided, and it hoped and believed that the necessity for doing so had passed away.

On the same day that the editorial appeared it came to the knowledge of the editors of this paper that one of the two women in the North J-street bagnio had become frightened by the threat of exposure and arrest, and had packed up her trunk and left the city.

In a short time thereafter the mistress of the place, who is known to many married and single men of Fresno as "Miss Alma," asked for and obtained an interview in a restaurant with two persons connected with this paper.

ALMA WOULD REFORM.

In that interview, with evident sincerity, she declared that she had dismissed her women, and that she had decided to reform and live respectably thenceforward. She said that she proposed to fit up her rooms in the second story of Phillips building as a respectable lodging-house, and she promised that THE REPUBLICAN would hear no further complaint regarding her.

This paper would be the last in the world to place a stumbling block across the path of anyone, no matter how deeply fallen and sin-scarred, who was honestly endeavoring to reform, and the guns were accordingly spiked.

A few days ago a man whose place of business is opposite Williams' undertaking establishment remarked to a customer:

"It's strange that THE REPUBLICAN doesn't go after that Bird-cage across the way. It's a shame that such a place should be permitted to exist in a respectable neighborhood."

This remark reached the ears of THE REPUBLICAN, and an investigation was at once begun.

VERY MANY LODGERS.

It was found by watching from across the street that the upper floor of the Phillips building must contain at least 150 rooms, judging from the number of "lodgers" who entered at the front door in one evening. It was also observed that all these "lodgers" had rooms and houses of their own in other parts of the city, and that they always came out of the building again after spending one hour or several hours in the place.

This was sufficient for THE REPUBLICAN to work upon, and at various times reliable persons were sent to the Bird-cage to investigate the character and business of the establishment. This is what they found:

"FURNISHED ROOMS."

At the entrance down stairs next the undertaking establishment is displayed a tin sign with the words "Furnished Rooms" in yellow letters on a black ground. The door is opened by turning the knob in the usual way, and as the visitor steps into the hallway an electric bell at the head of the stairs rings an alarm for several seconds.

"Miss Alma," a tall brunette, formerly an inmate of May Ellis' M-street dive, appears on the landing and scrutinizes the visitors. If she is acquainted with one of them, or if they are strangers whom she thinks are "all right," she greets them with a pleasant good evening and ushers them into an elegantly furnished private reception room, of which there are four. The door is then closed in order that patrons of the house in going to or returning from them may not see who are within.

"HER CHILDREN."

After a few minutes spent in commonplace conversation such of her women as are not engaged in entertaining company make their appearance, and smile sweetly and languishingly on the visitors.

"Now I will leave you with my children," exclaims Miss Alma, as she retires to resume her duty as a Reception Committee.

She has now three women with her: Annie, a blonde and Lulu and Flossie, brunettes.

The next thing in order is to call for the drinks, which are brought in on a tray and served at the regular saloon price, 12½ cents a glass.

THE TEMPTING GOBLET.

A large quantity of all kinds of liquors and cigars is kept on hand, including beer, whisky, gin, port, sherry, porter, ale, sarsaparilla, soda water, claret, and champagne. All these except the last are sold by the glass, while it costs the regular saloon price, $5 to open a quart bottle of champagne. It is perhaps unnecessary to state that no license is paid for the privilege of selling liquor by retail and that no license has been granted by the City Council for permission to sell liquor in any part of the Phillips building.

A RUSHING BUSINESS.

The establishment is doing a rushing business, and within the brief period of a half hour the electric bell was heard to ring no less than fourteen times. This means the admission of at least thirty people, for the visitors generally arrive by twos and threes. It means also an enormous consumption of liquor, at 12½ cents a glass, not to speak of the quarts of champagne that are ordered by drummers and other bloods.

MONEY IN HER SLIPPER.

Miss Alma uses her slipper as the receptacle for the money received from the sale of liquor, and as she walks her steps are punctuated with the jingle of silver and gold coins. On many occasion her slipper gets so full of money that she has to take it off and empty it during the evening.

She told a visitor the other evening that she expected within a short time two additional "girls" from San Francisco, partly because she looked for an increase of business during the harvest season and partly because she was afraid that one or more of her women would leave her through fear of being burned out by an incendiary fire.

In fact, she and her female slaves are so much in fear of that calamity that they remain up all night until the sun rises and business begins on the streets.

BACK STAIRS WANTED.

Some of the visitors complained, because they had to go in and out by way of the front door, and Miss Alma agreed with them that it was a drawback, and promised that in a little while she would have a pair of back stairs constructed so that her patrons could come and go without danger of being seen by passersby.

THE REPUBLICAN demands that the Bird-cage shall be transported to Chinatown, and it asks, "Whose sworn duty is it to enforce the law against prostitution?"

It is is not the duty of the Police Department whose duty is it?

A Timely Communication.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: Thanks, many thanks, for the courageous editorial in your issue of this morning concerning May Ellis and her girls.

I want to tell you that the best citizens, both men and women, of this city are with you in this matter. I have been astonished at the uncalled-for amount of sympathy on the part of a few of the men in Fresno, all of whom would feel very cheap, no doubt, if their names were given to the public, towards this woman.

UNCALLED-FOR SYMPATHY.

I say uncalled-for sympathy, for they have met with only the common fate of many of our citizens who have from time to time been burned out and lost all they possessed, some of them having been injured quite as much as these women, none of whom were hurt to amount to anything, three of them being only very slightly bruised, while the "leading lady" received an injury to her back, which has had the best of care from one of our leading physicians, and is now almost well.

A PERTINENT SUGGESTION.

Suppose some of the servant girls from the Russ House—all of whom lost everything they had—suppose these girls had been injured even worse than May Ellis, would the services of our best physicians and the pockets and sympathies of our leading citizens have been as open to them as to her? Pardon me if I say, I doubt it. It is far more likely they would have said that they should be taken to the hospital.

I agree with THE REPUBLICAN, if any of our citizens desire to take this woman to their homes and care for her until she is well, let them do so, but when this so-called sympathy leads them to desire her return to the former house on M street, then let the better class of citizens arise in their might and say

"SHE MUST NOT GO BACK."

No! she shall not go back and live in the shadow of the house where our children must go to be educated, and there carry on her nefarious business under the eyes and knowledge of our little innocent children. Shame on the man or woman who may advocate such a course.

THE SERPENT'S TRIAL.

Let May Ellis and all her class depart at once from out our city; that is the course for her to pursue, and, she will find, the only wise course she can pursue. Already since she came to Fresno, she has made trouble for more than one family, and it is more than likely that something worse than being burned out may happen to her, if she remains.

Let me tell those who think her's a case for the Fresno Relief Society, that in the luxurious rooms where she is being well cared for, men stand or sit by the half dozen at a time around her bed, and lots of clothing has been taken to her rooms and money has been given her, and the stairs are kept hot by the constant going up and down of men and boys to see her and the girl who stays with her.

Even the saloon men, who gave her temporary use of the rooms out of kindness, are getting tired of so much going up and down and have threatened to lock it up.

WORDS OF CHEER.

It is a great blessing for the city of Fresno to have a paper like THE REPUBLICAN, and I give you the assurance that all the best people of the city and country will uphold you in the course you have taken, and I know what I am talking about when I say it. We are proud of THE REPUBLICAN, and will stand by it, as it stands by our best interests. What is May Ellis that we should uphold her any sooner than Mollie Livingston or Jack Patterson? For one, I would rather uphold them, for they will do less harm in a community. If I could tell you some of the things I know about the influence of this woman over men and boys here, and of how she has used this influence, you would all open your eyes to the great evil we have amongst us. Not only should she and her girls be driven out, but also a set of women lodgers in the Phillips building on J street, and also the woman and her female lodgers on South I street.

AN ASSIGNATION HOUSE.

This woman, under the guise of a decent lodging-house, is keeping nothing less than a house of ill-fame and an assignation house, and it is a fact that is generally known. It is not so generally known that some of the girls formerly with May Ellis are living up stairs in the Phillips building on North J street. There are both places easy of access, and the consequences are that they are well patronized by the men and boys of our city. This is undoubtedly a growing evil in Fresno and should be put a stop to at once. Let the disreputable element be forced to live in Chinatown and nowhere else, and it will not be so easy or desirable a thing for men to frequent these places. It is time that the community awakened to these great and growing evils, and by determinedly setting the stamp of disapproval on them, drive it slowly, but surely from our midst. A VOICE FROM THE PEOPLE.

FRESNO, July 19, 1889.

Five gallons of the renowned medicine water from Trimmer's Springs will be furnished for $1 to those who provide jugs. The water will be delivered at that price in Sanger. Send jugs by express to Sanger, addressed to Theo. Trimmer. jy20tf2*

We have a number of inquires for improved twenty-acre lots, and do not care to list anything but bargains. Maxey & Allen, Hughes block, I street. je11f

Buy the Deodorized Gasoline at $1.50 per can, also "Monarch" Gasoline Stoves at Donahoo, Emmons & Co.'s. jel9tf

Perfumery and toilet articles at Williams & Son's. my4tf

STILL KICKING.

The Evening Obstructionist Disconsolate.

IT FAILS TO GIVE THE NEWS,

And, Like a Mangy Cur, Growls a Big Growl at The Republican's Enterprise.

From the Daily of Sunday.

Whenever THE REPUBLICAN gives a piece of news to the public that the Daily Evening Obstructionist ought to have had, that antiquated fossil rears up on its hind legs and howls a long, piteous and soul-chilling howl, like a half-starved hound pup on the grave of a dead miser.

If this paper advocates a reform or an improvement of any kind; if it endeavors to correct an evil—moral, social or political—it can count with a certainty upon the opposition of the Evening Obstructionist.

When a year ago THE REPUBLICAN demanded that the Chinatown dance house should be abolished, the Obstructionist was as dumb as a dead pimp. When the people, through THE REPUBLICAN, called for the removal out a few weeks ago, the Obstructionist sneered at the decent people. It felt so sorry that the dive had to go, and it was so tender of the feelings of the prostitutes, that it even suppressed the news of the arrest of the Ellis woman and her percentage harlots.

Its principal aim has been to suppress news. It did not report the temperance addresses of Chancellor Hartson and Professor Dickie until some of its few but select circle of subscribers stopped their paper, and it became alarmed and looked about for a way to hedge out of the blunder. Professor Dickie afterwards lectured in Stockton, and the reporter of the Stockton Independent saved himself a heap of trouble by staying away from the meeting and publishing a part of THE REPUBLICAN'S report of Dickie's speech in Fresno. But the reporter forgot to make a necessary alteration. Dickie said in Fresno that if "some Fresno rascal" should be arrested for selling liquor without a license a Prohibition Sheriff should be sent after him under the proposed new order of things. In Stockton Dickie used the same language, but spoke of "a Stockton rascal." The Independent neglected to make the alteration, and when the copy of the Independent, containing THE REPUBLICAN'S report, reached the office of the Obstructionist that paper gleefully scissored a stickful of the speech containing the reference to the "Fresno rascal."

The Obstructionist is nothing if not Silurian. Its mission seems to be to suppress news rather than to publish it. Its course is like that of a lodging-house keeper who conceals the fact that a smallpox patient is in his house and continues to receive new lodgers.

It is like the ostrich which, being closely pressed by the hunter, buries its head in the sand and exposes the pinfeathers of its tail to the gaze of the astonished pursuer.

The Obstructionist gnashes its teeth because THE REPUBLICAN scooped it yesterday morning by publishing the anonymous letters that were received by Judge Hogue and THE REPUBLICAN, and it attempted to show yesterday afternoon that there have been no fires at all in Fresno lately. In one place it is kind enough to admit that there may have been fires here, and that if there have occurred any fires, "so far there has not been a single jot of positive evidence that there has been a single incendiary fire here."

Judge Hogue thought differently when he held Walter Bolding to answer for arson. The police thought differently when they lodged two men in jail a few evenings ago on suspicion of having set the Russ House stables on fire. The insurance companies thought differently when they sent its detectives to Fresno to secretly investigate the origin of these fires. The Obstructionist itself thought differently when it said that May Ellis' house in Chinatown had been purposely set on fire by an enemy.

In short the Obstructionist is a liar and a clumsy one at that. In its blind rage, in its mad desire to injure a journal that stands on a higher moral plane than itself, and that is encroaching rapidly by dint of superior enterprise upon its business, it lies and lies inconsistently and transparently. It gnashes its teeth even at the San Francisco Examiner because that enterprising journal publishes impartially the reports of its special correspondent at Fresno.

THE REPUBLICAN has nothing in common with the Examiner. It is true that a gentleman connected with THE REPUBLICAN staff is paid by the Examiner to report important news from this city by telegraph, but THE REPUBLICAN has no more control over him in this matter than it has over Messrs. Harton's and Ferguson's telegraphic reports to the Associated Press or Mr. Campbell's reports to the Chronicle. No person connected with THE REPUBLICAN in any capacity is acting as correspondent for the Call or Bulletin or Los Angeles papers. He will probably be found in that nest of correspondents in the Obstructionist office.

The secret of the matter is that the Associated Press correspondents have been rapped sharply over the knuckles by their employers for suppressing news connected with the late fires and allowing the Examiner to scoop them.

If smallpox should break out in this city THE REPUBLICAN would publish that fact in order to put people on their guard against catching the infection.

The Examiner correspondent will send the news to the live journal which he represents irrespective of THE REPUBLICAN'S interference or of the selfish wishes of insurance men or real estate speculators.

THE REPUBLICAN does not believe that dollars should outweigh the moral or physical welfare of the people, and it listens to the baying of the half-starved Obstructionist with that serene complacency with which the full moon high in the heavens beams upon the mangy cur that howls at it.

A Dramatic Treat.

A dramatic treat is in store for playgoers to-morrow night. The celebrated actor, Mr. Mantell, will appear at Riggs theater in D'Ennery's play "Monbars." The New Orleans Picayune says:

"The patrons of the Academy of Music were served with a rich and rare dramatic treat last night. They saw the handsome Robert Mantell as Monbars in D'Ennery's play of that name. The same force and earnestness that makes "Jim the Penman" great before an audience—while it is commonplace in itself—makes "Monbars" a great play. Mr. Mantell is delightfully handsome and manly, a gentleman in every movement, with eloquent, pleading eyes, and a voice whose slightest whisper can be distinctly heard. The same quality that won him fame and friends as Loris in "Fedora" serve him in "Monbars," and last night a large audience applauded him to the echo and called him before the curtain at the close of each act. Praise in this performance need not end in the star, as every part is well played. "Monbars" has made a hit. There is a chance now for the public to appreciate good actors and a good play."

Death of Mrs. Conger.

Mrs. Harriet L. Conger, formerly of Des Moines, Iowa, died at the residence of Major G. E. Colwell at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. She was the beloved wife of J. W. Conger, one of the best known and respected citizens and business men. The deceased was attended during her last illness by her father, General R. V. Ankeny and by her sister, Mary B. Ankeny, both of Des Moines, Iowa.

Mrs. Conger was well and favorably known here, having spent two years in this county in search of health. After a year's residence she seemed very much benefited until her little boy Hollin was taken suddenly ill and died. She never rallied from the shock, and although at times she suffered excruciating pain she was ever a patient and noble sufferer and during her last and most painful illness her thoughts were ever with the kind friends who endeavored to smooth her dying pathway. She always sought in her gentle and patient way to reward their kindness.

As if in compensation for the fortitude she displayed throughout all her illness her last hours were peaceful. She leaves to mourn her loss, a bright son of ten years of age, her husband, father, sister, and a brother who resides in Seattle, Oregon.

In the Courts.

Jack McSweegan was arrested yesterday for raising a row with a Chinaman in Chinatown. He was taken before Recorder Prince and gave $100 bonds for his appearance for trial, which is set for to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Henry Spiers, arrested on a charge of vagrancy last Friday, was convicted before Justice Wolcott yesterday, and was sentenced to ten days in jail. Spiers has been living in Chinatown.

E. G. Miller and V. D. Knapp of Visalia filed with the County Clerk yesterday a suit against Edward E. Plate and others to foreclose a mortgage on the fractional southwest quarter of section 18, township 14, range 27. The plaintiffs ask for judgment for $200 and for costs of the suit.

L. D. Hunter, the peculating bookkeeper formerly employed by A. Weilheimer, was yesterday fined $15 by Justice Hogue, which he paid. The light fine imposed was by reason of the defendant agreeing to refund the money he had stolen, and to leave the town.

He Found the Dam.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Rostick started on the afternoon of July 3d for the San Joaquin dam intending to spend the 4th there. When they came to the Gould Ditch at the ford they were surprised to see an old colored man on his knees rolling the whites of his eyes towards heaven and praying fervently.

When he saw Mr. and Mrs. Rostick he jumped to his feet, clapped his hands and exclaimed "Bress de Lawd; ise glad you come. I was a huntin fer dat dam an I dun gone and lose my way. I kem her to dis watah and I danno whedder its a ribber or a creek or a canal and I listen fer dat dam, and I don't hear no dam. I look fer dat dam and I dont see no dam. Den I plumps down on my marrow bones and I prays de Good Lawd to lef me know whar dat dam dam was, and He's done answered my prayer, bress de Lawd."

They showed the darkey the dam.

Injuring the Town.

"Fresno has been helped hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth by San Francisco capital. Fresno property has been considered gilt edged security. Do you think you could borrow a dollar now on a business block in Fresno? Well, hardly!"

So says last evening's Obstructionist with an unconcealed but idiotic attempt to injure the town. The business blocks are well insured, and there is not one of them that is not considered gilt edged security for a first mortgage at the rates that have always prevailed. What is the Obstructionist trying to do, anyhow? It is like a flea-bitten dog chewing its own tail.

A Theatrical Attachment.

Al. Hayman's share of the receipts of the performance at Riggs theater last evening, amounting to $160, was attached at the instance of J. D. Fiske. He alleges that the Thatcher, Primrose & West Minstrels played last night in Santa Barbara and paid the rent to the local manager instead of to Fiske, who claims to be the manager of the Santa Barbara place of amusement.

From Reading the Expositor.

Dr. Pedlar goes to Stockton this morning, and to-morrow will urge upon the Commissioner for the insane to examine Marshal Bartlett, who is at present confined in Dr. Clark's private asylum. The object of the examination is not only to settle the question of Mr. Bartlett's sanity, but also to declare his office vacant and a marshal appointed in his place if he is declared to be insane.

A Plain Hint.

The Madera Mercury speaks of the drinking water of Fresno as "canal filth." The Fresno water company should at once call at the business office and insert a column advertisement in the Mercury.

Precaution Taken.

On account of the many fires that have taken place lately, the Grand Central steam laundry has determined to carry an insurance on all articles left to be washed, so that their patrons may suffer no loss in case of damage by fire.
jy21w1

Notice.

To all whom it may concern: All persons are hereby notified that watch will hereafter be kept, and any person caught trespassing upon or taking fruit from lot 5 of the Fresno Colony will be arrested and prosecuted. jy20t2*

For the best Key West Cigar—a real luxury—go to the Yosemite Cigar Store, Farmers Bank building. jy17tf

Buggies, surries, phetons and other wheeled vehicles at the Fresno Agricultural Works at San Francisco prices. d-tf

More men smoke the G. & N. cigar in Fresno than any imported cigar in the market. Greenberg & Norton manufacture it. s19tf

Don't be fooled. If you want to buy good goods and get them cheap, go to Taylor's. jy11tf

The I X L Compound will kill all insects that affect fruit-trees, vines, bushes and plants. E. I. Hutchinson & Co., agents, 935 to 941 South J street, Fresno, Cal. jy10tf

Go and see the elegant buggy show at the repository of the Fresno Agricultural Works. Another elegant car just arrived. Prices away down. se20tf

Panetelas cigars are the best smoke in Fresno. Greenberg & Norton. s19tf

If you want an Embroidered Suit, at less than cost, go to Taylor's. jy11tf

Only purest and best of drugs at Williams & Son's. my4tf

Drs. Hayden and Pedlar have reopened their office in the Bradley block. jy14t3

Ice cold watermelons constantly on hand at Hammond & Hobbs, next to postoffice. jy6tf

Greenberg & Norton, wholesale and retail dealers in Cigars, Tobacco and Cigarettes. s19tf

BORN.

MEADAMS—In Fresno, July 19, 1889, to the wife of R. Meadams, a son.

PICKFORD—Near this city, July 11, 1889, to the wife of T. W. Pickford, a son.

DIED.

CONGER—In Fresno, July 20, 1889, at the residence of Major G. E. Colwell, Mrs. Harriet L. Conger, wife of J. W. Conger, and daughter of General R. V. Ankeny.

A. M. CLARK. W. H. MCKENZIE

CLARK & McKENZIE,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Searchers of Records

AND CONVEYANCERS.

COMPLETE AND RELIABLE ABSTRACTS of Title furnished at short notice. Particular attention paid to having lands properly assessed, and paying taxes thereon.

Accurate Surveys made, corners established, and quality of land reported, with Chart and Diagram of same when required.

All necessary papers for filing on Government or State lands prepared. Also, proofs of homestead and pre-emption claims correctly made up and final receipt obtained.

All business entrusted to us shall receive prompt attention.

OFFICE—In Fresno Loan and Savings Bank.
dw tf FRESNO, CAL.

OGLE HOUSE.

(Opposite Railroad Depot)

STEPHEN ARTHUR, Proprietor

The Best Family Hotel

IN FRESNO!

Single Meals 25 Cents. Lodging 25 and 50 Cents.

Comfortable rooms well furnished and a table supplied with the best the market affords.
1-29-tf

—THE—

Cosmopolitan Restaurant.

Oysters in All Styles!

Mariposa St., next to P. O., Fresno, Cal

We serve the Best the Market Affords! French Dinner from 1 to 7 o'clock, p. m.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Private rooms for Ladies. First-class service in attendance.

B. LOPISECH - - - Proprietor.
dc8tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Eagle Insurance Society of the United States.

Know all men by these presents, that Mrs. C. H. Alexander of Fresno, Cal., has this day been appointed general agent of the Eagle Insurance Society of the United States, with full power to take applications for membership and collect money belonging to the corporation, and appoint local agents, subject to the rules and regulations of said society.

In witness whereof the Eagle Insurance Society of the United States has hereunto affixed the corporate seal and caused this instrument to be signed by its Secretary, this 18th day of June, 1889.

J. H. C. THIELMANN.

In pursuance of the above I invite all persons wishing to insure in the best and safest paying insurance society of the age to call at my office (Fresno Employment Office, 1317 Mariposa street, up stairs. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Telephone 65. je29tf C. H. ALEXANDER.

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF ABRAHAM W. PIERCE, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executrices of the estate of A. W. Pierce, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this notice to the said executrices, at the law office of Monroe & Short, No. 1009 J street, Fresno City, California, the same being their place for the transaction of the business of the said estate, in the said county of Fresno, State of California.

JOANNA P. PIERCE,
HARRIETT C. PIERCE,
Executrices of the estate of Abraham W. Pierce, deceased.
Dated July 6, 1889. jy19t4

Notice of Award of Contract.

PURSUANT TO STATUTE, AND TO RESOLUTION passed by the Board of Trustees of the City of Fresno, July 17, 1889, directing this notice, notice is hereby given that the said Board of Trustees, in open session, on the 8th day of July, 1889, opened, examined and publicly declared all sealed proposals offered for the following work, to wit:

That I street, from the south line of Fresno street, to said city, to the north line of Tulare street, together with the intervening street intersections, except the crossing of Mariposa street, be paved with bituminous rock, and be curbed, guttered, gutters and furnished with approaches as follows, to-wit:

Granite curbs, to be laid thereon, where granite or concrete curbs are not already laid; pipe culverts to be laid at the following street crossings, namely: On the north side of Tulare street on the line of gutter; approaches to be constructed at each street corner, and gutters to be made throughout where paved as aforesaid; and thereafter awarded the contract for said work to the lowest regular, responsible bidder, to wit: The Pacific Paving Company, at the prices named for said work in the proposal of said company on file, and that said award has been approved by the President of the Board of Trustees.

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Fresno, July 18, 1889.
jy19t1 W. B. DENNETT, City Clerk.

FOR SALE.

A Great Bargain.

DESIRING TO RETIRE FROM AGRICULTURAL pursuits and devote my entire attention to the practice of my profession, I offer the

Magnolia Vineyard

TRACT

Containing 480 Acres,

FOR SALE

At a Great Bargain.

I Will Sell in

Subdivisions or as a Whole,

And make terms suitable to the purchaser.

THE VINEYARD IS SITUATED ABOUT eight miles west of Fresno City, and FULL WATER RIGHT in the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company passes with the land.

Also, all the personal property on said tract, including thirty head of horses and mules, agricultural implements etc.

jy13tf W. D. GRADY & SON, Fresno.

Fruits, Confectionery,

MELONS,

Tobacco and Cigars.

GUNS,

Ammunition, Cutlery,

TOYS, ETC.

LARGEST STOCK AND LOWEST PRICES AT

OLMSTEAD & MENNET'S,

(Rees' old stand).

jy6tf 1p

NEW CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

F. T. HILTON, Proprietor.

PRACTICAL BLACKSMITH AND CARRIAGE Maker. Horseshoeing and general job work. I have for sale axles, bolts, clips, spokes, hollow and woven tongues. Carriage and wagon hardware of all kinds. A good supply of hardwood for sale. Carriages and wagons made to order. Discount to the trade. Satisfaction guaranteed.

N STREET, OPP. FRESNO MILL. j16tf

KOHLER HOUSE

(Formerly TREMONT HOUSE),

GEO. M. KOHLER, Prop.

South I Street, Fresno.

HAVING TAKEN CHARGE OF AND REfurnished this large and comfortable hotel, I propose to conduct it in first-class style. Rates made known on application, and guaranteed satisfactory both to regular boarders and to transient customers.

The Table Will Be First-Class

And Rooms

Comfortably Furnished.

In short, it will be

THE BEST HOTEL

For the price in this city.

NONE BUT WHITE COOKS EMPLOYED In this House.

☞ Good Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar. jy2dkwm1

CHISHOLM & JONES,

Clothiers.

The increasing popularity and demand for our style and make of Clothing demonstrates the intelligent appreciation of their merits. They are nowhere slighted, but are as near perfect as skill, material, patient care and the most improved machinery can make them. Employing the best mechanics money can induce, our friends can rely that their excellence and high standard will be fully maintained, regardless of cost.

INTEGRITY

Is the Vital Spark of

Commercial -:- Life

At our counters the rich can buy as low as the poor, and the child as safely as the adult.

ANOTHER MARKED FEATURE OF THIS HOUSE

....IS ITS....

IRON RULE

.....OF.....

Cash Before Delivery Every Time.

To make the most of a sale—to get all the profit possible out of a patron, and charge it—is not our mode of doing business. We listen to no music save the metallic ring of the

Almighty Dollar!

And it is on this basis alone we can expect to offer any inducements to cash trade.

OUR STOCK OF

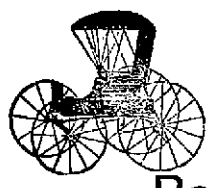
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

Straw and Felt Hats,

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Etc.,

IS VERY COMPLETE,

Together with the largest and best assorted line of Foreign and Domestic Cloths, which we make up to order in elegance that cannot be surpassed on the coast.



Bargains. Bargains.

.....IN.....

Buggies and Wagons!

Have Received Two Carloads of the Celebrated

BAIN WAGONS!

The Best ever brought to this coast, and

THE HIRAM W. DAVIS BUGGIES

The Best Buggy for the price in the market.

Don't buy until you have seen these vehicles. They will be sold at UNUSUALLY LOW CASH PRICES.

A. F. BAKER,

1926 Mariposa St.

jy12w1f

THE CURTIS FRUIT COMPANY

—OF—

Oleander, Washington Colony,

Will Do a General

Fruit and Raisin Packing Business

THE COMING SEASON.

CASH PAID FOR FRUIT AND RAISINS.

a26w1f

F. J. BURLEIGH,

.....DEALER IN.....

Grain, Grain Bags,

.....AND.....

LIVE :: STOCK!

Money advanced on growing Grain and Grain stored in warehouse. Orders taken for Farming Implements.

AGENT FOR THE HOUSER COMBINED HARVESTER.

Warehouse on R. R. Reservation, bet. Mono Inyo St

P. O. Box 725. FRESNO, CAL.

J. M. COSTIGAN, Pres. M. W. MULLER, Manager. E. A. COHEN, Vice-Pres.

FARMERS' WAREHOUSE COMPANY,

FRESNO, || SANGER,

Grain Received on Storage and Money Advanced at Lowest Rates of Interest. Highest Cash Market Price Paid for

WOOL, GRAIN, STOCK and FARM PRODUCE

my28m2 HEAD OFFICE, FRESNO, CAL.

The Fresno Republican

ISSUED
EVERY FRIDAY AFTERNOON
—BY—
J. W. SHORT. J. W. SHANKLIN.
Editors and Publishers.

Mrs. P. S. Shams is visiting her mother in Santa Ana.

J. M. Braly returned last evening from a short visit on the coast.

Miss Mattie Teach, after an absence of eight months in Oakland, returned to this city last Sunday.

Mrs. A. W. Clark, who has been spending a couple months at Highland Springs, returned last Sunday.

Mrs. Ray White and family left for San Francisco Sunday night, to spend the summer with her brother.

Rev. M. Judy, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will return from Pacific Grove by the end of this week.

The funeral of Mrs. Conger will take place from the residence of Major Colwell at 10 o'clock this (Tuesday) morning.

Dr. W. J. Prather returned from San Francisco yesterday, after an absence of a week attending the annual session of the State Dentist Society.

The plans of Architect R. L. Young of this city were accepted yesterday for a $10,000 schoolhouse at Sanger. The work will be commenced at once.

Ricketts Brothers have purchased the cigar and notion store formerly owned by E. H. Loveland, 1039 J street. Their advertisement appears elsewhere in this issue.

Editor Moffett, of the San Francisco Examiner, has been visiting Fresno for the past two days, looking after the interest of his farm in Washington Colony.

Professor J. M. Martin returned last evening, after a stay of several weeks on a visit to his family in Oakland. He is accompanied by his handsome daughter, Miss Muriel.

Charles Burks returned from a short visit to his family in Oakland yesterday. He was accompanied to Oakland by his son Fred, why will enter a private school in that city.

The Board of Supervisors have awarded to Thomas Yost, with a few minor exceptions, the contract for furnishing the stationery supplies to the county officers for the ensuing year.

The extra session of the Board of Supervisors, which has been sitting as a Board of Equalization for several weeks, adjourned sine die last Saturday evening. The Board will reconvene in regular session on September 16th.

E. Gilmour, who went East several weeks ago, was in Buffalo, N. Y., when he heard of the fire that destroyed his store. On learning of the news he immediately started on his way back, reaching this city last Saturday. Mr. Gilmour will rebuild his store.

P. E. Mylins, an experienced watchmaker of San Francisco, has taken charge of the jewelry department in Thomas Yost's store. R. Barth, formerly employed by Mr. Yost, will remove with his family to the Bay City in a few days to permanly reside.

Manager Riggs has donated the use of the armory to the young folks who will give a social dance there this evening. Yesterday many invitations were given out, and to-night a most enjoyable time may be expected, as there has been no dancing going on for some time. Excellent music will be in attendance.

The plans of P. LeBlanc's new brick building, which is to be erected on the grounds where his former building stood in Chinatown, are nearly completed, and the contract for the work will be let in a few days. The plans, which are being made by J. W. Bones, call for a structure two stories high, seventy-five feet wide by sixty-five feet long. The building will cost between $5000 and $6000.

Clarence B. Mudge has taken charge of Walter N. Kirby's business as agent of the Chronicle, Examiner and other San Francisco papers, and will be found at the post office on J street, opposite the debris of the recent Fresno fire. Mr. Mudge is experienced, practical, and a very energetic man, and will add to the newspaper and rubber-stamp agency that of fine artistic engraving and printing.

Caused by Cheap Coal Oil.

As Mrs. Martin Bogoevich, who resides beyond the water mains in West Fresno, was putting her three children to bed last Sunday night, a coal oil lamp in the room adjoining the children's bedroom exploded, and set the house on fire.

Mrs. Bogoevich had barely time to get out of the house with her children, when the cottage was in flames. The alarm was given by the whistle of the Electric Light Works, and the steam fire engines were on the ground in five minutes thereafter.

Nothing was saved from the flames. The house was owned by T. C. White. It was valued at $800 and was uninsured. The furniture belonged to Mr Bogoevich and was insured with Tadlock & Shepherd for $220. It was valued at $256.65.

The family is entirely destitute, and is cared for by B. Brunaugh.

Enterprising Modesto.

The Stockton Mail says: "Modesto is setting Stockton a good example. She is to have a special election on the 24th of August 'for the purpose of voting on the proposition of the city incurring indebtedness for the acquisition, construction and completion of permanent water rights and waterworks, and the necessary structures and appliances for supplying water for the use of the city of Modesto and its inhabitants, and for irrigating purposes therein, to promote and protect the health and cleanliness of said city and its inhabitants, estimated to cost $60,000.' Judging from the majority of the business men who favored the measure when interviewed by the News, the project will carry."

A Faithful Officer Arrested.

Street Superintendent Cummings has been doing heroic work for the past two weeks in compelling criminally careless owners and occupants of houses to remove inflammable rubbish from their back yards. He notified J. D. Fiske to clean up the yards in the rear of his buildings on I street. Fiske refused or neglected to comply and Cummings had the rubbish removed. Fiske thereupon had Mr. Cummings arrested for petit larceny. The case was set for trial for 10 A. M. to-morrow. Cummings some time ago condemned Fiske's Opera-House as unsafe.

A Deserving Charity.

The members and friends of the Woman's Relief Corps who are desirous of extending aid to the family of Martin Bogowich, who were burned out last Sunday evening, are requested to leave word with Mrs. Dr. Deardorff. The family are in destitute circumstances. Provisions, bedding and articles of furniture are needed.

MRS. A. G. DEARDORFF, President of the Women's Relief Corps.

Off for Bold Hingland.

Charles Inns, the company of Donahoo, Emmons & Co., will leave with his wife and family on the 11:52 train this forenoon for a two years' visit to his old home in Warwickshire, England. The old shoe of friendship and good luck will be thrown after them.

NO COMPROMISE.

The Republican Will Stand by the Decent People.

VICE MUST BE PUT DOWN.

Despite the Opposition of the Disreputable Classes and Their Friends.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

The editorial, local, reserve and special corps of the Evening Obstructionist turned out en mass Sunday and Monday on a still hunt for "indignant citizens." By strenuous efforts seven men were found within this city of 12,000 souls, who would publicly admit that they were not wholly pleased with the course of THE REPUBLICAN in waging effective warfare against unlicensed liquor houses where lewd women abide, with the full knowledge and consent of our paid Police Department. Not one of the seven, however, had the assurance to point out or take the lead in "a better way." THE REPUBLICAN would gladly follow the lead and second the efforts of those whose duty it is to ferret out and punish law-breakers. After repeated efforts, this paper, out of respect to itself and the overwhelming majority of decent people in the community, was forced to take up and make a fight, the necessity for which should never have arisen. This paper could have taken money from the class of people it is so vigorously fighting, to have let them alone.

We knew that the friends of the law-breakers would rally to their support whenever their nefarious business was attacked. We knew that they would be backed up by the Evening Obstructionist.

When THE REPUBLICAN found that to further ignore the matter was to countenance the disgraceful conduct of men and women whom it knew to be outlaws, and worse, it did not mince matters nor call them by erroneous names. A cancer can only be permanently removed from the flesh by the application of the knife. To cover it with courtplaster insures its spread. So with the moral cancer, now gnawing at the vitals of our city. Not until the cancer is effectually and permanently removed will Fresno enjoy a healthy and prosperous growth. Men may try to hush matters up—they may even succeed in forcing an honest journal to cease its warfare against crime—but until the cause of this upheaval of public sentiment is removed they will continue to stand upon the crater of a social volcano, the breaking out afresh of which they cannot prevent nor presage.

THE REPUBLICAN appealed to the county and to the City Police Departments, and begged them to do their duty thoroughly and fearlessly, when we were first forced to open the fight. Did they do it? Not they. In the present case we ignore them entirely, and place the matter in the hands of men representing the United States Government. Of course it will be published throughout the length and breadth of the whole country that Fresno houses of ill-fame, where liquor was sold by the drink in violation of law, had to be suppressed by the General Government. Whose fault will it be? Hot-headed lovers of lewd women and a few "indignant citizens," under the blind lead of the Evening Obstructionist, will continue to howl at THE REPUBLICAN. But we defy any and all of them to point to one single iota of encouragement ever extended to that class by this journal.

Time and again have we called the attention of our Sheriff, Constables and City Police Department to criminal matters, which we considered outside the province of a family newspaper. Had they done their duty the tender sensibilities of a few "indignant" followers of the Evening Obstructionist would have been spared the pain of seeing the lawlessness of their friends exposed before the wondering eyes of the people for a thousand miles around. Let the cry now going up against THE REPUBLICAN, from the baker's dozen of "indignant citizens," be taken up by the one thousand dozen who endorse our course, and direct it against those who have forced the matter upon the community—the Police Department—and our work in this direction will have been accomplished.

THE REPUBLICAN started into this fight with great reluctance. It will never let up while there is a disreputable house in a decent quarter of the city.

EX-COUNTY CLERK REYNOLDS

Sick in the French Hospital and Financially Distressed.

Tom Reynolds, for four years County Clerk of San Francisco, going out of office in January, 1889, is now confined to a room at the French Hospital, being afflicted with paralysis of the legs, for which he has been unavailingly doctoring for six months past.

Reynolds' term of office was notable as including the period of the Hayes-Tilden campaign, and his position as ex-officio Registrar led to his being very roughly hauled over the coals, together with Assessor Badlam, on charges of having issued some 4000 fraudulent voting certificates, besides assisting otherwise to change an alleged victory for Tilden to a triumph for Hayes. The Finance Committee of the Board of Supervisors, after investigating the matter, openly published the details of the fraud, though two county and two Federal Grand Juries subsequently exonerated Reynolds and Badlam from any complicity with whatever crookedness may have taken place.

After leaving this city in January, 1889, Reynolds served two years in the office of the Secretary of State at Sacramento, since which he built and conducted the Grand Central Hotel at Fresno for two years, subsequently engaging in mining enterprises in Mexico. Though he made considerable money he subsequently lost it, and is now said to be in pecuniary straits. His wife and family are also in the city.—S. F. Examiner.

FRISKY LILY.

A Plano Woman Who Left Her Husband for Another Man.

The Planoites are quite excited over a little scandal which occurred there just previous to the Fourth, says the Portervilie Enterprise. It appears that Mrs. Lily Eberhardt, who resided with her husband Emil, on Mr. Mentz's ranch, about one and a half miles south of Plano, left her home on the morning of the 2d inst., for the ostensible purpose of going to San Francisco to undergo medical treatment for an ailment she professed. Her husband suspecting nothing nefarious made no objection to her departure, thinking she would return in two or three days; however, day after day went by and still no sign of his fair Lily, nothing but a note from her addressed from San Francisco to Mr. Mentz, and dated the 3d inst., to say that her expenses amounted to more than she thought, and that she required $100, to which the receiver paid no heed, but getting a most urgent telegraphic message on the 5th, Mr. Mentz forwarded her the money as requested, on her representation that she was coming home immediately. But, alas, for the frailty of human nature, like the ship in the ballad, "she never returned," so her husband decided to search for her and see what was the matter.

Leaving here on the 10th inst. he proceeded to the Cosmopolitan hotel in San Francisco, where he found that a woman answering the description of his wife, and a fair man had been staying there under the names of Mr. and Mrs. McKinney, but had left a couple of days previously for Sacramento, where they are now supposed to be staying. He also ascertained that McKinney had left Porterville the day previous to his wife's departure and joined her at Fresno.

Since her absence the elder of her two children, both girls, who were staying with their grandmother, Mrs. Beardsley, at the 18-mile house, was stricken down with diphtheria and died on Monday last, being buried at Porterville on Wednesday last. Mr. and Mrs. Eberhardt were Easterners, being married in Bridgeport, Conn., eleven years ago. They came to this country about four years since, settling on Mentz's ranch about a year after. They seemed to live on good terms together, but Lily was rather frisky, and was pretty well known in Porterville, being a woman of very attractive appearance. Her conduct some time ago was so distasteful to this community that they refused her admittance to the last masquerade ball which took place at Music Hall, and since then she has been totally ostracised. The result of her little escapade will doubtless be an action in the divorce court, when some very spicy evidence may be looked for.

THE BIRD-CAGE.

Mr. Williams Hopes That "The Republican" Will Keep Up the Battle.

"I am glad and thankful," said S. H. Williams, the undertaker, yesterday, "that THE REPUBLICAN has begun the fight to drive out those lewd women up stairs. I have tried to get her out before, but she has a year's lease and defies me to expel her. Of course I can't do anything, and if the police won't arrest her or force her to leave, my hands are tied. It's a shame that such a den should be suffered to exist in front of the Postoffice, and in a respectable neighborhood.

"This woman came to me some time ago and said that she had just arrived from San Francisco, and that she wished to rent the upper floor as a lodging-house. She brought good recommendations and appeared to be very lady-like, and I had not the slightest suspicion of her character. I told her I would let her have the place for $50 a month, and she said she would take it.

"I lease this building from Mr. Phillips, the banker, and my lease provides that I shall not sub-let any part of the premises without his consent. I told Phillips what I thought about her, and he agreed to let her take the place. My son Ed went around town to make inquiries about her, but nobody seemed to know her. Mr. Phillips filled out the blank lease for one year himself. Of course the lease is subject to the law, which assumes that no lease can hold good for an illegitimate business.

"This woman was heard to say last Sunday night that I would have a good time in trying to get her out.

"I am very much distressed about this affair, because I have been a member of the Baptist church for fifty-two years, and I hope THE REPUBLICAN will keep up this fight until she is driven away.

"She hired a lawyer to get up a second lease for two years additional as an art studio, but I refused to sign it.

"It's singular that the police can't drive her out," added Mr. Williams.

Mr. Williams said that he was going to employ a man to watch the door and take down the names of the woman's visitors so that they might be used in court as witnesses.

THE LATE FIRES.

What is Thought Abroad About the Anonymous Letters.

Various persons in Fresno have been receivers of anonymous warnings of late to look out for fire as the town is to be burned. These warnings purport to come from some plug uglies who were run out of the place a year or so ago. THE REPUBLICAN has received a "look out" letter and offers $100 reward for the arrest of its author. It might be said that if anything serious was intended people would not be put on their guard; but of late years it seems to have become a popular craze among criminals to post notices. It is never safe to embrace a pet theory that will lead to fancied security as in crime, like drouth, all signs fail.

Fresno has taken unusual precautions to protect property. If a firebug is caught students of anatomy will be enabled to get hold of a cadaver at bottom rates. This lawlessness can be accounted for on only one hypothesis. Criminals are drifting across the country all the time. Upon this coast there is an eddy of crooks, so to speak, as the stream turns on itself to drift back. Our younger settlements and sparse population have not been so well equipped to cope with the evil as are the older communities of the East. It is something that must be outgrown. We have about outgrown it—so much in fact that it is the unexpected nature of these exhibitions of lawlessness which excites so great surprise and indignation.

Fresno, however, is able and ready to cope with the human vermin which may infest her from time to time. Young, vigorous and prosperous, it is the sort of center that criminals seek. But the law-abiding spirit is too well settled and too widespread to be over-balanced by tramps, pimps or dope-fiends.—Tulare Register.

DAYS OR PERIODS?

Is the Sabbath a Day or a Thousand Years of Rest.

[Communicated.]

Mr. Bowers not long ago asked some minister of the gospel to consider the question, "Was the world made in six literal days of twenty-four hours each?"

Moses tells us that God made the heavens and earth and the light, and divided the light from the darkness in one day of 24 hours, or 23 hours, 56 minutes and 4 seconds. He said that the evening and the morning were the first day, hence he teaches us that the diurnal revolution of the earth is what he calls one day.

Moses taught perhaps one million of Jews to work six literal days, and to rest on one literal day, because God in six days made heaven and earth with their fulness. The Jews and the world generally believe it as taught by Moses.

Some will ask, "Did He not mean periods or spaces of time? I answer that He did—a space of 23 hours 56 minutes and 4 seconds. If He had meant figurative time it would be told us or intimated somewhere in the Bible. "But," one may ask, "Did not Peter in his second epistle say, 'One day is with the Lord as a thousand years?'" This has nothing to do with the days of creation. It means that there is no measured time with Deity. Past, present and future are all before him as present time.

S. P. S.

Fresno, July 22, 1889.

A New Sewer Commissioner.

Sam B. Tombs was appointed Sewer Commissioner by the Board of City Trustees on Monday evening, vice Fred M. Smith, resigned. Mr. Tombs filed his bond yesterday with the following sureties: E. J. King, Charles Bedford, George Studer, George E. Church, S. W. Henry and J. W. Shanklin, in the sum of $2000 each; J. P. Smardel, J. F. Weaver, J. M. Church and J. L. Long each in the sum of $1000, and George Noble in the sum of $4000.

THEY ARE WITH US.

The Republican Indorsed by Decent, Christian People.

DR. DE WITT TALKS PLAINLY,

And Severely Scores the Men Who Defend the Dens of Infamy.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

Rev. H. G. DeWitt, D. D., preached to a large audience last Sunday night at the Baptist Church on "Floods and Flames." When he referred to the fight that THE REPUBLICAN is making single-handed against the dens of vice in the heart of the city a murmur of applause arose from his hearers.

Rev. Dr. DeWitt took for his text: "He saw them toiling in rowing, for the wind was contrary unto them, and about the fourth watch of the night he came to them walking on the sea." Mark 6—48.

"It is an ill wind that blows nobody any good,"

And yet ill winds blow o'er land and sea.

The promise is, all things work together for good to them who love the Lord.

The drapery and scenery which is thrown around the thought of this scripture is a storm upon the sea of Galilee. All night long the disciples beat against angry winds and fierce waves. They were alone. The Master had gone to the mountain solitude, there to hold communion with the everlasting Father, but He had not forgotten His own and watched them through the long night of storm, not a single stir of the wind leaping from the crags of the rocks and mountain peaks, rolling and rattling among the hills, and darting down like an eagle to prey upon the waters of Galilee, but caused a quiver through his whole frame, because he knew it would beat against his disciples, who were upon the sea.

AMID THE WAVES.

"When a small child I was pushed out in a little boat upon the Owasco lake, which answered, in almost every respect, to the sea of Galilee. For many hours I was beaten and driven about by a terrific storm. My mother walked the shore in mortal agony, and planned every means for my rescue. The hour of my deliverance finally came. I am sure that she suffered more than it was possible for me to suffer.

"Can a mother forget her sucking babe and not have compassion upon the son of her womb. Yes, she may. 'Yet will not I forget thee,' saith the Lord of Hosts."

Few cross the sea of life without meeting severe storms. For many days the sun may not shine upon the earth. The blizzard and the cyclone may come down with the fury of death or the tornado drive the plowshare of destruction throughout the fairest part of our possession.

What a year 1889 has been for storms all over the world!

In the history of civilization there has been nothing in our country to compare with the past season.

A TIDAL WAVE.

A tidal wave seventy feet high sweeps down the Conemaugh valley. Thousands upon thousands are buried beneath its rushing torrents. Williamsport, Elmira and forty other towns suffer the most memorable losses in property and life. Yesterday there was wired over the continent another most dreadful tidal wave of destruction in the state of Virginia, and floods of water are reported again through the length and breadth of the East.

Storms of fire have swept away whole cities, and no part of the land seems exempt. The midnight torch has kindled the flames that have devoured several valuable portions of your city. Does our Master not care that we suffer these things? Is God in nature or Providence responsible for these disasters? I answer No, 'tis the god of this world, the prince of the power of the air that worketh in the hearts of the children of disobedience. God has promised to overrule, but is in no sense the author of these dreadful calamities.

Storms are not always unmixed evil. More generally they are overruled for our highest good. They purify the air. They cause the trees that are bowed and bent by the storm to grow stronger roots and broader boughs, and they are made more fruitful by the tempest.

PURIFICATION BY TRIAL.

Men and women, too, are solidified, compacted and ennobled by the storms of severe trial. It is the only element into which a true soldier can grow.

Martin Luther was made the apostle of reformation by the storms that beat upon him. Cary and Judson were made the apostles of mission by storms of severe suffering, but there is no thanks due to the brothers of Joseph for selling him in bondage, nor to the wife of Potiphar for causing him to be locked up in a prison cell, and yet these were the things that made him ruler of Egypt.

He said she meant it for evil, but God meant it for good that He might bring it to pass, as it is this day, to save many people alive.

A STORM OF IMPURITY.

A very storm of impurity seems now sweeping over portions of our city.

Men whose fierce passions, set on fire by the breath of hell, encourage opening dens and dives for the lecherous, that they may offer worse than a human sacrifice upon the altar of their lust.

Harlots are placed into respectable portions of the city, that by their arts, blandishments and pretensions they may seduce the young and unwary to follow her whose way goes down to death, whose steps take hold of hell.

This deluge of filth is more to be feared than floods or fires, and every man who loves his country, his city and his home should join heartily in the support of a brave press, and pledge, as did our fathers, life, property and sacred honor to shelter and defend our citizens, our friends and our families from this storm of harlotry.

And let us all know that though it be the fourth watch of the night, the Master is looking upon us and will come to our deliverance.

Let no one cease their rowing against the wind and wave, and let no craven spirit cause us to give up the struggle and return to the shore from whence we departed. Let us put forward until the storm is ended and the haven of peace and rest is fully enjoyed.

Hoodlums From Fresno.

A party of young men and women from Fresno went riding in buggies last Sunday over a private road three miles north of this city. They purchased some big firecrackers in town before they left and amused themselves by exploding their combustibles on the way. The result was that the dry stubble was set on fire and the farmers along the line of march had to remain out all night fighting the flames in order to save their grain fields. Forty acres of stubble was burned over. At the place where the fire started several half-burned firecrackers were found.

The farmers propose to go shotgunning for such Fourth of July parties in future.

Still Injuring the Town.

Last Saturday evening the Expositor published an article regarding the coming $20,000 races with no other apparent object than to throw cold water on the enterprise. It labored very hard to emphasize the fact that the main purse was for $3000 only; $10,000 as the premium, less $2000 entrance fee. The article was telegraphed to the San Francisco Examiner by the Associated Press representative, in the employ of the Expositor, and was published in last Sunday's issue of the Examiner. The way had been paved to cover the tracks of the Expositor, by the statement made in that paper last Saturday to the effect that all the Examiner's telegrams from Fresno came from a gentleman in the employ of THE REPUBLICAN.

The gentleman in the employ of THE REPUBLICAN is the special correspondent of the Examiner, and sends such facts as may be ordered specially by the Examiner or suppressed by the Associated Press. The Examiner takes the Associated Press dispatches that are sent by the Expositor.

It is necessary that this statement should be made in view of the Expositor's statement made last Saturday.

A SLOGGING MATCH.

The Black Pearl Knocks Out the Black Diamond in Seven Rounds.

A rattling fight, under Marquis of Queensberry rules, took place last night a little outside of the city. The principals were a darkey who waits on the lunch table of Scott's saloon, and whose title was the Black Diamond, and a colored bootblack in the barber shop in the Bradley block, named for the occasion the Black Pearl.

Professor Young Dutchy, the middleweight pugilist, acted as referee, and Steve Arthur, of the Ogle House, as time keeper. The Pearl was seconded by Henry Mallett and the Diamond by Billy Martell. About fifty "indignant citizens," who had subscribed to the purse, were present.

Four ounce gloves were used and the Marquis of Queensberry rules were adopted. Seven rattling good rounds were fought, and the battle was concluded by the Pearl knocking out the Diamond.

The Diamond, with a cold glitter in his eye, got several good ones in on the Pearl's ribs in the first round. In the second round the Pearl forced the fighting and knocked the Diamond down three times.

The odds, which had been $20 to $10 on the Diamond, now went the other way.

In the fourth round the Pearl adopted Sullivan's tactics and rushed the Diamond into his corner and pummeled him fiercely there.

In the fifth the Diamond's lustre paled, and he came up groggy on his pins, but he made a brave fight against the superior wind and skill of his antagonist.

In the sixth the Diamond rallied and rushed the Pearl, but it was only for a short time, for the Pearl countered him heavily on the jaw and sent him to grass.

In the seventh round the Diamond was weak and the Pearl put him to sleep with a right-hander under the ear.

Professor Young Dutchy intends to open an athletic school in this city with the theory and practice of the manly art as its leading feature.

FOOLING THE SHERIFF.

A Smart Prisoner Obtains His Release by a Falsehood.

Says the Stockton Mail: "The worst break I ever heard of a Sheriff making," said Attorney Rendon, to-day, "was a mistake which was charged to the Fresno Sheriff a few days ago. Two men were convicted in a small Fresno town of vagrancy, and were sent to the County Jail, one for forty days and the other for ninety days. The day before the forty days had elapsed the man who was sentenced for the longer term called the Sheriff out to forget that his term was to expire on the morrow. The Sheriff actually liberated him on the next day. Toward night the short-term man called the official and asked him why he wasn't turned loose, as his time was served. 'Oh, no,' said the Sheriff, 'you don't play any such game on me. You'd better keep quiet.' The man insisted, though; the court records were examined and the fact that he was the forty-day man clearly established. Of course he had to be liberated, and there is a man somewhere who owes Fresno county fifty days' service in jail."

Sheriff Hensley acknowledges the corn. The prisoners were committed from Kingsburg, for battery. The escape will be recaptured if possible.

FOUR RUNAWAYS.

A Very Lively Time on Mariposa Street, Yesterday Afternoon.

Four runaways occurred on the streets yesterday afternoon, and notwithstanding they cleared Mariposa street for a distance of several hundred yards, luckily of the many persons who were on the streets at the time none were hurt.

The first runaway started on I street, a short distance south of Mariposa street, and was caused by the wheels of a grain wagon which was passing along, striking against the wheels of a buggy, frightening the horse to which it was attached. The scared animal broke its fastening and ran down Mariposa toward H street, and when opposite the Mint saloon collided with a spring buckboard, owned by A. H. Dean of Fowler. The collission upset the buggy and broke the shafts. The animal kicked itself loose and sped down the street and was soon out of sight, having on only a part of the harness.

Mr. Dean's team, which had been left standing in the street, joined in the runaway, and when near H street ran into an ice cream peddler's wagon, which also was minus a driver. The two teams then began a neck-and-neck race toward the railroad, one of them turning into the San Joaquin Lumber Company's yard, where it was caught, having done but little damage. The other runaway was last seen as it passed over the hill by the cannery, headed for the colonies.

Louis Heringhi's Banquet.

The hosts of friends of Louis Heringhi, the lucky winner of $15,000 at the last drawing of the Louisiana lottery, were given a champagne supper at the Peerless saloon last evening. Mr. Heringhi goes to San Francisco this morning on a visit to his parents, and while in the city will draw his $15,000. He will also visit in Santa Cruz, returning to Fresno in about three weeks for the purpose of making arrangements to open up a store in this city.

Kindness Appreciated.

The thanks of THE REPUBLICAN are hereby extended to its many friends for the interest they seem to be taking in its fight against the houses of ill-fame, and those who would keep them in respectable portions of our city. This paper does not ask private citizens to grant it partisan interviews, neither will it solicit such aid from personal friends. Suffice it to say that we appreciate the feeling among the people that is giving THE REPUBLICAN new subscribers by the score every day, and filling its columns every day with new advertisements.

A Fireman Injured.

John C. Nourse, of the firm of Witham & Nourse, received a painful injury while handling the Aurora hose at last Sunday night's fire. As the water came through the hose suddenly the nozzle flew back and cut his lip open. It required three stitches to close the wound.

LIVE FRESNO.

Impressions Made by It on a San Franciscan.

THE RIGHT KIND OF PAVEMENT.

New Ordinances Needed—The Great Evil of Faro to a Growing City Like Fresno.

From the Daily of Wednesday

"I am very much pleased with Fresno on this, my first visit to it," said a San Francisco business man yesterday. "I like the modern style and appearance of the fine new brick buildings that are being erected here. It shows that the Siburian element has not yet got a foothold here yet. Another feature which struck me as a very hopeful sign for the city's future prosperity is the fact that most of your business men here are young wide-awake people.

"Fresno is very fortunate in having no pavements," added the visitor, gravely.

"How do you make that out?" inquired the reporter.

A POSSIBILITY.

"If Fresno had been paved years ago it might have been of gravel, cobbles, basalt blocks or macadam, all of which have been proved abominations, and if any effort were made to change the style of pavement the Siburian element would raise a howl, and the chances are ten to one that they would perpetuate the nuisance. Now, that you have no pavements at all, and that your enterprising citizens have taken the lead in selecting bituminous rock as the material for the proposed paving of several blocks in the business portion of the city, the example thus set will in all likelihood be followed with regard to the streets that will be paved hereafter. When at least the business part of the city is thoroughly paved with bituminous rock you will have one of the best paved cities in California. It will be uniform and noiseless and free from dust and mud. The money that is spent for sprinkling dusty, unpaved streets would in two or three years pay for the cost of paving them with bituminous rock.

"The business men who pave the streets in front of their places of business with this material will save their stock from injury and disfigurement from the dust. Ladies will do their shopping on those streets in winter, as well as in summer, because the streets and crossings with very little care can be kept clean.

GOOD ORDINANCES NEEDED.

"Fresno being a young city—I mean the modern Fresno—has outgrown her simple form of government and now needs a set of good fire and criminal ordinances. I would suggest that the San Francisco ordinances be taken as the model, and that new ordinances be patterned after them.

"I was surprised and almost amused when I read in THE REPUBLICAN this morning that the Street Superintendent found some powder magazines in the heart of the city, and when I learned that the city was without any ordinances to regulate the storage of coal oil and gun powder I was still more surprised. It is positively alarming to think that several hundred pounds of gunpowder should be stored next to a barn full of hay. I find also that there are no ordinances regulating the storage of coal oil, and when I think of these things I do not wonder that when you have fires in Fresno you have big ones.

"You need an electric alarm telegraph and other facilities here, and if you have not got the money in the treasury it would be economy to go into debt.

FARO.

"I notice that your faro games are running here every night. I presume you look upon it as a local institution. Faro is a bad thing for any country town after harvest. Farmers and ranch hands come to town to pay bills and buy goods. They often run up again a faro game and drop their money on the green cloth, and the result is that many little articles of luxury are not bought, that many bills remain unpaid and the business of the city suffers.

"I like Fresno immensely. It has a big country back of it, and the country is steadily on the increase. All that remains to insure its prosperity is to adopt metropolitan methods, increase the efficiency of the fire department by the improvements which have been suggested by THE REPUBLICAN and it will be one of the best of the interior towns to live in and to do business in.

FISKE AGAINST ZETZ.

A Case in Which the Landlord Was Knocked Out by a Jury.

Justice Wolcott and a jury were engaged yesterday afternoon in hearing the case of J. D. Fiske against Samuel Zetz, an action for debt. Fiske alleged that on March 1st he rented a certain two-story building on I street to Zetz at a rental of $200 per month, and that since the day on which Zetz first occupied the first floor of the building with his saloon and bowling alley he has not so much as received the first month's rent, wherefore he asked judgment for $650, the aggregate amount of four months rent and for the costs of the suit.

Zetz in his defense alleged that by the terms of the lease not only was the lower floor of the building to be put in repair ready for occupancy, but that three rooms on the second floor were also in readiness when he should take possession. That in place of Fiske abiding by the contract, he, Zetz, was obliged to accept the building upon the understanding that all the work necessary for its completion would be done within a few days after it was occupied. That on the contrary only the first floor was put in order, and that no work whatever has been done on the three rooms overhead as agreed.

That in compensation for the rooms occupied he had tendered Fiske $160 per month, but that he refused to accept that amount or any other sum short of the $200 per month.

The jury believed that under the circumstances a sufficient amount of money had been offered by the defendant and accordingly brought in a verdict in his favor. The case will probably be appealed.

REBUILDING.

Major Denicke Invents a Valuable Precaution Against Fire.

The business man who were burned out in the recent fire at the corner of Mariposa and J streets intend to rebuild with handsome brick structures without further delay. The ground is too valuable, and the rental revenue that it will bring is too great to be lost by allowing the land to lie idle.

E. Gilmore, who owned the building in which the millinery store was situated, next to Major Denicke's place, intends to erect a substantial three-story building, of modern style and elegant design.

Major Denicke will not be behind-hand in style or solidity, and he has workmen already engaged in removing the debris, preparatory to beginning the work. Major Denicke has invented and will put in place a dropping porch made of sheet iron. It will be fastened in front of the second floor, to solid rings set in the wall, and will have hinged braces similar to those in use for the canopy of buggies. In case of fire next door or across the street three or four men can unlock these hinges and allow the porch to drop down in front of the windows. This will protect the windows and doors from the heat and from flying sparks and cinders, and even from sheets of flame.

The idea is an excellent one, and when once put in use, will be adopted by all careful house owners.

Major Denicke also proposes to dispense with a wooden fence in his back yard, and will erect instead a brick wall nine feet high as a further protection against fire. He will save in a year or two by the reduced rate of insurance more than the extra value of the improvements.

IN MEMORIAM.

Friends Gather to Bid Farewell to the Remains of Mrs. Conger.

[Communicated.]

Yesterday morning the parlors of the residence of G. E. Colwell were crowded with friends who had congregated to do reverence to one of their friends called hence in the bloom of youth. Harriet L. Conger, wife and companion of J. W. Conger, lay at rest, after a brave but severe struggle with mysterious Death, who claims us all sometime. A brother, Rev. Everett Conger, stood at the head of the coffin, which contained all that remained of his beloved sister and brother's wife. His was a sad mission of love to review in language melting from a sincere heart the beautiful life of the brave little woman departed to the realm above, where the weary rest and suffering is unknown. She had gone to join her boy, who, but a short time before, had responded to the bugle call.

Clustering around the remains were those she left to mourn her loss. Father, husband, child and sister mourned, and, as their sobs were floated aloft to the Throne of Grace, where peace reigns, they were minded with the mourning of the brother miles away and unable to be where he could drop his tear upon the bier of death.

There are times in all men's lives when everything seems dark and lost, and when friends should gather around and help tide them over the dark channel of sorrow. Mrs. Congar left many friends, and they were at this last service of remembrance done her. They came loaded with flowers and floral pieces and songs to help mourn and show their respect for the one dead and their love for the ones living.

A solemn scene when prayer was offered and many a heart joined in the amen as they glanced at the sweet face at rest, her coffin covered with a pyramid of flowers. The Knights Templar brethren of Mr. Congar who, have been an ever-present aid to him during the past weeks of trouble, offered a floral Maltese cross, very large and very beautiful, with quiet and sad variegated flowers.

Mrs. Pridam made for her friend a pillow of flowers plucked lovingly, with the word "Rest" in colored flowers upon it. There were several floral pieces sent by absent ones, and brought by those who could be present.

Miss Mary Martin coming from Oakland brought her floral offering and one from her cousin, Mrs. Colwell, returning from the Bay at the call of a loved one gone, brought a pillow of roses, white and pure, as an offering to her departed friend.

Loving, gentle hands of woman buried their departed companion in flowers, modest and sweet. After the pangs of a dreadful disease she sank to sleep and to rest, and who would call her back to suffer? She left them sorrowing because she has gone—but with the bitter comes the sweet—at rest forever. Taken early in life she leaves her friends both old and young waiting for the bugle to call them home.

Though the blossoms of age may put lee in our veins,
And no fibres of steel in our sinews remain,
Though the comrades of yesterday's march are not here,
And the sunlight seems pale and the branches are sere;
Though the sound of our cheering dies down to a moan,
We shall find our lost youth when the bugle is blown.

CARD FROM MRS. DEARDORFF.

An Explanation of Her Connection With a Charitable Organization.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN: When requesting your reporter to give notice of the call for help for the family who were burned out Sunday evening, which, by the way, I was asked to do by two gentlemen, both of whom sent contributions for the family, it did not occur to me that he might confuse the two societies known as the Women's Relief Corps and the The Fresno Relief Society, the one a society composed of the wives and daughters of the old soldiers for the relief of any of its members, as I understand, and duly incorporated, and the last named a society for the relief of the poor and needy of Fresno, of which I am President.

My name has so often appeared in the papers in connection with this work, that anyone seeing the notice of this morning should have known at once that it was a mistake on the part of the printers, as what possible good would accrue to me from signing my name as President of a society in which I have no interest; therefore I am inclined to resent as an insult the note which I to-day received from the Post Commander, a notice which I deem, under the circumstances, entirely uncalled for.

The fact that the call was to the public for charity, would show to any member of the post that it was not the work of their society. I simply asked the reporter to write a notice to the effect that any of our citizens who wished to contribute to the needs of those who had been burned out, and would donate any article of furniture or clothing or money, and would send word to me of the same, I would see that such articles were gathered together and given to those who might need them. By the way, I was told by the woman of this family that the insurance on their goods was $100 instead of $200.

There are three little children, and every article was lost except what they had on. At present our society has neither money nor summer clothing to use in such cases, and it seems to me that the "sympathy" and "pockets" of our "loading citizens" should be as open to such real cases of need, where little children are concerned, as in some other cases which are unnecessary to mention.

MRS. A. G. DEARDORFF.

A Delightful Party.

A more delightful evening would scarcely have been selected for the social party given by the young folks at Riggs theater than last night. The air was cool, and with the gentle breeze that sprang up early in the evening combined to make the occasion one thoroughly enjoyed.

There were between thirty and forty couples present, just enough to fill the spacious hall comfortably and to keep those who took part in the mazy whirl from jostling against each other. The order of dances contained twelve numbers and two extras. Music was furnished by Riggs' theater orchestra.

Old Mansfield in Hock.

Justice Hogue, in passing sentence on "Oh!" Mansfield for vagrancy and disturbing the peace the other day, gave him the option of serving six months in jail or the alternative of quitting the town for a like number of days. Mansfield chose to leave, and yesterday went as far as Madera, where he got gloriously drunk and was sentenced to twenty days in the county jail, where he now languishes.

A FICKLE MATE.

Jake Fritsch Leaves His Bride of Three Weeks.

THE MISTAKE OF A WIDOW.

Jake Left His Wife On a River Boat Without a Ticket or Any Money.

From the Daily of Wednesday.

Those who knew Jake Fritsch or Fritz, formerly an extraman on Eureka engine and mate of one of the river steamers, will read with interest the story of his three weeks' honeymoon, which he cut short by skipping the country. Jake's forsaken wife tells the story to a San Francisco paper and it is here considerably abridged. His bride was a widow, who after several unsuccessful business ventures determined to make one in another direction. To accomplish it she advertised in the newspapers here for the position of housekeeper. Among the many answers she received was one from J. Fritsch. This one she answered and for some months letters passed between the two, and at last a proposal of marriage was made. To this the widow replied cautiously,

The Fresno Republican

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AFTERNOON

—BY—

Short & Shanklin.

TERMS:

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Six Months,..... $1.5

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.

THE SUPERVISORS.

Regular Proceedings of the Board for the Month of July.

FRESNO, July 1.

Board of Supervisors met for their regular Jury term. Present—Full board.

In the matter of entering into the contract for the construction of the bridge across the San Joaquin river at Lane's ford: The board having taken this matter under advisement on June 4, 1889, and having duly considered thereof, and it appearing that the plans and specifications as submitted by the Pacific Bridge company under their bid No. 2 into a good and sufficient bond in the sum of $10,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, and to be approved by the Chairman of this board. And now R. W. Sorrell, President of the Pacific Bridge Company, appearing and presenting the contract, duly signed by him, together with a bond in the sum of $10,000, the board proceed to the examination of said bond and contract, and having duly considered thereof, do order that the said bond be and the same is hereby approved, and said contract having been considered, it is ordered that the Chairman hereof be and he is hereby directed to sign the same upon the part of the County of Fresno, said contract to be executed in duplicate; and it is further ordered that the Clerk hereof attach the plans, specifications, etc., together and file them with the County Recorder. And it is now determined and ordered by this board that the piles to said bridge be cut off two feet above the low water mark.

In the matter of awnings for the windows for the Recorder's office and the room of the Board of Supervisors: It appearing that the Recorder's office has no protection from the sun over the window thereof on the north side, and also that the room occupied by this Board is in a similar condition, and that awnings should be constructed over the windows in said rooms to better protect them from the heat, therefore, it is ordered that the janitor cause to be constructed one awning over each of the windows in the Recorder's office on the north side and over all the windows in the office of this Board.

The Board ordered a continuation of the following road matters until September 16, 1889:

In re petition of D. C. Sample et al.
In re petition of J. W. Rhodes et al.
In re petition of A. B. Gardner et al.

July 2, 1889.

In the matter of paying freight on boiler, etc., for Courthouse: It appearing to the Board that the boiler, etc., ordered for the Courthouse has arrived, and that there is due thereon the sum of $55 to Central Pacific Railroad Company for freight, therefore it is ordered that the County Auditor draw his warrant on the general fund in favor of H. Smart for the sum of $55, to be applied on the payment of said freight.

The Board ordered a continuance of the followin road matter until September 19, 1889:

In re petition of I. N. Poole et al.
In re petition of T. L. Reed et al.
In re petition of J. J. Reyburn et al.
In re petition of W. C. West et al.
In re petition of A. A. Webber et al.
In re petition of S. N. Bond et al.

July 3, 1889.

In the matter of authorizing and directing the County Surveyor to lay out the road in Nevada Colony, which runs on the half section line dividing sections 32, township 13 south, range 21 east, Mt. D. B. and M. Whereas, it appears that the public road, or avenue, in the Nevada Colony, which runs north and south on the line dividing section 32, township 13 south, range 21 east, is not defined so that the same can be opened and worked. Therefore it is ordered that the County Surveyor be and he is hereby directed to proceed and lay out said road twenty-five feet on each side of the section line.

The Board ordered the following road matters to be continued until September 18, 1889:

In re petition of F. G. Berry et al.
In re petition of H. Pickle et al.
In re petition of Fresno Flats and Panoche Road.
In re petition of J. E. Whilson et al.
In re petition of T. J. Hall et al.
In re petition of W. P. Nelson et al.
In re petition of J. E. Chasin et al.
In re petition of J. N. Jamison et al.

July 5th, 1889.

In the matter of the application of B. A. Hawkins, School Superintendent, for deputy. This matter coming before the Board for consideration upon the application on file herein, asking for the allowance of one deputy for the period of eight months at a salary of $75 per month. After consideration thereof, the Board order that said B. A. Hawkins be, and he is hereby allowed, one deputy at a salary of $65 per month for the period of six months during this fiscal year.

The Board ordered a continuance of the following road matters until September 19, 1889:

In re petition of Edwin Dudley et al.
In re petition of E. W. Holmes et al.
In re petition of John Taft et al.
In re petition of E. W. Chapman et al.
In re petition of P. W. Hastie et al.

July 6, 1889.

In the matter of transferring funds to to road district No. 2: It is ordered that the Auditor and Treasurer be and they are hereby directed to transfer from the general road fund the sum of $500 to the fund of road district No. 2.

In the matter of instructing the District Attorney to proceed and prosecute all parties who have not taken out a license for transacting the various kinds of business in this county which are subject to license. It appearing to this Board that parties are transacting business in this county without first obtaining a license therefor; therefore it is ordered that the District Attorney proceed and prosecute all parties who fail to take out a county license for the transaction of their business as the law directs.

In the matter of advertising for bids for maintaining and keeping in repair the Toll House road. It is ordered that the Clerk hereof cause to be published in the Fresno Weekly Expositor and the FRESNO WEEKLY REPUBLICAN a notice calling for bids for maintaining and keeping in good repair the Toll House road from the southeast corner of section No. 24, township 12 south, range 20 east, being near Collins' old store, to the Donahoo old mill in section 2, township 10 south, range 24 east.

Said bids to be accompanied by a cash deposit or certified check in the sum of $100, conditioned that the successful bidder will enter into a contract, and also a bond in the sum of $2000, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract. The contractor to be paid in four equal annual installments, and upon the Road Commissioner of District No. 2, who will examine said road and repeat upon the character of the work done. Said bids will be recorded up to and including Saturday, the 20th day of July, 1889, at 10 o'clock P. M., and shall be directed to the Clerk of this Board and marked "Bids for maintaining Toll House road." The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

The Board ordered paid the following claims from the hereinafter named funds:

ROAD FUND.

W H Payson, road work	$ 62.25
San Joaquin Lumber Co, lumber	17.71
E A Eason, road work	48.12
Donahoo, Emmons & Co, hardw're	12.25
E R Hutchinson, road work	22.05
San Joaquin Lumber Co, lumber	268.77
B Bennett, road work	70.00
John Taft, " "	36.00
J W Holleday, viewing, etc	21.00
B S Fickle, road work	50.75
Valley Lumber Co., lumber	755.36
John Dapello, road work	18.00
Madera Flume and Trading Co. lumber	26.44
J C Hunt, road work	18.00
Jas W Green, road work	33.40
George Thurman, road work	8.00
J. W. Taylor, road work	21.00
F. M. Himes, road work	5.25
T. S. Downey, road work	70.00
Charles Perry, road work	13.12
T. F. Downey, road work	15.62
J. M. Noble, road work	15.75
A. Bollinger, road work	48.60
A Burnett, road work	7.00
Kutner, Goldstein & Co., supplies	50
Crawford & Guerdey, blacksmithing	4.75
P. Bowdeith, road work	47.50
James Darwold, carpentering	9.00
John Tuft, road work	96.37
J. F. Moodey, road work	61.25
San Joaquin Lumber Company, lumber	38.94
J. F. Marshall, road work	65.50
San Joaquin Lumber Company, lumber	242.44

GENERAL FUND.

F Y Madely, jury	$ 3 00
A H Toubrook, jury	3 00
J G Dusenbury, jury	3 00
B M Hogue, jury	3 00
W J Newton, jury	21 00
J G Ramer, jury	3 00
T F Huff, jury	21 00
J S Bowdish, jury	6 00
A J Thorn, jury	54 00
R H Austin, jury	3 00
George Studer, jury	3 00
J W Staten, jury	3 00
S Griffith, jury	3 00
Theo Booth, jury	48 75
John Storer, jury	73 00
J W Coffman, jury	54 00
W R Bibby, jury	21 00
A P Brooks, jury	3 00
J N Boyd, jury	3 00
W D Wristen, jury	3 00
G M Bunnell, Jury	3 00
A Jackson, jury	3 00
A Jackson, jury	3 00
J W Potter, jury	57 30
William Owens, jury	3 00
G R G Glenn, jury	3 00
G J Craycroft, jury	54 00
J G Edwards, jury	59 75
W M Story, jury	56 50
D J McConnell, jury	21 00
Fred Ward, jury	21 00
Carlton Curtis, jury	54 75
W L Flanagan, jury	21 00
S B C Thornsberry, jury	50 75
H N Cutler, jury	58 25
J G S Arrants, jury	57 75
George Ninnis, jury	21 00
S Griffith, jury	3 00
B W McCloskey, jury	75 50
B C Thomas, jury	21 00
Fresno Water Co., water	1 50
A H McCrory, constable fees	8 65
A P Hansen, jury	54 00
T M Elam, "	54 00
W H Tucker "	21 00
John Boyle "	3 00
C Childers "	3 00
I L Grainger "	3 00
J M Statham "	54 00
M C Stont "	62 50
J S Ensey "	54 00
M Bilby "	3 00
W L Pemberton "	60 00
Chas Erickson "	55 25
J Hutchinson "	3 00
Geo Lawson "	3 00

FRESNO, July 8, 1889.

In the matter of fixing the rates to be allowed for labor performed on public highways: It is by this Board ordered that the rates for labor on the public highways in Fresno county, from and after this date, be and is hereby fixed as follows, to-wit:

First—For common laborers with shovel, pick, etc., per day, $2.

Second—For carpenters well qualified, and tools, $3.

Third—For man and team, two horses or mules, with plow, scraper or wagon, $3.75.

Fourth—Man and team, four horses or mules, and implements, $5.25.

In the matter of the petition for the division of Road District No. 2, and the establishment of a new road district to be known as Road District No. 10.

The petition of D. D. Hohn and others having been filed herein, asking that Road District No. 2 be divided and a new district be formed from a portion thereof, coming up for consideration, and the Board having fully considered the same, and it appearing that said district should be divided and a new district formed, therefore, it is ordered that the said district be, and the same is hereby divided as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the northeast corner of section 13, in township 9 south, range 23 east; thence south to the northeast corner of section 25, township 10 south, range 23 east; thence west to northeast corner of section 21, township 11 south, range 22 east; thence south to northeast corner of section 4, township 12 south, range 22 east; thence west to the northeast corner of section 3, township 12 south, range 21 east; thence south to the southeast corner of section 34, township 12 south, range 21 east, to the 3d standard line of Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west 30 chains and 81 links to northeast quarter of section 3, township 13 south, range 21 east; thence south to southeast corner of section 15, township 13 south, range 21 east, and that the territory lying east of said line be and is hereby designated as Road District No. 10, and west thereof as Road District No. 2.

In the matter of the petition of C. F. Cathoop et al for organization of West Side Irrigation District: The Board canvassed the election held on June 25, 1889, at the several election precints in said district, and it appearing from the same that more than two-thirds of the votes cast were in favor of "Irrigation, Yes;" therefore the Board orders that said district, with the boundaries described in the notice of election, be established, and declare the following persons elected to the respective offices: R. R. Teutem, Assessor; L. Gudehaus, Collector; J. F. Donkin, Treasurer; T. L. Duke, Director of Division No. 5; C. C. Easton, Director of Division No. 3; J. R. McDonald, Director of Division No. 4; A. P. Stocking, Director of Division No. 5.

July 9, 1889.

In the matter of advertising for bids for furnishing the county with stationery it is ordered that the Clerk hereof cause to be published in the Daily Evening Expositor and THE DAILY MORNING REPUBLICAN, newspapers published in Fresno county, a notice calling for sealed bids for furnishing the county and its officers with the following stationery for the ensuing year, to-wit:

Paper—Legal cap, 16-lb., per half ream; caligraph paper, per ream; manilla pads, legal size, per dozen; manilla pads, letter size, per dozen; carbon paper for caligraph.

Ink—Arnold's fluid, per dozen, quarts; Sanford's chemical fluid, per quart; Carter's fluid, per dozen, quarts; carmine ink, four-ounce bottles, glass stoppers; carmine ink, per quart.

Mucilage—Mucilage pots, per half-dozen; mucilage, per quart, best quality; mucilage, per pint, best quality.

Pens—Railroad, per gross; Gillott's No. 404, per gross; Glucium, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Spencerian No. 1, double elastic; Falcons 048, per gross; Falcons, ladies', No. 182, per gross.

Pencils—Dixon's graphite, per dozen; Faber's hexagon, Nos. 2 to 5, per dozen; red and blue, per dozen; indelible pencils, per dozen; indelible leads, per dozen; Crown, No. 2.

Penholders—Large penholders, small nickle tip, per dozen; rubber penholders, per dozen.

Rubber Bands.—Different sizes, per gross.

Blotting Paper.—10x24, 140 pounds, best treasury, per dozen; 12x6, 140 pounds, best treasury, per dozen.

Inkstands.—Safety, per dozen, large and small sizes.

Erasers.—Steel erasers, best quality, per half-dozen; ink and paper rubber erasers, per dozen.

Eyelets.—"B," per box.

Tape.—Red tape, 72 yards, per half-dozen spools.

Paper Fasteners.—McGill's round-heads, per box; McGill's fasteners for staple press, per box. All bids to state separately the price of each article to be furnished. And said bids will be received up to and including Saturday, the 20th day of July, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Board reserves the right to accept or reject any or all of them, or may accept or reject a part of any such bids.

In the matter of having the road opened on the half section line, north and south, through section 33, township 13 south, range 21 east, Mt. D B and M. The surveyor having staked out the above road as per order of this Board, made on the 30th inst. Therefore the Board do order that the Roadmaster of Road District No. 2 open up the same to the public.

July, 10, 1889.

In reissuance of Sanger school district bonds: The Board ordered the reissuance of Sanger School district bonds to the number of five of the denomination of $2000 each.

July 11, 1889.

In the matter of the petition for the change in boundaries between Oleander and Washington Colony school districts: The petition of O. B. Olufs and others having been filed herein, asking to have the boundaries between Oleander and Washington Colony school districts so changed as to include the E½ of SE¼ and E½ of NE¼ of section 15 and sections 28 and 26, in township 15 south, range 20 east, in the Oleander school district. And also the remonstrance against including said E½ of SE¼ and E½ of NE¼ of said section 15 in said Oleander district. The Board proceeded to the consideration thereof, and the county school superintendent having recommended that such change be made by transferring said sections 25 and 26, township 15 south, range 20 east, from Washington colony school district to Oleander school district. Therefore the Board do order that said line be and the same is hereby changed so as to include said sections 25 and 26 in Oleander school district.

In the matter of the petition for the abandonment of road in the town of Selma: The petition of A. W. Keith and others, asking that a certain road which lies on the south side of the north line of the southeast half of section 6, township 6 south, range 22 east, and running through blocks G, J and I (one), as shown upon the original map of Selma and additions, be abandoned as a public highway on the ground that the same is not used as a public highway, the Board after due consideration thereof do order that said petition be granted, and said road is hereby abandoned.

The Board ordered paid the following claims from the following funds:

INDIGENT FUND.

P M Belmain, wood	$ 38 10
Kutner, Goldstein & Co., supplies	513 77
Mrs. D. A. Cranmer, rent	20 00
Lewis Leach, Co. physician, etc	487 20
W M Melndoo, milk	27 80
Richard Jones, nurse	37 00
Joseph Burns, meat	135 73
B. Sleek, labor	30 00
J B Hill, milk	5 50
Charles Burk, carpentering	29 50

ROAD FUND.

T E Hughes & Son, road work	$ 500 00
George Winter, surveying	10 00
George Hill, road work	18 50
Wm Ockenden, hardware	12 15
Du Armstrong, road work	5 25
P Nelson, road work	6 25
J H Waite, road work	9 62
Valley Lumber Co., lumber	39 40
Barker & Hensley, livery	5 00
D Hall, road work	57 50
T Bratton, road work	5 25
R M Hill, road work	77 50
J A King, road work	279 00
W R Armstrong, road work	30 00
J W Green, road work	12 00
W Martin, road work	62 00
W N Neil, road work	160 65

GENERAL FUND.

Wuo Paul, interpreting	$ 3 00
S C Rojas, interpreting	3 00
Tom Donagan, interpreting	3 00
Lee Chung, interpreting	3 00
J W Conger, jury	75 00
Maggie R Henry, Mem B'd Ed'n	80 00
A A Smith, Mem B'd Ed'n	75 00
Fred Kenyon, Mem B'd Ed'n	75 00
S F Hadsell, Mem B'd Ed'n	85 00
M McWhorter, Deptr Assessor	25 00
J A King, Deputy Assessor	30 00
R G Harrell, Deputy Assessor	60 00
T T Barnes, Deputy Assessor	30 00
W L Hedrick, Deputy Assessor	30 00
A G Anderson, Deputy Assessor	510 00
A H Hensley, Deputy Assessor	805 00
Thos Whitlock, Deputy Assessor	16 75
W J Bennett, burials	33 00
Thomas Yost, stationery	
J E Scroggins, Superintendent of Poor Farm	75 00
H Stuart, janitor	90 00
J W Ferguson, printing	67 80
O T Redfield, overpaid tax	12 02
E E Shephard, Justice of Peace	72 00
Mrs E S Daly, board of jurors	79 00
Jose Arridonda, moving calabooss	20 00
H C Warner, stationery	331 55
James Rasmussen, work on Poor Farm	297 85
M L Lewis, work on Poor Farm	18 40
J M Hensley, board of prisoners	284 00
Richard O'Mear, janitor	8 00
W R Smith, work	29 75
Waldenberg & Co., team hire	10 00
A Carlisle & Co, supplies	38 50
Mrs P E Bailey, meals for jury	12 00
R L Lewis, witness fees	7 50
Kutner, Goldstein & Co., supplies	20 00
I. Einstein & Co., awnings	21 00
A C Williams, cash expenses	19 40
J F Weaver, supplies	11 65
H S Crocker & Co., stationery, etc	42 70
A D Ewing, cash expenses	27 75
A K Hallie, certificates	16 80
L. Einstein & Co., supplies	26 38
Barrett, Hicks & Co., hardware	4 20
Hall & Brown, lumber	214 98
W L Hill, Constable	90 25
Union Ice Company, ice	71 15
C H Dunston, road work	27 00
A Wellheimer, harness, etc	38 50
E W Risley, reporting	70 00
F P Colgan, Sheriff's fees	413 50
S D Morgan, Constable's fees	143 00
Oliver Wolcott, Justice of Peace	18 00
John Charles	

July 12, 1889.

In the matter of the petition of John Bray et al. for road: The petition of John Bray et al. having been filed herein, asking that a route for a public road be viewed and surveyed, commencing at the county road in the Hot Spring canyon on section 24, running thence in a northwesterly direction about nine miles, through a portion of sections 21, 23, 14, 15, 9, 8, 5 and 6, all in township 21 south, range 12 east, Mt. Diablo base and meridian, thence connecting at the summit of Washington canyon with the county road of Priest Valley, Monterey county. And said petition being accompanied by a good and sufficient bond.

Therefore, it is ordered that J. S. Bedford, as surveyor, and J. S. Bedford, S. L. Packwood and S. A. Holmes, as viewers, be, and they are hereby, directed to view and survey said route, and file their report herein on or before September 16, 1889.

In the matter of the petition of William D. Legrange et al. for road; The above named petition being on file herein, asking that a route for a public road be surveyed and viewed, commencing at the section corner part marking corner common sections 7, 8, 17 and 18, in township 17 south, range 18 east, Mt. Diablo base and meridian; thence due west 13 miles to the western boundary of township 17 south, range 16 east. And said petition being accompanied by a good and sufficient bond.

Therefore the Board do order that J. S. Bedford, as surveyor and J. S. Bedford, S. L. Packwood and S. A. Holmes be, and they are hereby, appointed to view and survey said route, and file their report herein on or before September 16, 1889.

In the matter of the petition of E. Kreyenhagen et al for road.

The petition of E. Kreyenhagen et al having been filed herein asking that a route for a public road be viewed and surveyed from the Fresno and Wartham county road at a point on the southeast ¼ of section 32, township 20 south, range 15 east; thence running on township line between townships 20 and 21 south, range 15 east, to the southeast corner of section 36 in township 20 south, range 15 east; thence running north on section line between sections 36 and 31, until it strikes the S. P. R. R. somewhere in section 31, township 20 south, range 16 east; thence following along the railroad across sections 20, 31, 26, 23, 22 and 23, township 20 south, range 16 east, and continuing along the railroad to Huron, being 15 miles more or less.

And said petition being accompanied by a good and sufficient bond is required by law.

Therefore it is ordered that J. S. Bedford, as Surveyor, and J. S. Bedford, S. G. Puckwood and T. A. Holmes be and they are hereby appointed to view and survey said route and file their report herein on or before September 16, 1889.

The Board allowed the following claims from:

GENERAL FUND.

J. S. Bedford, surveying	56 00
Annie M. Nicholson, member Board of Education	15 75
A. A. Smith, member Board of Education	15 00
S. F. Hadsell, member Board of Education	10 00
M. R. Henry, member Board of Education	10 00
T. S. Price, Department Auditor	75 00
Frank Camassa, interpreting	3 00
W. D. Tupper, cash expenses	9 50
Union Ice Company, ice	64 71
S H Cole, deeds	12 00
M K Harris, cash expenses	5 00
John Lukini, meals for prisoners	1 75
T A Bell, cash expenses	1 28
John Johnston, supplies	13 75
Valley Dumber Co., lumber	10 75
F H Chaplin, hack hire	2 50
Fresno Telephone Company, telephone rental	20
Fresno Telephone company, telephone rental	8 40
E E Eddy, paper	8 65
Fresno Inquirer, printing	2 50
McClure & Rowen, board of jury	6 00
J E Scoggins, cow	75 00
Louis Peterson, hauling dirt	22 75
J T Surbaugh, medical expenses	20 00
George Winter, surveying	13 50
I Tillman, surveying	14 00
J M Hensley, cash expenses	33 90
T J Kirk, jury	3 00
Nalley Lumber Co., lumber	16 69
W A Sallenger, mattresses	96 00

July 15, 1889.

In the matter of the appointment of a Fire Commission for the town of Selma: A petition having been presented to this Board asking that a Board of Fire Commissioners be appointed for the town of Selma, and the Board having duly considered the same, do now, upon motion made and carried by the following vote: Supervisors Letcher, White and Dunagan yea, and Supervisor Walter no, order that J. E. Whitson, E. H. Tucker and D. S. Snodgrass be and they are hereby appointed as a Board of Fire Commissioners of the town of Selma.

In the matter of the appointment of a Roadmaster of District No. 10: It is ordered that J. A. Beall be and he is hereby appointed Roadmaster of District No. 10, upon his entering in a bond in the sum of $1000 and taking the oath of office.

In the matter of the appointment of a Superintendent of Poor Farm: J. E. Scroggins, Superin-endent of Poor Farm, having resigned his position the Board do now order that W. P. Nelson be and he is hereby appointed as such Superintendent.

The Board allowed the following claims from the general fund:

P F Peck, Constable	140 20
James G Johnston, Constable	670 45
J H Bedford, flaging	7 50
J M Fleming, chaining	7 50
B B Bronough, chaining	7 50

July 16.

The Board allowed the following claims:

Harry F Winnes, carpentering	$ 34 50
B A Hawkins, member Board of Education	75 00
H St G Hopkins, exam'g insane	5 00
J T Walton, Justice of Peace	45 00
S L Hogue, Justice of Peace	182 00

July 17, 1889.

In re-petition of W E Moalar, et al. The viewers having filed their report herein, and it appearing therefrom that there are non-consenting land-owners on the line thereof; therefore it is ordered that the final hearing of said report be and the same is hereby fixed for September, 1889, and the clerk hereof is directed to issue notice, and the Sheriff is directed to serve the same on the non-consenting land-owners.

In the matter of the petition of John W. Rhoades et al. for road: The viewers and surveyors having filed their report herein the Board now proceed to examine the same, and order that the report be approved, and deeds for the right of way being on file herein, and it appearing that said road has been traveled for over five years last past; therefore the Board do order that said road be and the same is established as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the east corner common to sections 27 and 34, thence west on section line to the north quarter section, corner of section 33; thence north on half section line dividing sections 28, 24 and 16, to Kings river. Being 30 feet wide on each side of the section and half section lines, and all being in township 18 south, range 20 east, Mt. Diablo base and meridian. And the road master of road district No. 9 take charge of and open up the same to the public.

The Board rejected the following claims:

O J Meade, services	$1265 00
Kingsburg Herald, printing	10 00
Al Jones, expart testimony	6 00
Victor H Woods, surveying	116 85
H E Williams, surveying	100 00
D R Prince, Recorder's fees	24 00
J C Shepard, deeds	20 50
O T Redfield, taking deposition	3 50
C W Gearhart, reporting	13 00
Paul Borchardt, interpreting	3 00
D Garland, road work	3 50

July 18, 1889.

In the matter of the sale of lots in the town of Madera. This being the time fixed for the sale of lots 13 and 14 in block bounded north by Seventh street, east by F street, and south by Falkner & Belt's land, town of Madera, Fresno county, Cal., being same lots deeded by the Madera Flume and Trading Company to County of Fresno, by deed dated 1st March, 1883, and recorded in Book 30 of deeds, pages 364 et seq. And it appearing from the affidavit of L. L. Palmer, principal clerk of the Daily Evening Expositor, that the notice of the sale of real estate was published in said paper for more than thirty days before this day, therefore the Board do find and declare that said notice was published for the time required by law. And do now proceed to sell said lots, and Thos. E. Hughes being the highest and best bidder therefor, said lots were struck off to said Hughes for the sum of $800.

And it further appearing that said sale was legally made and thoroughly conducted, therefore the Board do order that the same be confirmed, and the Chairman and Clerk of this Board are directed to execute a deed, in the name of Fresno county, to said Thomas E. Hughes, and the Auditor is directed to place the paid sum of $800 in the general fund.

In the matter of transferring funds to the general fund: It is ordered that the Auditor and Treasurer transfer the sum of $900 from swamp land fund and $2000 from bridge fund to the general fund.

In the matter of the petition for the appointment of Horticultural Commissioners: The Board of Harticultural Commissioners heretofore appointed by this Board hauling failed to qualify, and now a petitioned having been presented herein asking that Gustav Eisen, J. W. Ferguson and Richard Wheeler be appointed a Board of Horticultural and Viticultural Commissioners. The Board do order that said Gustav Eisen, J. W. Ferguson and Richard Wheeler be and they are hereby appointed a Board of Horticultural and Viticultural Commissioners.

In the matter of the application of the Fresno Board of Trade for an appropriation of $1000: The Board of Trade of the City of Fresno having made application herein for an appropriation of $1000 for the year 1889, as provided by law, and it appearing to this Board that there are not funds sufficient to pay said amount, the Board do order that the County Auditor draw his warrant on the general fund for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250), payable to the Fresno Board of Trade.

July 19, 1889.

In the matter of the construction of an engine house on the Courthouse grounds: Whereas, this Board having purchased a boiler, pump, etc., for pumping water for the Courthouse grounds, and it appearing that no provision has been made for the erection of a boiler-house, etc., and plans having been submitted by J. M. Saffell, the Board do order that said plans be adopted, and that T. C. White be and he is hereby appointed a committee to superintend to construction of said boiler-house, and to also contract for all materials to be used in the construction thereof.

In the matter of making payment for boiler, pump, etc., ordered for the Courthouse grounds: It appearing that the boiler ordered for the Courthouse grounds has arrived, the pump and attachments are still due and will arrive before the next meeting of this board and that payment will be due thereon, therefore the board do order that the county auditor draw his warrant for the sum of $— on Road district No. 19 fund in favor of the Joshua Hendy Machine Works on the certificate of T. C. White that all said machinery has arrived being presented herein.

In the matter of the establishing the official paper for Fresno county: It is ordered that the Fresno Expositor (daily and weekly), be and the same is hereby declared to be the official paper of Fresno county.

In the matter of fixing the rates of county printing: This matter coming up for consideration, it is ordered that the following be, and the same is hereby fixed, as the maximum price for county printing:

Minutes of Board of Supervisors per column	3 00
County advertising (except delinquent list) first insertion	80
Subsequent insertions in full	40
Double-sheet blanks, with endorsement, per 1000	40 00
Double-sheet blanks, with endorsement, per 500	25 00
Full-sheet blanks, with endorsement per 1000	18 00
Half-sheet blank, with endorsement, per 1000	9 00
Half-sheet blanks, without endorsement, per 1000	7 00
Quarter-sheet blanks, with endorsement, per 1000	5 00
Road and state poll tax receipts, bound in books of 100 each, per 1000	5 00
Great register, per name, 650 copies	10
Record books, printed head line, first xuality paper, per quire	1 70
Record books, without printed head line, first quality paper, per quire	1 50
Canvas covers	1 50
Delinquent tax list, name of owner in pica, balance in nonpareil, set solid, full width of column, per square	1 25
Letter heads, per 100	5 00
Envelopes, official, as ordered, per 1000	5 00
Envelopes, letter, as ordered, per 1000	3 00
Postals cards, printed, per 100	2 00
For each additional 100	1 20
A square of advertising shall be ems nonpareil	245

July 20, 1889.

In the matter of opening bids for maintaining and keeping in repair the Toll House road:

This being the time fixed for opening the bids for maintaining and keeping in repair the Toll House road from Collins' old store to Donahoo's old mill, the board now proceed to open the bids and find as follows:

Bid of Henry Slaven for $2443.
Bid of E. W. Reynour $4875.
Bid of P. O. S. MaMahon for $4994.

Bids of T. Bratton, J. A. Bell and Wm. Hawkins not being accompanied by the deposit required are not considered.

It appearing that the bid of Henry Slaven is in all respects the most favorable.

Therefore the board do now order that the contract for maintaining and keeping in repair said road be and they is hereby awarded to Henry slaven upon his entering into a contract for performing said work, and also a bond with good and sufficient securities in the sum of $2000 conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract.

In the matter of opening the bids for suplying the county with stationery.

This being the time fixed for opening the bids on file herein for supplying the county and its officers with stationery, the Board proceed to open the bids of H. C. Warner, Thomas Yost and South & Fenton, and having duly considered said bids, do now order that Thomas Yost be and he is hereby awarded the contract for supplying the county and its officers with the following stationery, at the following prices, for the ensuing year:

PAPER.

Legal Cap Niantic, 16 lb ½ ream	$1 60
Manilla pads (legal) per doz	1 00
" " (letter) per doz	1 00
Carbon paper, per hundred	2 25

INKS.

Arnold's genuine qts, per doz	5 00
Sanford's do do	6 00
Carmine ink (Hudsoh) 4 oz bottles glass stoppers, per doz	3 00
Carmine ink, qts, per doz	8 50

MUCILAGE.

Carter's, quarts, per dozen	8 50
Carter's, pints, per dozen	4 75
Morgan's mucilage pots, per dozen	4 00

PENS.

Railroad, per gross	0 35
Gillott, No. 40, per gross	45
Gillott, No. 107, per gross	65
Glucinum, per gross	1 25
Spencerian, per gross	60
Falcon, 048, per gross	50
Falcon, lady's, 148, per gross	50

PENCILS.

Dixon, graphite, per dozen	0 35
Faber's, per dozen	50
Red and blue, per dozen	50
Crown, No. 2, per gross	1 25

PENHOLDERS.

Large nickel tip, per gross	2 50
Rubber, No. 1, $1 00 per doz.; No. 2, $1 10 per dozen, and No. 3, per dozen	1 20

RUBBER BANDS.

No. 10, per gross	$0 08½
No. 12, per gross	11
No. 14, per gross	12½
No. 28, per gross	30
No. 31, per gross	40
No. 0½, per gross	50
No. 0½, per gross	1 00
No. 00½, per gross	65
No. 00½, per gross	1 15

All other bands 50 per cent off from manufacturer's list.

BLOTTING PAPER.

10x24, treasury, 140 pounds to ream, per dozen	90
12x16, treasury, 140 pounds to ream, per gross	1 75

EYELETS.

"B," per box, 85, per dozen.

TAPES.

Red tape, spools 72 yards, per dozen	2 75

FASTENERS.

McGill's, round heads, per M	2 75
Staple fasteners, per M	1 75

The balance of this bid is rejected and H. C. Warner is hereby awarded the contract to furnish the county and its officers with the following sapplies at the following prices:

Caligraph paper, per one-half ream	1 10
Carter's ink, quarts, per dozen	5 50

INKSTANDS.

Safety, No, 1, 1, 33½c, and Nos 2 and 3, 50c.

STEEL ERASERS.

Roger, $9 per dozen.

Paper and ink erasers, rubber, small size, 50c per dozen; large size, $1.25 per dozen.

The balance of the bid of H. C. Warner is rejected.

It is ordered that the Board adjourn until Monday, September 16, 1889.

D. C. DUNAGAN,
Chairman.

Attest:
A. C. WILLIAMS, Clerk.
By W. C. GUARD, Deputy.

SNAKE BITES.

H. M. Burnett Claims to Have Found a Sure Cure for Them.

H. M. Burnett has the following in the San Francisco Examiner regarding snake bites and their cure:

"Having had some experience with snake bites, both in California and Indiana, I know positively that the bite can be cured if antidotes are taken in a reasonable time or before the convulsions take place.

"I know a hunter and trapper who lives on Mad river, Humboldt county, Cal., commonly known as "Grizzly Jim," who has at two different times been struck by the so-called deadly rattler. In both instances he used gum of ammonia, spitting upon the bite and rubbing the ammonia into the wound. I have with this remedy twice cured dogs that have been bitten. In the case of "Grizzly Jim" he will become spotted every year at about the time the snake sheds its skin. Otherwise he feels no effect from having been bitten.

"I have tried another remedy on dogs and horses, and have heard of its use in Iowa in the case of a little boy 8 years of age. In my opinion it is the much better of the two, as it works instantly and mechanically, while it leaves no after effects. The remedy is Venice turpentine applied to the bite. All that is required is a few drops. Its action when applied to a mastiff which was bitten on the lip is as follows: The dog had been bitten probably twenty times when I applied the turpentine. In ten minutes it formed a bunch resembling a hen's egg, in ten minutes more the swelling turned to a bright yellow and in less than thirty minutes from the time of applying the turpentine the swelling burst and about a teacupful of yellowish matter ran from the wound. Two hours afterward no one could have told that the dog had been bitten. I afterwards used the same remedy on the same dog and obtained the same results.

"In giving the above I do so from personal experience and am fully confident that it will work satisfactorily every time."

THE BIG RACE OFF.

Secretary Baldwin Returns Empty-Handed From the East.

F. B. Baldwin, who was commissioned by the Fresno Fair Grounds Association to visit the East and obtain entries for the $20,000 race next November, returned yesterday. He was interviewed at his residence by a REPUBLICAN reporter, and he announced that he had not succeeded in getting any first-class entries for the $20,000 race, and that the race would therefore have to be declared off.

He said that he was offered any quantities of second-class horses, but he would not accept them, as the association wanted only first-class horses and first-class races, and did not propose to jeopardize their good name by lending countenance to any fake races.

The reason why the entries were not filled is that there is a great boom in first-class racing in the East. The purses there are very large and the races are short dashes of from half a mile to a mile and a half.

In New York City there are nine first-class race tracks, which are kept going most of the time. Monmouth Park is about fifty miles from New York City and ten train loads of cars go there every day. Five years